UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

	Washington, D.C. 20549
_	FORM 10-Q
(Mark One)	
x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUAN	NT TO SECTION 13 or 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT of 1934
For the Quarterly Period Ended September 3	0, 2018
	OR
o TRANSITION REPORT PURSUAN	NT TO SECTION 13 or 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT of 1934
For the Transition Period From To	
	Commission file number 001-34626
PIEDM	IONT OFFICE REALTY TRUST, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Maryland 58-2328421
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) (I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

5565 Glenridge Connector Ste. 450 Atlanta, Georgia 30342 (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

(770) 418-8800 (Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

N/A

(Former name, former address, and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large Accelerated filer x

Accelerated filer o

Non-Accelerated filer o (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Smaller reporting company o

on-Accelerated their o (Do not check it a smaller reporting company)

Emerging growth company o

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No x

Number of shares outstanding of the Registrant's common stock, as of October 29, 2018: 128,371,442 shares

FORM 10-Q

PIEDMONT OFFICE REALTY TRUST, INC.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

			rage No.
PART I.	Financial S	Statements	
	Item 1.	Consolidated Financial Statements	<u>5</u>
		Consolidated Balance Sheets—September 30, 2018 (unaudited) and December 31, 2017	<u>6</u>
		Consolidated Statements of Income for the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018 (unaudited) and 2017 (unaudited)	<u>7</u>
		Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018 (unaudited) and 2017 (unaudited)	<u>8</u>
		Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity for the Year Ended December 31, 2017 and for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018 (unaudited)	<u>9</u>
		Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018 (unaudited) and 2017 (unaudited)	<u>10</u>
		Condensed Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)	<u>11</u>
	Item 2.	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	<u>37</u>
	Item 3.	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	<u>52</u>
	Item 4.	Controls and Procedures	<u>53</u>
PART II.	Other Info	rmation	
	Item 1.	<u>Legal Proceedings</u>	<u>54</u>
	Item 1A.	Risk Factors	<u>54</u>
	Item 2.	Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds	<u>54</u>
	Item 3.	Defaults Upon Senior Securities	<u>54</u>
	Item 4.	Mine Safety Disclosures	<u>54</u>
	Item 5.	Other Information	<u>55</u>
	Item 6.	<u>Exhibits</u>	<u>55</u>

CAUTIONARY NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain statements contained in this Form 10-Q may constitute forward-looking statements within the meaning of the federal securities laws. In addition, Piedmont Office Realty Trust, Inc. ("Piedmont," "we," "our," or "us"), or its executive officers on Piedmont's behalf, may from time to time make forward-looking statements in reports and other documents Piedmont files with the Securities and Exchange Commission or in connection with other written or oral statements made to the press, potential investors, or others. Statements regarding future events and developments and Piedmont's future performance, as well as management's expectations, beliefs, plans, estimates, or projections relating to the future, are forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements include statements preceded by, followed by, or that include the words "may," "will," "expect," "intend," "anticipate," "estimate," "believe," "continue," or other similar words. Examples of such statements in this report include descriptions of our real estate, financing, and operating objectives; discussions regarding future dividends and share repurchases; and discussions regarding the potential impact of economic conditions on our real estate and lease portfolio.

These statements are based on beliefs and assumptions of Piedmont's management, which in turn are based on information available at the time the statements are made. Important assumptions relating to the forward-looking statements include, among others, assumptions regarding the demand for office space in the markets in which Piedmont operates, competitive conditions, and general economic conditions. These assumptions could prove inaccurate. The forward-looking statements also involve risks and uncertainties, which could cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statement. Many of these factors are beyond Piedmont's ability to control or predict. Such factors include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Economic, regulatory, and/or socio-economic changes (including accounting standards) that impact the real estate market generally, or that could affect patterns of use of commercial office space;
- · The impact of competition on our efforts to renew existing leases or re-let space on terms similar to existing leases;
- Changes in the economies and other conditions affecting the office sector in general and specifically the eight markets in which we primarily operate where we have high concentrations of our Annualized Lease Revenue (see definition below);
- Lease terminations, lease defaults, or changes in the financial condition of our tenants, particularly by one of our large lead tenants;
- The effect on us of adverse market and economic conditions, including any resulting impairment charges on both our long-lived assets or goodwill;
- The success of our real estate strategies and investment objectives, including our ability to identify and consummate suitable acquisitions and divestitures;
- The illiquidity of real estate investments, including the resulting impediment on our ability to quickly respond to adverse changes in the performance of our properties;
- The risks and uncertainties associated with our acquisition of properties, many of which risks and uncertainties may not be known at the time of acquisition;
- Development and construction delays and resultant increased costs and risks:
- Our real estate development strategies may not be successful;
- Future acts of terrorism in any of the major metropolitan areas in which we own properties, or future cybersecurity attacks against us or any of our tenants:
- Costs of complying with governmental laws and regulations;
- Additional risks and costs associated with directly managing properties occupied by government tenants;
- Significant price and volume fluctuations in the public markets, including on the exchange which we listed our common stock;
- The effect of future offerings of debt or equity securities or changes in market interest rates on the value of our common stock;
- Uncertainties associated with environmental and other regulatory matters;
- Potential changes in political environment and reduction in federal and/or state funding of our governmental tenants;
- The effect of any litigation to which we are, or may become, subject;
- Changes in tax laws impacting real estate investment trusts ("REITs") and real estate in general, as well as our ability to continue to qualify as a REIT under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the "Code") or otherwise adversely affect our stockholders;
- The future effectiveness of our internal controls and procedures; and
- Other factors, including the risk factors discussed under Item 1A. of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017.

Management believes these forward-looking statements are reasonable; however, undue reliance should not be placed on any forward-looking statements, which are based on current expectations. Further, forward-looking statements speak only as of the

date they are made, and management undertakes no obligation to update publicly any of them in light of new information or future events.

Information Regarding Disclosures Presented

Annualized Lease Revenue ("ALR"), a non-U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") measure, is calculated by multiplying (i) rental payments (defined as base rent plus operating expense reimbursements, if payable by the tenant on a monthly basis under the terms of a lease that has been executed, but excluding (a) rental abatements and (b) rental payments related to executed but not commenced leases for space that was covered by an existing lease), by (ii) 12. In instances in which contractual rents or operating expense reimbursements are collected on an annual, semi-annual, or quarterly basis, such amounts are multiplied by a factor of 1, 2, or 4, respectively, to calculate the annualized figure. For leases that have been executed but not commenced relating to un-leased space, ALR is calculated by multiplying (i) the monthly base rental payment (excluding abatements) plus any operating expense reimbursements for the initial month of the lease term, by (ii) 12. Unless stated otherwise, this measure excludes revenues associated with re-development properties, if any. ALR should not be viewed as an alternative to rental revenues or net income calculated in accordance with GAAP or as a measurement of our operating performance. Piedmont believes that ALR is helpful to investors in assessing the relative magnitude of specific tenants, properties, or other components of our portfolio in relation to each other and to the portfolio as a whole.

PART I. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

ITEM 1. CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The information presented in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets and related consolidated statements of income, comprehensive income, stockholders' equity, and cash flows reflects all adjustments that are, in management's opinion, necessary for a fair and consistent presentation of financial position, results of operations, and cash flows in accordance with GAAP.

The accompanying financial statements should be read in conjunction with the notes to Piedmont's financial statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations included in this report on Form 10-Q and with Piedmont's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017. Piedmont's results of operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 are not necessarily indicative of the operating results expected for the full year.

PIEDMONT OFFICE REALTY TRUST, INC. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (in thousands, except for share and per share amounts)

	:	(Unaudited) September 30, 2018		December 31, 2017
Assets:				
Real estate assets, at cost:				
Land	\$	523,994	\$	521,186
Buildings and improvements, less accumulated depreciation of \$797,222 and \$728,134 as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively		2,309,803		2,325,282
Intangible lease assets, less accumulated amortization of \$84,268 and \$99,145 as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively		65,527		77,805
Construction in progress		22,753		11,681
Real estate assets held for sale, net		113,918		448,788
Total real estate assets	-	3,035,995		3,384,742
Amounts due from unconsolidated joint ventures		_		10
Cash and cash equivalents		6,807		7,382
Tenant receivables, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$599 and \$539 as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively		10,522		12,139
Straight-line rent receivables		168,745		154,384
Note receivable		3,200		
Restricted cash and escrows		1,374		1,373
Prepaid expenses and other assets		31,470		21,222
Goodwill		98,918		98,918
Interest rate swaps		4,069		688
Deferred lease costs, less accumulated amortization of \$177,412 and \$181,579 as of September 30, 2018 and		1,000		000
December 31, 2017, respectively		250,038		257,916
Other assets held for sale, net		12,752		61,193
Total assets	\$	3,623,890	\$	3,999,967
Liabilities:				
Unsecured debt, net of discount and unamortized debt issuance costs of \$10,382 and \$7,689 as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively	\$	1,524,618	\$	1,535,311
Secured debt, net of premiums and unamortized debt issuance costs of \$720 and \$946 as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively		190,753		191,616
Accounts payable, accrued expenses, dividends payable, and accrued capital expenditures		109,087		216,653
Deferred income		27,450		29,582
Intangible lease liabilities, less accumulated amortization of \$56,876 and \$55,847 as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively		37,986		38,458
Interest rate swaps		<u> </u>		1,478
Other liabilities held for sale, net		_		380
Total liabilities		1,889,894		2,013,478
Commitments and Contingencies		_		_
Stockholders' Equity:				
Shares-in-trust, 150,000,000 shares authorized; none outstanding as of September 30, 2018 or December 31, 2017		_		_
Preferred stock, no par value, 100,000,000 shares authorized; none outstanding as of September 30, 2018 or December 31, 2017		_		
Common stock, \$.01 par value, 750,000,000 shares authorized; 128,371,442 and 142,358,940 shares issued and outstanding as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively		1,284		1,424
Additional paid-in capital		3,682,209		3,677,360
Cumulative distributions in excess of earnings		(1,964,135)		(1,702,281)
Other comprehensive income		12,851		8,164
Piedmont stockholders' equity		1,732,209	_	1,984,667
Noncontrolling interest	_			
Total stockholders' equity		1,787		1,822
	đ	1,733,996	¢	1,986,489
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	3,623,890	\$	3,999,967

PIEDMONT OFFICE REALTY TRUST, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (in thousands, except for share and per share amounts)

	(Unai	d)		(Unaudited)				
	Three Months Ended				Nine Months Ended			
	 Septen	nber :	30,		Septen	nber	ıber 30,	
	 2018		2017		2018		2017	
Revenues:								
Rental income	\$ 101,348	\$	108,868	\$	304,280	\$	345,399	
Tenant reimbursements	23,170		24,253		68,211		73,375	
Property management fee revenue	368		454		1,059		1,379	
Other property related income	 4,822		4,012		15,232		14,576	
	129,708		137,587		388,782		434,729	
Expenses:								
Property operating costs	49,679		54,518		154,175		166,635	
Depreciation	26,852		30,000		81,112		90,827	
Amortization	14,840		18,123		46,818		57,852	
General and administrative	6,677		6,190		21,487		21,868	
	98,048		108,831		303,592		337,182	
Real estate operating income	31,660		28,756		85,190		97,547	
Other income (expense):								
Interest expense	(15,849)		(16,183)		(45,294)		(52,661)	
Other income	303		290		1,480		228	
Equity in income of unconsolidated joint ventures			3,754				3,872	
Loss on extinguishment of debt	_		_		(1,680)		_	
Gain on sale of real estate assets			109,512		45,186		115,951	
Net income	 16,114		126,129		84,882		164,937	
Plus: Net loss applicable to noncontrolling interest	_		4		4		10	
Net income applicable to Piedmont	\$ 16,114	\$	126,133	\$	84,886	\$	164,947	
Per share information – basic and diluted:								
Net income applicable to common stockholders	\$ 0.13	\$	0.87	\$	0.65	\$	1.13	
Weighted-average common shares outstanding – basic	128,371,062		145,415,678		130,837,223		145,372,182	
Weighted-average common shares outstanding – diluted	128,818,658		145,719,431		131,187,127		145,679,582	

PIEDMONT OFFICE REALTY TRUST, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(in thousands)

(Unaudited)
Three Months Ended

(Unaudited)

Nine Months Ended

_		Septem	ıber 30,		September 30,				
_	20)18	20	2017		2018		17	
Net income applicable to Piedmont		\$ 16,114		\$126,133		\$ 84,886		\$ 164,947	
Other comprehensive income:									
Effective portion of gain on derivative instruments that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges (See Note 6)	1,145		175		4,408		307		
Plus: Reclassification of net (gain)/loss included in net income (See Note 6)	(434)		653		373		2,936		
Gain on investment in available for sale securities	_		25		_		53		
Other comprehensive income		711		853		4,781		3,296	
Comprehensive income applicable to Piedmont		\$ 16,825		\$126,986		\$ 89,667		\$ 168,243	

PIEDMONT OFFICE REALTY TRUST, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018 (UNAUDITED)

(in thousands, except per share amounts)

	Common Stock		Additional	Cumulative Distributions	Other	Non-	Total	
	Shares	Amo	ount	Paid-In Capital	in Excess of Earnings	Comprehensive Income/(Loss)	controlling Interest	Stockholders' Equity
Balance, December 31, 2016	145,235	\$ 1,	,452	\$3,673,128	\$ (1,580,863)	\$ 2,104	\$ 1,882	\$ 2,097,703
Share repurchases as part of an announced plan	(3,133)		(31)	_	(61,719)	_	_	(61,750)
Offering costs	_		_	(182)	_	_	_	(182)
Dividends to common stockholders (\$1.34 per share), stockholders of subsidiaries, and dividends reinvested	_		_	(233)	(193,263)	_	(45)	(193,541)
Shares issued and amortized under the 2007 Omnibus Incentive Plan, net of tax	257		3	4,647	_	_	_	4,650
Net loss applicable to noncontrolling interest	_		_	_	_	_	(15)	(15)
Net income applicable to Piedmont	_		_	_	133,564	_	_	133,564
Other comprehensive income	_		_	_	_	6,060	_	6,060
Balance, December 31, 2017	142,359	1,	,424	3,677,360	(1,702,281)	8,164	1,822	1,986,489
Cumulative effect of accounting change (adoption of ASU 2016-01)	_		_	_	94	(94)	_	_
Share repurchases as part of an announced plan	(14,343)	((143)	_	(264,642)	_	_	(264,785)
Dividends to common stockholders (\$0.63 per share), stockholders of subsidiaries, and dividends reinvested	_		_	(56)	(82,192)	_	(31)	(82,279)
Shares issued and amortized under the 2007 Omnibus Incentive Plan, net of tax	355		3	4,905	_	_	_	4,908
Net loss applicable to noncontrolling interest	_		_	_	_	_	(4)	(4)
Net income applicable to Piedmont	_		_	_	84,886	_	_	84,886
Other comprehensive income			_			4,781		4,781
Balance, September 30, 2018	128,371	\$ 1,	,284	\$ 3,682,209	\$ (1,964,135)	\$ 12,851	\$ 1,787	\$ 1,733,996

PIEDMONT OFFICE REALTY TRUST, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (in thousands)

(Unaudited) Nine Months Ended

	Septemb	ber 30,	
	2018	2017	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:			
Net income	\$ 84,882	\$ 164,937	
Operating distributions received from unconsolidated joint ventures	10	_	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation	81,112	90,827	
Amortization of debt issuance costs net of favorable settlement of interest rate swaps	(215)	1,214	
Other amortization	42,882	57,146	
Loss on extinguishment of debt	1,665	_	
Stock compensation expense	6,671	6,657	
Equity in income of unconsolidated joint ventures	_	(3,872)	
Gain on sale of real estate assets	(45,186)	(115,951)	
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Increase in tenant and straight-line rent receivables, net	(12,361)	(15,040)	
Increase in prepaid expenses and other assets	(8,496)	(5,188)	
Decrease in accounts payable and accrued expenses	(10,377)	(5,863)	
(Decrease)/increase in deferred income	(2,265)	1,513	
Net cash provided by operating activities	138,322	176,380	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:			
Acquisition of real estate assets and related intangibles	(28,176)	_	
Capitalized expenditures	(44,998)	(65,407)	
Net sales proceeds from wholly-owned properties	419,554	375,199	
Net sales proceeds from unconsolidated joint ventures	-	12,334	
Investments in unconsolidated joint ventures	_	(1,162)	
Note receivable issuance	(3,200)	_	
Deferred lease costs paid	(15,831)	(19,419)	
Net cash provided by investing activities	327,349	301,545	
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:			
Debt issuance and other costs paid	(947)	(101)	
Proceeds from debt	820,061	147,000	
Repayments of debt	(833,005)	(466,046)	
Costs of issuance of common stock	_	(97)	
Value of shares withheld for payment of taxes related to employee stock compensation	(2,219)	(3,385)	
Repurchases of common stock as part of announced plan	(266,062)	(3,895)	
Dividends paid and discount on dividend reinvestments	(184,073)	(122,237)	
Net cash used in financing activities	(466,245)	(448,761)	
Net (decrease)/increase in cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash and escrows	(574)	29,164	
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash and escrows, beginning of period	8,755	8,204	
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash and escrows, end of period	\$ 8,181	37,368	

PIEDMONT OFFICE REALTY TRUST, INC. CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2018 (unaudited)

1. **Organization**

Piedmont Office Realty Trust, Inc. ("Piedmont") (NYSE: PDM) is a Maryland corporation that operates in a manner so as to qualify as a real estate investment trust ("REIT") for federal income tax purposes and engages in the acquisition, development, management, and ownership of commercial real estate properties located primarily in the Eastern-half of the United States, including properties that are under construction, are newly constructed, or have operating histories. Piedmont was incorporated in 1997 and commenced operations in 1998. Piedmont conducts business primarily through Piedmont Operating Partnership, L.P. ("Piedmont OP"), a Delaware limited partnership, as well as performing the management of its buildings through two whollyowned subsidiaries, Piedmont Government Services, LLC and Piedmont Office Management, LLC. Piedmont owns 99.9% of, and is the sole general partner of, Piedmont OP and as such, possesses full legal control and authority over the operations of Piedmont OP. The remaining 0.1% ownership interest of Piedmont OP is held indirectly by Piedmont through its wholly-owned subsidiary, Piedmont Office Holdings, Inc. ("POH"), the sole limited partner of Piedmont OP. Piedmont OP owns properties directly, through wholly-owned subsidiaries, and through various joint ventures which we control. References to Piedmont herein shall include Piedmont and all of its subsidiaries, including Piedmont OP and its subsidiaries and joint ventures.

As of September 30, 2018, Piedmont owned 53 in-service office properties and one redevelopment asset, comprising approximately 487,000 square feet. As of September 30, 2018, Piedmont's 53 in-service office properties comprise approximately 16.2 million square feet of primarily Class A commercial office space and were approximately 93.2% leased. As of September 30, 2018, approximately 90% of Piedmont's Annualized Lease Revenue (unaudited) was generated from select sub-markets located primarily within eight major office markets located in the Eastern-half of the United States: Atlanta, Boston, Chicago, Dallas, Minneapolis, New York, Orlando, and Washington, D.C.

Piedmont internally evaluates all of its real estate assets as one operating segment, and accordingly does not report segment information.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation and Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements of Piedmont have been prepared in accordance with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), including the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X, and do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, the statements for the unaudited interim periods presented include all adjustments, which are of a normal and recurring nature, necessary for a fair presentation of the results for such periods. Results for these interim periods are not necessarily indicative of a full year's results.

Piedmont's consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Piedmont, Piedmont's wholly-owned subsidiaries, any variable interest entity ("VIE") for which Piedmont or any of its wholly-owned subsidiaries is considered to have the power to direct the activities of the entity and the obligation to absorb losses/right to receive benefits, or any entity in which Piedmont or any of its wholly-owned subsidiaries owns a controlling interest. In determining whether Piedmont or Piedmont OP has a controlling interest, the following factors, among others, are considered: equity ownership, voting rights, protective rights of investors, and participatory rights of investors. For further information, refer to the financial statements and footnotes included in Piedmont's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017.

All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated upon consolidation.

Further, Piedmont has formed special purpose entities to acquire and hold real estate. Each special purpose entity is a separate legal entity. Consequently, the assets of these special purpose entities are not available to all creditors of Piedmont. The assets owned by these special purpose entities are being reported on a consolidated basis with Piedmont's assets for financial reporting purposes only.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the accompanying consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the accompanying consolidated financial statements and notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Income Taxes

Piedmont has elected to be taxed as a REIT under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and has operated as such, beginning with its taxable year ended December 31, 1998. To qualify as a REIT, Piedmont must meet certain organizational and operational requirements, including a requirement to distribute at least 90% of its annual REIT taxable income. As a REIT, Piedmont is generally not subject to federal income taxes, subject to fulfilling, among other things, its taxable income distribution requirement. Piedmont is subject to certain taxes related to the operations of properties in certain locations, as well as operations conducted by its taxable REIT subsidiary, POH, which have been provided for in the financial statements.

Tax Cuts and Jobs Act

The Tax Cuts and Jobs Act ("H.R. 1"), which generally took effect for taxable years that began on or after January 1, 2018 (subject to certain exceptions), made many significant changes to the U.S. federal income tax laws that will profoundly impact the taxation of individuals and corporations (including both regular C corporations and corporations that have elected to be taxed as REITs). For example, H.R. 1 limits the ability of corporations to utilize net operating loss carryforwards and limits the deductibility of business interest for all taxpayers, subject to an exception for taxpayers that are engaged in certain specified real property trades or business who make an irrevocable election not to apply the limitation to a particular real property trade or business and to depreciate their real property investments held in such trade or business using the less favorable alternative depreciation system. To date, the IRS has issued limited guidance with respect to certain of the provisions of H.R. 1, and there are numerous interpretive issues that will require guidance. In addition, changes made by H.R. 1 may require Piedmont to accrue certain income for U.S. federal income tax purposes no later than when such income is taken into account as revenue on its GAAP-based financial statements, unless the income is already subject to certain special methods of accounting under the Code. This could cause Piedmont to recognize taxable income prior to the receipt of the associated cash and accordingly, increase its distribution levels in order to maintain its status as a REIT. H.R. 1 also includes limitations on the deductibility of certain compensation paid to Piedmont's executives, certain interest payments, and certain net operating loss carryforwards, each of which could potentially increase Piedmont's taxable income and its required distributions. Piedmont recorded an approximate \$0.2 million reduction to its tax liability related to its taxable REIT subsidiary as a result of the rate reduction included in H.R. 1 wi

Reclassifications

Certain prior period amounts presented in the accompanying consolidated statements of income have been reclassified to conform to the current period financial statement presentation. These amounts included: (i) the reclassification of approximately \$4.0 million and \$14.6 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, respectively, of parking, antennae license and fiber income that was previously included in rental income into other property related income, as well as certain other miscellaneous revenue into tenant reimbursements and/or property management fee revenue in conjunction with the adoption of the Revenue Recognition Amendments, as further defined and described below; and (ii) the reclassification of \$0.4 million and \$1.4 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, respectively, of expense related to certain regional employees who are primarily engaged in the operation and management of properties that was previously included in general and administrative expense to property operating costs.

Accounting Pronouncements Adopted during the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018

Revenue Recognition

On January 1, 2018, Piedmont adopted Accounting Standards Update No. 2014-09, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)* ("ASU 2014-09") and Accounting Standards Update No. 2016-08, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606) Principal versus Agent Considerations (Reporting Revenue Gross versus Net*) ("ASU 2016-08") issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (the "FASB"). The amendments in ASU 2014-09, which are further clarified in ASU 2016-08, as well as Accounting Standards Update 2016-10, Accounting Standards Update 2016-12, and Accounting Standards Update 2016-20 (collectively the "Revenue Recognition Amendments") change the criteria for the recognition of certain revenue streams to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in

exchange for those goods or services using a five-step determination process.

Piedmont's revenues which are included in the scope of the Revenue Recognition Amendments include its property management fee revenue, the majority of its parking revenue, as well as certain license agreements which allow third-parties to place their antennas or fiber-optic cabling on or inside Piedmont's buildings. Lease contracts are specifically excluded from the Revenue Recognition Amendments and, Piedmont intends to utilize a leasing practical expedient (see further discussion below) to group certain non-lease components related to operating expense reimbursements with other leasing components, provided they meet certain criteria. Because the timing and pattern of transfer of Piedmont's non-lease related revenue already followed the prescribed method of the Revenue Recognition Amendments, Piedmont was able to effectively adopt these amendments on a full retrospective basis, with no impact to the timing of recognition of the related revenue; however, such non-lease revenues are now being presented as "Other property related income" in the accompanying consolidated statements of income. Further, for comparative purposes, Piedmont reclassified approximately \$4.0 million and \$14.6 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, respectively, of parking, antennae license, and fiber income that was previously included in rental income into other property related income, as well as certain other miscellaneous revenue into tenant reimbursements and/or property management fee revenue. Piedmont did not elect to adopt any practical expedients provided by the Revenue Recognition Amendments.

A detail of Piedmont's total revenues for the three months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 (after reclassifications as a result of the adoption of the Revenue Recognition Amendments), including a detailed description of each line item is as follows:

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2018	(After Adoption of Revenue Recognition Amendments) Three Months Ended September 30, 2017
Rental income	\$ 101,348	\$ 108,868
Tenant reimbursements	23,170	24,253
Property management fee revenue	368	454
Other property related income	4,822	4,012
Total revenues	\$ 129,708	\$ 137,587

Rental income - consists of revenue from leases with Piedmont's tenants, which is not within the scope of the Revenue Recognition Amendments.

<u>Tenant reimbursements</u> - consists of separately billed revenue derived from reimbursements for services prescribed by leases with Piedmont's tenants separate from, but in conjunction with, the revenue generated from leasing office space. Such income is not within the scope of the Revenue Recognition Amendments.

<u>Property management fee revenue</u> - consists of revenue earned by Piedmont related to operating and managing office properties owned by other third-parties. Such income is within the scope of the Revenue Recognition Amendments; however, because the property management services represent a performance obligation that would be satisfied over the length of the contract, not at any specific point in time, and has the same measure of transfer (time elapsed), property management fee revenue will be recognized over time, consistent with the timing of Piedmont's historic recognition. Any variable consideration transferred as part of these management agreements will continue to be recognized in the quarter that the underlying cash receipts are collected, consistent with the allocation objective of allocating the transaction price in an amount that depicts the amount of consideration to which Piedmont expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring the promised service to the customer.

<u>Other property related income</u> - consists of all other property related income from Piedmont's customers (tenants) that is not derived from a contract meeting the definition of a lease. Examples of such income include parking revenue and income from licenses with unrelated third-parties to place antennae and/or fiber optic cables in or on Piedmont's buildings. Since these services are substantially the same and have the same pattern of transfer, there is no timing difference between the recognition of other property related income and the recognition of the underlying expense/delivery of "service" under the new Revenue Recognition Amendments. Additionally, no modification to the timing of Piedmont's previous revenue recognition is necessary, as these items have been recognized historically in accordance with this pattern of transfer.

Gain/(loss) on Sale of Real Estate Assets

On January 1, 2018, Piedmont adopted Accounting Standards Update No. 2017-05, *Other Income—Gains and Losses from the Derecognition of Nonfinancial Assets (Subtopic 610-20): Clarifying the Scope of Asset Derecognition Guidance and Accounting for Partial Sales of Nonfinancial Assets* ("ASU 2017-05") concurrent with the Revenue Recognition Amendments mentioned above. Piedmont elected to apply the amendments of ASU 2017-05 on a full retrospective basis; however, there were no adjustments to previously recorded gains/(losses) on sale of real estate as a result of the transition.

Equity Investments Held in Non-qualified Deferred Compensation Plan

On January 1, 2018, Piedmont adopted Accounting Standards Update No. 2016-01, *Financial Instruments - Overall (Subtopic 825-10)*, *Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities* ("ASU 2016-01"), as well as Accounting Standards Update No. 2018-03 *Technical Corrections and Improvements to Financial Instruments-Overall (Subtopic 825-10)* ("ASU 2018-03"). These amendments require equity investments, except those accounted for under the equity method of accounting, to be measured at estimated fair value with changes in fair value recognized in net income. Investments in trading securities held in a "rabbi trust" by Piedmont are the only securities affected by ASU 2016-01 and ASU 2018-03. As such, Piedmont has made a cumulative-effect adjustment to its consolidated balance sheet and consolidated statements of stockholders' equity of approximately \$0.1 million from other comprehensive income ("OCI") to cumulative distributions in excess of earnings, and has recorded changes in fair value in net income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 related to these investment securities.

Interest Rate Derivatives

On January 1, 2018, Piedmont early adopted Accounting Standards Update No. 2017-12, *Derivatives and Hedging: Targeted Improvements to Accounting for Hedging Activities* ("ASU 2017-12"). Piedmont adopted ASU 2017-12 using the modified retrospective transition method; however, no adjustment was necessary to account for the cumulative effect of the change on the opening balance of each affected component of equity in the consolidated balance sheet as of the date of adoption because there was no cumulative ineffectiveness that had been recorded on Piedmont's existing interest rate swaps as of December 31, 2017, and all trades were highly effective. The amended presentation and disclosure guidance which is required to be presented prospectively is provided in Note 6.

Other Recent Accounting Pronouncements

The FASB has issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2016-02, *Leases (Topic 842)* ("ASU 2016-02"), which fundamentally changes the definition of a lease, as well as the accounting for operating leases by requiring lessees to recognize assets and liabilities which arise from the lease, consisting of a liability to make lease payments (the lease liability) and a right-of-use asset, representing the right to use the leased asset over the term of the lease. Accounting for leases by lessors is substantially unchanged from prior practice as lessors will continue to recognize lease revenue on a straight-line basis.

Additionally, the FASB has subsequently issued a number of clarifying and technical corrections to ASU 2016-02 through several Accounting Standards Updates ("ASU") as follows:

ASU	Title	Summary	Anticipated Impact on Piedmont's Consolidated Financial Statements Based on Management's Assessment to Date
ASU 2018-01	Leases (Topic 842) Land Easement Practical Expedient for Transition to Topic 842	Clarifies that a land easement is required to be evaluated to determine whether it should be accounted for as a lease upon adoption of ASU 2016-02; also provides an optional practical transition expedient allowing entities not currently assessing land easements under existing leasing guidance prior to adoption of ASU 2016-02 to not apply the new guidance to land easements existing at the date of initial adoption of ASU 2016-02.	Not applicable as Piedmont has no land easements.
ASU 2018-10	Codification Improvements to Topic 842, Leases	Clarifications and technical corrections to ASU 2016-02.	No material impact expected.
ASU 2018-11	Leases (Topic 842) Targeted Improvements	Allows certain non-lease operating expense reimbursements which are included in the underlying stated lease rate to be accounted for as part of the lease provided certain criteria are met under an optional practical expedient.	All of Piedmont's operating expense reimbursements are expected to qualify to be accounted for as a part of the underlying lease.

Although management continues to evaluate the guidance and disclosures required by all of the above ASUs, Piedmont does not anticipate any material impact to its consolidated financial statements as a result of adoption related to lessor accounting. However, Piedmont does anticipate recording an immaterial right-to-use asset and offsetting lease liability under lessee accounting on its balance sheet upon adoption of ASU 2016-02 on January 1, 2019.

The FASB has issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2018-07, *Stock Compensation (Topic 718)*, Improvements to Nonemployee Share-Based Payment Accounting ("ASU 2018-07"). The provisions of ASU 2018-07 align accounting for stock based compensation for non-employees for goods and services with existing accounting for similar compensation for employees. The amendments supersede previous guidance on accounting for share-based payments to non-employees codified in the FASB's Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 505-50. ASU 2018-07 is effective in the first quarter of 2019, with early adoption permitted at any time provided that the entity has already adopted the provisions of ASC 606. Piedmont does not anticipate any material impact to its consolidated financial statements as a result of adoption.

The FASB has issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2016-13, *Financial Instruments—Credit Losses (Topic 326)*, *Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments* ("ASU 2016-13"). The provisions of ASU 2016-13 replace the "incurred loss" approach with an "expected loss" model for impairing trade and other receivables, held-to-maturity debt securities, net investment in leases, and off-balance-sheet credit exposures, which will generally result in earlier recognition of allowances for credit losses. Additionally, the provisions change the classification of credit losses related to available-for-sale securities to an allowance, rather than a direct reduction of the amortized cost of the securities. ASU 2016-13 is effective in the first quarter of 2020, with early adoption permitted as of January 1, 2019. Piedmont is currently evaluating the potential impact of adoption.

3. Acquisitions

During the nine months ended September 30, 2018, Piedmont acquired one property using proceeds available as a result of dispositions (see Note 9) in January 2018 and cash on hand, as noted below:

			Ownership Percentage	Rentable Square	Percentage Leased as of	Net Contractual Purchase Price
Property	Metropolitan Statistical Area	Date of Acquisition	Acquired	Feet	Acquisition	(in millions)
501 West Church Street	Orlando, Florida	February 23, 2018	100%	182,461	100%	\$ 28.2

4. Debt

During the nine months ended September 30, 2018, Piedmont fully repaid the balances of the \$300 Million Unsecured 2013 Term Loan and the \$170 Million Unsecured 2015 Term Loan using proceeds from the 2017 Disposition Portfolio (see Note 9) and cash on hand, as well as drawing on its \$500 Million Unsecured 2015 Line of Credit.

Additionally, during the nine months ended September 30, 2018, Piedmont replaced its \$500 Million Unsecured 2015 Line of Credit ("the 2015 Line of Credit") with a new \$500 Million Unsecured Line of Credit (the "\$500 Million Unsecured 2018 Line of Credit"). The 2015 Line of Credit was scheduled to expire on June 18, 2019, and was terminated concurrently with the closing of the new facility. The term of the new \$500 Million Unsecured 2018 Line of Credit is four years with a maturity date of September 30, 2022, and Piedmont may extend the term for up to one additional year (through two available sixmonth extensions) provided Piedmont is not then in default and all representations and warranties are true and correct in all material respects and upon payment of applicable extension fees. Additionally, under certain terms of the agreement, Piedmont may increase the new facility by up to an additional \$500 million, to an aggregate size of \$1.0 billion, provided that no existing bank has any obligation to participate in such increase. Piedmont paid customary arrangement and upfront fees to the lenders in connection with the closing of the new facility.

The \$500 Million Unsecured 2018 Line of Credit has the option to bear interest at varying levels (determined with reference to the greater of the credit rating for Piedmont OP) based on the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") or the Base Rate, defined as the greater of the prime rate, the federal funds rate plus 0.5%, or LIBOR for a one-month period plus 1.0%. LIBOR loans are available with interest periods selected by Piedmont of one, two (if available), three, or six months, or to the extent available from all lenders in each case, one year or periods of less than one month. The stated interest rate spread over LIBOR can vary from 0.775% to 1.45% based upon the greater of the then current credit rating of Piedmont. As of the closing of the \$500 Million Unsecured 2018 Line of Credit, based upon Piedmont's current credit rating, the current stated LIBOR spread on the loan is 0.9%, down from 1.0% for the 2015 Line of Credit.

Further, during the nine months ended September 30, 2018, Piedmont amended and restated its \$300 Million Unsecured 2011 Term Loan (the "Amended and Restated \$300 Million Unsecured 2011 Term Loan") to extend its maturity date 22 months, from January 15, 2020 to November 30, 2021. The amendment also decreases the stated interest rate spread over LIBOR from a range of 0.9% to 1.90% to a range of 0.85% to 1.65%. The specific spread in effect from time to time is based upon the greater of the credit rating for Piedmont or Piedmont OP. As of the closing of the Amended and Restated \$300 Million Unsecured 2011 Term Loan, based upon the Piedmont's current credit rating, the current stated LIBOR spread on the loan was 1.0%, down from 1.15% for the \$300 Million Unsecured 2011 Term Loan. All other material terms of the facility remain unchanged.

Finally, during the nine months ended September 30, 2018, Piedmont entered into a \$250 million unsecured term loan facility (the "\$250 Million Unsecured 2018 Term Loan") with a consortium of lenders. The term of the \$250 Million Unsecured 2018 Term Loan is seven years with a maturity date of March 31, 2025; however, Piedmont may prepay the \$250 Million Unsecured 2018 Term Loan, in whole or in part, at any time after March 29, 2020 without premium or penalty. The \$250 Million Unsecured 2018 Term Loan has the option to bear interest at varying levels based on either (i) LIBOR for an interest period selected by Piedmont of one, two, three, or six months, or to the extent available from all lenders in each case, one year or periods of less than one month, or (ii) Base Rate, defined as the greater of the prime rate, the federal funds rate plus 0.5%, or LIBOR for a one-month period plus 1%; plus a stated interest rate spread based on the higher credit rating level issued for either Piedmont or Piedmont OP. The stated interest rate spread over LIBOR can vary from 1.45% to 2.40% based upon the then current credit rating of Piedmont or Piedmont OP, whichever is higher. Further, Piedmont entered into three interest rate swap agreements for a total notional amount

of \$150 million which effectively fixed \$150 million of the \$250 Million Unsecured 2018 Term Loan at an interest rate of approximately 4.11%.

The \$500 Million Unsecured 2018 Line of Credit, the Amended and Restated \$300 Million Unsecured 2011 Term Loan, and the \$250 Million Unsecured 2018 Term Loan all have certain financial covenants that require, among other things, the maintenance of an unencumbered interest coverage ratio of at least 1.75, an unencumbered leverage ratio of at least 1.60, a fixed charge coverage ratio of at least 1.50, a leverage ratio of no more than 0.60, and a secured debt ratio of no more than 0.40.

The following table summarizes the terms of Piedmont's indebtedness outstanding as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 (in thousands):

				Amount Outs	Amount Outstanding as of		
Facility (1)	Stated Rate	Effective Rate	Maturity	September 30, 2018	December 31, 2017		
Secured (Fixed)							
\$35 Million Fixed-Rate Loan (3)	5.55%	3.75%	9/1/2021	\$ 30,033	\$ 30,670		
\$160 Million Fixed-Rate Loan (4)	3.48%	3.58%	7/5/2022	160,000	160,000		
Net premium and unamortized debt issuance costs				720	946		
Subtotal/Weighted Average (5)	3.81%			190,753	191,616		
Unsecured (Variable and Fixed)							
\$170 Million Unsecured 2015 Term Loan	LIBOR + 1.125%	2.54%	5/15/2018	_	170,000		
\$300 Million Unsecured 2013 Term Loan	LIBOR + 1.20%	2.78% ⁽⁷⁾	1/31/2019	_	300,000		
\$500 Million Unsecured 2015 Line of Credit (6)	LIBOR + 1.00%	3.17%	6/18/2019	_	23,000		
\$500 Million Unsecured 2018 Line of Credit (6)	LIBOR + 0.90%	3.15%	9/30/2022 (8)	235,000	_		
Amended and Restated \$300 Million Unsecured 2011 Term Loan	LIBOR + 1.00%	3.20% (7)	11/30/2021	300,000	300,000		
\$350 Million Senior Notes	3.40%	3.43%	6/01/2023	350,000	350,000		
\$400 Million Senior Notes	4.45%	4.10%	3/15/2024	400,000	400,000		
\$250 Million Unsecured 2018 Term Loan	LIBOR + 1.60%	4.00% ⁽⁹⁾	3/31/2025	250,000	_		
Discounts and unamortized debt issuance costs				(10,382)	(7,689)		
Subtotal/Weighted Average (5)	3.69%			1,524,618	1,535,311		
Total/Weighted Average (5)	3.71%			\$ 1,715,371	\$ 1,726,927		

- Other than the \$35 Million Fixed-Rate Loan, all of Piedmont's outstanding debt as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 is interest-only.
- (2) Effective rate after consideration of settled or in-place interest rate swap agreements, issuance premiums/discounts, and/or fair market value adjustments upon assumption of debt.
- (3) Collateralized by the 5 Wall Street building in Burlington, Massachusetts.
- Collateralized by the 1901 Market Street building in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.
- Weighted average is based on contractual balance of outstanding debt and the stated or effectively fixed interest rates as of September 30, 2018.
- On a periodic basis, Piedmont may select from multiple interest rate options, including the prime rate and various-length LIBOR locks on all or a portion of the principal. All LIBOR selections are subject to an additional spread over the selected rate based on Piedmont's current credit rating.
- (7) The facility has a stated variable rate; however, Piedmont has entered into interest rate swap agreements which effectively fix, exclusive of changes in Piedmont's credit rating, the rate to that shown as the effective rate through the maturity date of the interest rate swap agreements (see Note 6 for more detail).
- Piedmont may extend the term for up to one additional year (through two available six month extensions to a final extended maturity date of September 29, 2023) provided Piedmont is not then in default and upon payment of extension fees.

The facility has a stated variable rate; however, Piedmont has entered into interest rate swap agreements which effectively fix, exclusive of changes to Piedmont's credit rating, \$150 million of the principal balance to 4.11% through March 29, 2020, and \$100 million of the principal balance to 4.21% from March 30, 2020 through the maturity date of the loan. For the remaining variable portion of the loan, Piedmont may periodically select from multiple interest rate options, including the prime rate and various-length LIBOR locks on all or a portion of the principal. All LIBOR selections are subject to an additional spread over the selected rate based on Piedmont's current credit rating. The rate presented is the weighted-average rate for the effectively fixed and variable portions of the debt outstanding as of September 30, 2018.

Piedmont made interest payments on all debt facilities, including interest rate swap cash settlements, of approximately \$18.0 million for both the three months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, and approximately \$48.7 million and \$54.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Also, Piedmont capitalized interest of approximately \$375,000 and \$37,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, and approximately \$0.8 million and \$0.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. As of September 30, 2018, Piedmont believes it was in compliance with all financial covenants associated with its debt instruments. See Note 7 for a description of Piedmont's estimated fair value of debt as of September 30, 2018.

5. Variable Interest Entities

Variable interest holders who have the power to direct the activities of the VIE that most significantly impact the entity's economic performance and have the obligation to absorb the majority of losses of the entity or the right to receive significant benefits of the entity must consolidate the VIE. Each of the following VIEs has the sole purpose of holding land and office buildings and their resulting operations, and are classified in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets in the same manner as Piedmont's wholly-owned properties.

A summary of Piedmont's interests in its consolidated VIEs and their related carrying values as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 is as follows (net carrying amount in millions):

	Piedmont's %			let Carrying amount as of		Net Carrying Amount as of	
Entity	Ownership of Entity	Related Building	Se	eptember 30, 2018	I	December 31, 2017	Primary Beneficiary Considerations
1201 Eye Street N.W. Associates, LLC	98.6%	1201 Eye Street	\$	89.2	\$	81.1	In accordance with the partnership's governing documents, Piedmont currently receives 100% of the cash flow of the entity and has sole discretion in directing the management and leasing activities of the building.
1225 Eye Street N.W. Associates, LLC	98.1%	1225 Eye Street	\$	64.8	\$	65.2	In accordance with the partnership's governing documents, Piedmont currently receives 100% of the cash flow of the entity and has sole discretion in directing the management and leasing activities of the building.
Piedmont 500 W. Monroe Fee, LLC	100%	500 W. Monroe	\$	256.2	\$	263.2	The Omnibus Agreement with the previous owner includes equity participation rights upon sale of the property for the previous owner, if certain financial returns are achieved; however, Piedmont has sole decision making authority and is entitled to 100% of the economic benefits of the property until such returns are met.

6. Derivative Instruments

Risk Management Objective of Using Derivatives

In addition to operational risks which arise in the normal course of business, Piedmont is exposed to economic risks such as interest rate, liquidity, and credit risk. In certain situations, Piedmont has entered into derivative financial instruments such as interest rate swap agreements and other similar agreements to manage interest rate risk exposure arising from current or future variable rate debt transactions. Interest rate swap agreements involve the receipt or payment of future known and uncertain cash amounts, the value of which are determined by interest rates. Piedmont's objective in using interest rate derivatives is to add stability to interest expense and to manage its exposure to interest rate movements.

Cash Flow Hedges of Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate swaps designated as cash flow hedges involve the receipt of variable-rate amounts from a counterparty in exchange for Piedmont making fixed-rate payments over the life of the agreements without exchange of the underlying notional amount.

As of September 30, 2018, Piedmont was party to interest rate swap agreements, all of which are designated as effective cash flow hedges and fully hedge the variable cash flows covering the entire outstanding balance of the Amended and Restated \$300 Million Unsecured 2011 Term Loan through January 2020, and \$150 million of the \$250 Million Unsecured 2018 Term Loan. The maximum length of time over which Piedmont is hedging its exposure to the variability in future cash flows for forecasted transactions is 78 months.

A detail of Piedmont's interest rate derivatives outstanding as of September 30, 2018 is as follows:

Interest Rate Derivatives:	Number of Swap Agreements	Associated Debt Instrument	otional Amount n millions)	Effective Date	Maturity Date
Interest rate swaps	3	Amended and Restated \$300 Million Unsecured 2011 Term Loan	\$ 300	11/22/2016	1/15/2020
Interest rate swaps	2	\$250 Million Unsecured 2018 Term Loan	\$ 100	3/29/2018	3/31/2025
Interest rate swaps	1	\$250 Million Unsecured 2018 Term Loan	\$ 50	3/29/2018	3/29/2020
Total			\$ 450		

Piedmont presents its interest rate derivatives on its consolidated balance sheets on a gross basis as interest rate swap assets and interest rate swap liabilities. A detail of Piedmont's interest rate derivatives on a gross and net basis as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively, is as follows (in thousands):

Interest rate swaps classified as:	September 30, 2018			December 31, 2017		
Gross derivative assets	\$	4,069	\$	688		
Gross derivative liabilities		_		(1,478)		
Net derivative asset/(liability)	\$	4,069	\$	(790)		

The gain/(loss) on Piedmont's interest rate derivatives, including previously settled forward swaps, that was recorded in OCI and the accompanying consolidated statements of income as a component of interest expense for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, was as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended Nine Months Ended								
Interest Rate Swaps in Cash Flow Hedging Relationships		otember 30, 2018	S	eptember 30, 2017	Sep	otember 30, 2018	September 30, 2017		
Amount of gain recognized in OCI	\$	1,145	\$	175	\$	4,408	\$	307	
Amount of previously recorded gain/(loss) reclassified from OCI into Interest Expense	\$	434	\$	(653)	\$	885	\$	(2,936)	
Amount of loss recognized on derivatives reclassified from OCI into Loss on Extinguishment of Debt	\$	_	\$	_	\$	(1,258)	\$	_	
Total amount of Interest Expense presented in the consolidated statements of incom	ne \$	15,849	\$	16,183	\$	45,294	\$	52,661	
Total amount of Loss on Extinguishment of Debt presented in the consolidated statements of income ⁽¹⁾	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,680	\$	_	

Includes the write-off of approximately \$0.4 million of discounts and unamortized debt issuance costs associated with the repayment of debt (see Note 4).

Piedmont estimates that approximately \$3.6 million will be reclassified from OCI as a reduction of interest expense over the next twelve months. Piedmont recognized no hedge ineffectiveness on its cash flow hedges during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

Additionally, see Note 7 for fair value disclosures of Piedmont's derivative instruments.

Credit-risk-related Contingent Features

Piedmont has agreements with its derivative counterparties that contain a provision whereby if Piedmont defaults on any of its indebtedness, including default where repayment of the indebtedness has not been accelerated by the lender, then Piedmont could also be declared in default on its derivative obligations. Because all of Piedmont's interest rate swaps are in an asset position, if Piedmont were to breach any of the contractual provisions of the derivative contracts, the settlement of its obligations under the agreements would not result in a penalty as of September 30, 2018. Additionally, Piedmont has rights of set-off under certain of its derivative agreements related to potential termination fees and amounts payable under the agreements, if a termination were to occur.

7. Fair Value Measurement of Financial Instruments

Piedmont considers its cash and cash equivalents, tenant receivables, notes receivable, restricted cash and escrows, accounts payable and accrued expenses, interest rate swap agreements, and debt to meet the definition of financial instruments. The following table sets forth the carrying and estimated fair value for each of Piedmont's financial instruments, as well as its level within the GAAP fair value hierarchy, as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively (in thousands):

		S	eptem	ber 30, 2018			Ι)ecen	nber 31, 2017	7					
<u>Financial Instrument</u>		arrying Value					Estimated Fair Value	Level Within Fair Value Hierarchy							
Assets:															
Cash and cash equivalents ⁽¹⁾	\$	6,807	\$	6,807	Level 1	\$	7,382	\$	7,382	Level 1					
Tenant receivables, net ⁽¹⁾	\$	10,522	\$	10,522	Level 1	\$	12,139	\$	12,139	Level 1					
Notes receivable (1)	\$	3,200	\$	3,200	Level 1	\$	_	\$	_	Level 1					
Restricted cash and escrows ⁽¹⁾	\$	1,374	\$	1,374	Level 1	\$	1,373	\$	1,373	Level 1					
Interest rate swaps	\$	4,069	\$	4,069	Level 2	\$	688	\$	688	Level 2					
<u>Liabilities:</u>															
Accounts payable and accrued expenses ⁽¹⁾	\$	14,584	\$	14,584	Level 1	\$	126,429	\$	126,429	Level 1					
Interest rate swaps	\$	_	\$	_	Level 2	\$	1,478	\$	1,478	Level 2					
Debt, net	\$	1,715,371	\$	1,714,923	Level 2	\$	1,726,927	\$	1,759,905	Level 2					

⁽¹⁾ For the periods presented, the carrying value of these financial instruments approximates estimated fair value due to their short-term maturity.

Piedmont's debt was carried at book value as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017; however, to estimate its fair value as disclosed in the table above, Piedmont used widely accepted valuation techniques including discounted cash flow analysis based on the contractual terms of the debt facilities, including the period to maturity of each instrument, and observable market-based inputs for similar debt facilities which have transacted recently in the market. Therefore, the estimated fair values determined are considered to be based on significant other observable inputs (Level 2). Scaling adjustments are made to these inputs to make them applicable to the remaining life of Piedmont's outstanding debt. Piedmont has not changed its valuation technique for estimating the fair value of its debt.

Piedmont's interest rate swap agreements presented above (further discussed in Note 6) are classified as "Interest rate swap" assets and liabilities in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets and were carried at estimated fair value as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017. The estimated fair value of these derivative instruments was determined using widely accepted valuation techniques such as discounted cash flow analysis based on the contractual terms of the derivatives including the period to maturity of each instrument. Observable market-based inputs, including interest rate curves and implied volatilities, were also used.

Therefore, the estimated fair values determined are considered to be based on significant other observable inputs (Level 2). In addition, Piedmont considered both its own and the respective counterparties' risk of nonperformance in determining the estimated fair value of its derivative financial instruments by estimating the current and potential future exposure under the derivative financial instruments for both Piedmont and the counterparties that were at risk as of the valuation date. The credit risks of both Piedmont and its counterparties were factored into the calculation of the estimated fair value of the interest rate swaps; however, as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, this credit valuation adjustment did not comprise a material portion of the estimated fair value. Therefore, Piedmont believes that any unobservable inputs used to determine the estimated fair values of its derivative financial instruments are not significant to the fair value measurements in their entirety, and does not consider any of its derivative financial instruments to be Level 3 assets or liabilities.

8. Commitments and Contingencies

Commitments Under Existing Lease Agreements

Under its existing lease agreements, Piedmont may be required to fund significant tenant improvements, leasing commissions, and building improvements. In addition, certain agreements contain provisions that require Piedmont to issue corporate or property guarantees to provide funding for capital improvements or other financial obligations. Piedmont classifies its capital improvements into two categories: (i) improvements which maintain the building's existing asset value and its revenue generating capacity ("non-incremental capital expenditures") and (ii) improvements which incrementally enhance the building's asset value by expanding its revenue generating capacity ("incremental capital expenditures"). As of September 30, 2018, commitments to fund potential non-incremental capital expenditures over the next five years for tenant improvements totaled approximately \$47.0 million related to Piedmont's existing lease portfolio over the respective lease terms, the majority of which Piedmont estimates may be required to be funded over the next three years based on when the underlying leases commence. For most of Piedmont's leases, the timing of the actual funding of these tenant improvements is largely dependent upon tenant requests for reimbursement. In some cases, these obligations may expire with the leases without further recourse to Piedmont. As of September 30, 2018, commitments for incremental capital expenditures for tenant improvements associated with executed leases totaled approximately \$34.9 million.

Contingencies Related to Tenant Audits/Disputes

Certain lease agreements include provisions that grant tenants the right to engage independent auditors to audit their annual operating expense reconciliations. Such audits may result in the re-interpretation of language in the lease agreements which could result in the refund of previously recognized tenant reimbursement revenues, resulting in financial loss to Piedmont. Piedmont recorded \$61,000 and \$0 of such reductions in reimbursement revenues related to such tenant audits/disputes during the three months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, and \$0.5 million and \$0.3 million of such reductions in reimbursement revenues related to such tenant audits/disputes during the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

9. Assets Held for Sale

As of September 30, 2018, the 800 North Brand Boulevard building in Glendale, California met the criteria for held for sale classification; consequently its assets and liabilities as of December 31, 2017 have also been reclassified as held for sale in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets for comparability purposes. In addition, during the nine months ended September 30, 2018, Piedmont sold a portfolio of 14 properties (the "2017 Disposition Portfolio") which was also classified as held for sale as of December 31, 2017 in the consolidated balance sheets. Details of assets held for sale as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 are presented below (in thousands):

	Sept	ember 30, 2018	December 31, 2017		
Real estate assets held for sale, net:					
Land	\$	23,608	\$	98,106	
Building and improvements, less accumulated depreciation of \$60,434 and \$226,188 as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively		90,281		348,374	
Construction in progress		29		2,308	
Total real estate assets held for sale, net	\$	113,918	\$	448,788	
Other assets held for sale, net:					
Straight-line rent receivables	\$	7,607	\$	34,750	
Prepaid expenses and other assets		1,157		1,624	
Deferred lease costs, less accumulated amortization of \$2,364 and \$18,710 as of September 30,					
2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively		3,988		24,819	
Total other assets held for sale, net	\$	12,752	\$	61,193	
Other liabilities held for sale, net:					
Intangible lease liabilities, less accumulated amortization of \$0 and \$935 as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively	\$		\$	380	

10. Stock Based Compensation

The Compensation Committee of Piedmont's Board of Directors has periodically granted deferred stock awards to all of Piedmont's employees and independent directors. Employee awards typically vest ratably over a multi-year period and independent director awards vest over one year. Certain employees' long-term equity incentive program is split equally between the time-vested awards described above and a multi-year performance share program whereby the actual awards are contingent upon Piedmont's total stockholder return ("TSR") relative to a peer group of office REITs' TSR. The peer group is predetermined by the Board of Directors, advised by an outside compensation consultant. Any shares earned are awarded at the end of the multi-year performance period and vest upon award.

A rollforward of Piedmont's equity based award activity for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 is as follows:

	Shares	ighted-Average t Date Fair Value
Unvested and Potential Stock Awards as of December 31, 2017	868,437	\$ 21.69
Deferred Stock Awards Granted	354,236	\$ 17.84
Increase in Estimated Potential Share Award	313,827	\$ 23.80
Performance Stock Awards Vested	(161,005)	\$ 18.47
Deferred Stock Awards Vested	(332,019)	\$ 19.21
Deferred Stock Awards Forfeited	(8,481)	\$ 19.77
Unvested and Potential Stock Awards as of September 30, 2018	1,034,995	\$ 22.36

The following table provides additional information regarding stock award activity during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively (in thousands, except per share amounts):

		Three Mo	nths l	Ended	Nine Months Ended					
		September 30, 2018		September 30, 2017	September 30, 2018		September 30, 2017			
Weighted-Average Grant Date Fair Value of Deferred Stock Granted During the Period	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 17.84	\$	21.38			
Total Grant Date Fair Value of Deferred Stock Vested During the Period	\$	16	\$	11	\$ 6,378	\$	5,852			
Share-based Liability Awards Paid During the Period ⁽¹⁾	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 2,947	\$	2,877			

Amounts reflect the issuance of performance share awards related to the 2014-16 and 2015-17 Performance Share Plans during the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

A detail of Piedmont's outstanding stock awards as of September 30, 2018 is as follows:

Date of grant	Type of Award	Grant Net Shares Date Fair Type of Award Granted (1) Value Vesting Schedule				
January 3, 2014	Deferred Stock Award	72,969	\$	16.45	Of the shares granted, 20% vested or will vest on January 3, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, and 2019, respectively.	16,416
May 24, 2016	Deferred Stock Award	208,003	\$	19.91	Of the shares granted, 25% vested on the date of grant, and 25% vested or will vest on May 24, 2017, 2018, and 2019, respectively.	60,591
May 24, 2016	Fiscal Year 2016- 2018 Performance Share Program	_	\$	23.02	Shares awarded, if any, will vest immediately upon determination of award in 2019.	99,337 ⁽²⁾
May 18, 2017	Deferred Stock Award	219,863	\$	21.38	Of the shares granted, 25% vested on the date of grant, and 25% vested or will vest on May 18, 2018, 2019, and 2020, respectively.	123,507
May 18, 2017	Fiscal Year 2017- 2019 Performance Share Program	_	\$	30.45	Shares awarded, if any, will vest immediately upon determination of award in 2020.	143,335 ⁽²⁾
May 17, 2018	Deferred Stock Award-Board of Directors	31,388	\$	17.84	Of the shares granted, 100% will vest by May 17, 2019.	31,388
May 17, 2018	Deferred Stock Award	302,706	\$	17.84	Of the shares granted, 25% vested on the date of grant, and 25% vested or will vest on May 17, 2019, 2020, and 2021, respectively.	239,777
May 17, 2018	Fiscal Year 2018- 2020 Performance Share Program	_	\$	23.52	Shares awarded, if any, will vest immediately upon determination of award in 2021.	320,644_(2)
Total						1,034,995

Amounts reflect the total grant to employees and independent directors, net of shares surrendered upon vesting to satisfy required minimum tax withholding obligations through September 30, 2018.

During the three months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, Piedmont recognized approximately \$1.7 million and \$1.3 million of compensation expense related to stock awards all of which is related to the amortization of unvested shares. During the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, Piedmont recognized approximately \$6.7 million and \$7.0 million of compensation expense related to stock awards, of which \$5.6 million and \$5.4 million is related to the amortization of unvested shares, respectively. During the nine months ended September 30, 2018, a net total of 355,055 shares were issued to employees. As of September 30, 2018, approximately \$5.1 million of unrecognized compensation cost related to unvested deferred stock awards remained, which Piedmont will record in its consolidated statements of income over a weighted-average vesting period of approximately one year.

Estimated based on Piedmont's cumulative TSR for the respective performance period through September 30, 2018. Share estimates are subject to change in future periods based upon Piedmont's relative performance compared to its peer group of office REITs' total stockholder return.

11. Supplemental Disclosures for the Statement of Consolidated Cash Flows

Certain noncash investing and financing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, (in thousands) are outlined below:

		Nine Mon	nths Ended		
	September 30, 2018			September 30, 2017	
Accrued capital expenditures and deferred lease costs	\$	21,784	\$	8,590	
Change in accrued dividends and discount on dividend reinvestments	\$	(101,794)	\$	(30,531)	
Change in accrued share repurchases as part of an announced plan	\$	(1,277)	\$		
Investment in consolidated joint venture	\$	_	\$	63,026	

The following table provides a reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash and escrows as reported, or previously reported, within the consolidated balance sheet to the consolidated statement of cash flows as of the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively (in thousands).

	Nine Months Ended					
	Septe	mber 30, 2018	September 30, 2017			
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	\$	7,382	\$	6,992		
Restricted cash and escrows, beginning of period		1,373		1,212		
Total cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash and escrows shown in the consolidated statement of cash flows, beginning of period	\$	8,755	\$	8,204		
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$	6,807	\$	36,108		
Restricted cash and escrows, end of period		1,374		1,260		
Total cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash and escrows shown in the consolidated statement of cash flows, end of period	\$	8,181	\$	37,368		

Amounts in restricted cash and escrows typically represent escrow accounts for the payment of real estate taxes which are required under certain of Piedmont's debt agreements; earnest money deposited by a buyer to secure the purchase of one of our properties; or security or utility deposits held for tenants as a condition of their lease agreement.

12. Earnings Per Share

There are no adjustments to "Net income applicable to Piedmont" for the diluted earnings per share computations.

Net income per share-basic is calculated as net income available to common stockholders divided by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Net income per share-diluted is calculated as net income available to common stockholders divided by the diluted weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period, including unvested deferred stock awards. Diluted weighted average number of common shares reflects the potential dilution under the treasury stock method that would occur if the remaining unvested deferred stock awards vested and resulted in additional common shares outstanding. Unvested deferred stock awards which are determined to be anti-dilutive are not included in the calculation of diluted weighted average common shares.

The following table reconciles the denominator for the basic and diluted earnings per share computations shown on the consolidated statements of income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively (in thousands):

	Three Mon	ths Ended	Nine Months Ended			
	September 30, 2018	September 30, 2017	September 30, 2018	September 30, 2017		
Weighted-average common shares – basic	128,371	145,416	130,837	145,372		
Plus: Incremental weighted-average shares from time-vested deferred and performance stock awards	448	303	350	308		
Weighted-average common shares – diluted	128,819	145,719	131,187	145,680		
Common stock issued and outstanding as of period end			128,371	145,295		

13. Guarantor and Non-Guarantor Financial Information

The following condensed consolidating financial information for Piedmont (the "Parent", "Guarantor", and/or "Consolidated"), Piedmont OP (the "Issuer"), and the other directly and indirectly owned subsidiaries of Piedmont as the Guarantor (the "Non-Guarantors") is provided pursuant to the requirements of Rule 3-10 of Regulation S-X regarding financial statements of guarantors and issuers of guaranteed registered securities. The Issuer is a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Guarantor, and all guarantees by the Guarantor of securities issued by the Issuer are full and unconditional. The principal elimination entries relate to investments in subsidiaries and intercompany balances and transactions, including transactions with the Non-Guarantors.

Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheets

As of September 30, 2018

	Piedmont (Parent)		Т	Piedmont OP	Non-		Piedmont
(in thousands)	(Guarantor)		(the Issuer)	Guarantors	Eliminations	onsolidated)
Assets:							
Real estate assets, at cost:							
Land	\$	_	\$	36,094	\$ 487,900	\$ —	\$ 523,994
Buildings and improvements, less accumulated depreciation		_		174,627	2,135,476	(300)	2,309,803
Intangible lease assets, less accumulated amortization		_		_	65,527	_	65,527
Construction in progress		_		2,915	19,838	_	22,753
Real estate assets held for sale, net		_		_	113,918	_	113,918
Total real estate assets		_		213,636	2,822,659	(300)	3,035,995
Cash and cash equivalents		150		3,024	3,633	_	6,807
Tenant and straight-line rent receivables, net		_		15,757	163,510	_	179,267
Investment in subsidiaries		1,734,476		2,789,292	168	(4,523,936)	_
Notes receivable		_		810	147,700	(145,310)	3,200
Prepaid expenses, restricted cash, escrows, interest rate swaps, and other assets		80		8,971	27,871	(9)	36,913
Goodwill		_		98,918	_	_	98,918
Deferred lease costs, net		_		15,625	234,413	_	250,038
Other assets held for sale, net				_	12,752	_	12,752
Total assets	\$	1,734,706	\$	3,146,033	\$ 3,412,706	\$(4,669,555)	\$ 3,623,890
Liabilities:							
Debt, net	\$	_	\$	1,524,558	\$ 336,123	\$ (145,310)	\$ 1,715,371
Accounts payable, accrued expenses, and accrued capital expenditures		710		14,321	94,065	(9)	109,087
Deferred income		_		1,853	25,597	_	27,450
Intangible lease liabilities, net		_		_	37,986	_	37,986
Total liabilities		710		1,540,732	493,771	(145,319)	1,889,894
Equity:							
Total stockholders' equity		1,733,996		1,605,301	2,918,935	(4,524,236)	1,733,996
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	1,734,706	\$	3,146,033	\$ 3,412,706	\$(4,669,555)	\$ 3,623,890

Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheets As of December 31, 2017

Piedmont Piedmont OP Piedmont (Parent) Non-(in thousands) (Consolidated) (Guarantor) (the Issuer) Guarantors Eliminations **Assets:** Real estate assets, at cost: \$ \$ \$ Land 36,094 485,092 521,186 180,886 (300)Buildings and improvements, less accumulated depreciation 2,144,696 2,325,282 Intangible lease assets, less accumulated amortization 181 77,624 77,805 Construction in progress 85 11,596 11,681 448,788 Real estate assets held for sale, net 32,815 415,973 Total real estate assets 250,061 3,134,981 (300)3,384,742 3,890 7,382 Cash and cash equivalents 150 3,342 Tenant and straight-line rent receivables, net, and amounts due from 16,891 149,642 166,533 unconsolidated joint ventures Advances to affiliates 1,674,276 6,297,632 (7,971,908)Investment in subsidiary 3,437,299 172 (3,437,471)Notes receivable 88,810 144,500 (233,310)Prepaid expenses, restricted cash, escrows, interest rate swaps and other assets 2 5,094 18,927 (740)23,283 Goodwill 98,918 98,918 Deferred lease costs, net 16.611 241.305 257,916 Other assets held for sale, net 2,266 58,927 61,193 Total assets \$ 5,111,727 \$ 6,780,173 \$ 3,751,796 \$(11,643,729) \$ 3,999,967 Liabilities: \$ \$ 1,535,239 \$ 424,998 (233,310)Debt, net 1,726,927 Accounts payable, accrued expenses, dividends payable, and accrued (740)capital expenditures 104,028 20,279 93,086 216,653 Advances from affiliates 5,277,957 941,494 1,850,712 (8,070,163)Deferred income 3,631 25,951 29,582 Intangible lease liabilities, net 38,458 38,458 Interest rate swaps 1,478 1,478 Liabilities held for sale, net 380 380 Total liabilities 5.381.985 2,502,121 2,433,585 (8,304,213)2,013,478 **Equity:** (3,339,516)Total stockholders' equity (270, 258)4,278,052 1,318,211 1,986,489 3,999,967 Total liabilities and stockholders' equity 5,111,727 6,780,173 \$ 3,751,796 \$(11,643,729)

Consolidating Statements of Income For the three months ended September 30, 2018

Piedmont Piedmont OP (Parent) (in thousands) (Guarantor) (the Issuer) **Non-Guarantors** Eliminations Consolidated **Revenues:** \$ \$ \$ 93,498 \$ (553)\$ 101,348 Rental income 8,403 Tenant reimbursements (141)2,458 20,853 23,170 Property management fee revenue (3,928)4,296 368 Other property related income 35 4,787 4,822 10,896 123,434 (4,622)129,708 **Expenses:** Property operating costs 4,973 49,328 (4,622)49,679 Depreciation 2,816 24,036 26,852 Amortization 446 14,394 14,840 General and administrative 42 1,424 5,211 6,677 (4,622) 42 9,659 92,969 98,048 (42)1,237 30,465 31,660 Real estate operating income/(loss) Other income (expense): Interest expense (14,119)(3,624)1,894 (15,849)Other income/(expense) 2,157 (1,894)303 (14,079)(1,467)(15,546)Income/(loss) before consolidated subsidiaries (42)(12,842)28,998 16,114 16,156 (42,943) Income from subsidiaries 26,787 Net income 16,114 13,945 28,998 (42,943)16,114 Plus: Net loss applicable to noncontrolling interest \$ 16,114 \$ 13,945 \$ \$ (42,943) 16,114 28,998 \$ Net income applicable to Piedmont

Net income/(loss) applicable to

Piedmont

\$

(77) \$

Consolidating Statements of Income For the three months ended September 30, 2017

Piedmont Piedmont OP (Parent) (in thousands) Eliminations Consolidated (Guarantor) (the Issuer) **Non-Guarantors Revenues:** 108,868 Rental income \$ \$ 10,185 99,109 \$ (426) \$ Tenant reimbursements 2,381 22,014 (142)24,253 454 Property management fee revenue 4,566 (4,112)Other property related income 42 3,970 4,012 12,608 137,587 129,659 (4,680)**Expenses:** Property operating costs 5,372 53,826 (4,680)54,518 30,000 Depreciation 3,199 26,801 17,383 Amortization 740 18,123 General and administrative 77 1,539 4,574 6,190 77 10,850 108,831 102,584 (4,680)Real estate operating income/(loss) (77)1,758 27,075 28,756 Other income (expense): Interest expense (13,795)(6,354)3,966 (16,183)Other income/(expense) 2,404 1,852 (3,966)290 Equity in income of unconsolidated 3,754 3,754 joint ventures Gain/(loss) on sale of real estate assets, 109,512 109,516 net (4)(77)(5,883)132,089 126,129 Net income/(loss) Plus: Net loss applicable to noncontrolling interest 4 4

(5,883)

\$

132,093

\$

126,133

Consolidating Statements of Income For the nine months ended September 30, 2018

Piedmont Piedmont OP (Parent) (in thousands) (Guarantor) (the Issuer) Eliminations Consolidated **Non-Guarantors Revenues:** \$ \$ \$ \$ (1,468)304,280 Rental income 26,456 279,292 Tenant reimbursements 7,298 61,247 (334)68,211 Property management fee revenue (11,566)1,059 12,625 Other property related income 92 15,140 15,232 33,846 368,304 (13,368)388,782 **Expenses:** Property operating costs 14,614 152,929 (13,368)154,175 Depreciation 8,527 72,585 81,112 Amortization 45,298 46,818 1,520 General and administrative 228 4,849 16,410 21,487 228 29,510 287,222 (13,368)303,592 (228)4,336 81,082 85,190 Real estate operating income/(loss) Other income (expense): Interest expense (40,093)(10,937)5,736 (45,294)(5,736)Other income/(expense) 200 7,016 1,480 Loss on extinguishment of debt (1,680)(1,680)Gain on sale of real estate assets, net 1,417 43,769 45,186 39,848 (308)(40,156)Income/(loss) before consolidated subsidiaries (228)(35,820)120,930 84,882 Income from subsidiaries 85,114 119,013 (204,127)Net income 84,886 83,193 120,930 (204,127)84,882 Plus: Net loss applicable to noncontrolling interest 4 Net income applicable to Piedmont \$ 84,886 \$ 83,193 \$ 120,934 (204,127)\$ 84,886

Consolidating Statements of Income For the nine months ended September 30, 2017

Piedmont Piedmont OP (Parent) (in thousands) (Guarantor) (the Issuer) **Non-Guarantors** Eliminations Consolidated **Revenues:** \$ \$ \$ \$ (1,370) \$ Rental income 32,641 314,128 345,399 65,396 Tenant reimbursements 8,352 (373)73,375 Property management fee revenue 13,791 (12,412)1,379 Other property related income 97 14,479 14,576 41,090 407,794 (14,155)434,729 **Expenses:** Property operating costs 17,027 163,763 (14,155)166,635 Depreciation 9,943 80,884 90,827 Amortization 2,399 57,852 55,453 General and administrative 261 4,798 16,809 21,868 261 34,167 316,909 (14,155)337,182 6,923 90,885 97,547 Real estate operating income/(loss) (261)Other income (expense): Interest expense (43,049)(20,868)11,256 (52,661)Other income/(expense) 6,873 4,611 (11,256)228 Equity in income of unconsolidated 3,872 3,872 joint ventures Gain on sale of real estate assets, net 6,430 109,521 115,951 (261)(18,951)184,149 164,937 Net income/(loss) Plus: Net loss applicable to noncontrolling interest 10 10 Net income/(loss) applicable to \$ \$ (261) \$ (18,951) \$ \$ 184,159 164,947 **Piedmont**

Consolidating Statements of Comprehensive Income For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2018

(in thousands)		(Parent) (Guarantor)	Piedmont OP (the Issuer)	Non-Guarantors	Eliminations	Piedmont (Consolidated)
Net income	\$	16,114	\$ 13,945	\$ 28,998	\$ (42,943)	\$ 16,114
Effective portion of gain on derivative instruments that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges		1,145	1,145	_	(1,145)	1,145
Plus: Reclassification of gain included in net income	İ	(434)	(434)	_	434	(434)
Other comprehensive income		711	 711	_	(711)	711
Comprehensive income	\$	16,825	\$ 14,656	\$ 28,998	\$ (43,654)	\$ 16,825

Consolidating Statements of Comprehensive Income

For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018

(in thousands)	(Parent) Guarantor)	 Piedmont OP (the Issuer)	_	Non-Guarantors	_	Eliminations	_	Piedmont (Consolidated)
Net income	\$ 84,886	\$ 83,193	\$	120,934	\$	(204,127)	\$	84,886
Effective portion of gain on derivatives instruments that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges	4,408	4,408		_		(4,408)		4,408
Plus: Reclassification of net loss included in net income	373	373		_		(373)		373
Other comprehensive income	 4,781	4,781		_		(4,781)		4,781
Comprehensive income	\$ 89,667	\$ 87,974	\$	120,934	\$	(208,908)	\$	89,667

Condensed Consolidating Statements of Cash Flows For the nine months ended September 30, 2018

(in thousands)	Piedmont (Parent) (Guarantor)	Piedmont OP (the Issuer)	Non-Guarantors	Eliminations	Piedmont (Consolidated)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 89,540	\$ 89,639	\$ 164,063	\$ (204,920)	\$ 138,322
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:					
Investment in real estate assets and real estate related intangibles	_	(6,074)	(67,100)	_	(73,174)
Intercompany note receivable	_	88,000	_	(88,000)	_
Net sales proceeds from wholly-owned properties	_	36,572	382,982	_	419,554
Note receivable issuance	_	_	(3,200)	_	(3,200)
Deferred lease costs paid	_	(1,826)	(14,005)	_	(15,831)
Distributions from subsidiaries	362,784	64,633	_	(427,417)	_
Net cash provided by investing activities	362,784	 181,305	298,677	 (515,417)	327,349
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:					
Debt issuance and other costs paid	_	(947)	_	_	(947)
Proceeds from debt	_	820,061	_	_	820,061
Repayments of debt	_	(832,000)	(1,005)	_	(833,005)
Intercompany note payable	_	_	(88,000)	88,000	_
Value of shares withheld for payment of taxes related to employee stock compensation	(2,219)	_	_	_	(2,219)
Repurchases of common stock as part of announced plan	(266,062)	_	_	_	(266,062)
Distributions	(184,043)	(258,907)	(373,460)	632,337	(184,073)
Net cash used in financing activities	(452,324)	(271,793)	(462,465)	720,337	(466,245)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash and escrows	_	(849)	275	_	(574)
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash and escrows, beginning of period	150	3,906	4,699	_	8,755
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash and escrows, end of period	\$ 150	\$ 3,057	\$ 4,974	\$ 	\$ 8,181

Condensed Consolidating Statements of Cash Flows For the nine months ended September 30, 2017

(in thousands)	Piedmont (Parent) (Guarantor)	 Piedmont OP (the Issuer)	Non-Guarantors	Eliminations	Piedmont (Consolidated)
Net Cash Provided by/(Used in) Operating Activities	\$ 4,335	\$ (15,468)	\$ 187,513	\$ _	\$ 176,380
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:					
Investment in real estate assets, and real estate related intangibles	_	(793)	(64,614)	_	(65,407)
Intercompany note receivable	_	_	(48,710)	48,710	_
Investments in unconsolidated joint ventures	_	(1,162)	_	_	(1,162)
Net sales proceeds from wholly-owned properties	_	23,028	352,171	_	375,199
Net sales proceeds received from unconsolidated joint ventures	_	12,334	_	_	12,334
Deferred lease costs paid	_	(858)	(18,561)	_	(19,419)
Net cash provided by investing activities	_	32,549	220,286	48,710	301,545
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:					
Debt issuance costs paid	_	(102)	1	_	(101)
Proceeds from debt	_	147,000	_	_	147,000
Repayments of debt	_	(325,000)	(141,046)	_	(466,046)
Intercompany note payable	_	(14,289)	62,999	(48,710)	_
Costs of issuance of common stock	(97)	_	_	_	(97)
Value of shares withheld for payment of taxes related to employee stock compensation	(3,385)	_	_	_	(3,385)
Repurchases of common stock as part of announced plan	(3,895)	_	_	_	(3,895)
(Distributions to)/repayments from affiliates	125,271	197,519	(322,790)	_	_
Dividends paid and discount on dividend reinvestments	(122,229)	_	(8)	_	(122,237)
Net cash provided by/(used in) financing activities	(4,335)	5,128	(400,844)	(48,710)	(448,761)
Net increase in cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash and escrows	_	22,209	6,955	_	29,164
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash and escrows, beginning of period	150	3,693	4,361		8,204
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash and escrows, end of period	\$ 150	\$ 25,902	\$ 11,316	\$ 	\$ 37,368

14. Subsequent Events

Fourth Quarter Dividend Declaration

On October 30, 2018, the Board of Directors of Piedmont declared dividends for the fourth quarter 2018 in the amount of \$0.21 per common share outstanding to stockholders of record as of the close of business on November 30, 2018. Such dividends are to be paid on January 3, 2019.

Transactional Activity

On October 25, 2018, Piedmont purchased 9320 Excelsior Boulevard in Hopkins, Minnesota for \$49.4 million. 9320 Excelsior Boulevard is a 7-story, approximately 268,000 square foot, Class AA office building situated on 5.84 acres in close proximity to Piedmont's Norman Pointe I building acquired in 2017. 9320 Excelsior Boulevard is 100% leased to Cargill, Inc.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the accompanying consolidated financial statements and notes thereto of Piedmont Office Realty Trust, Inc. ("Piedmont," "we," "our," or "us"). See also "Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements" preceding Part I, as well as the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes thereto and Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

We intend to use cash flows generated from the operation of our properties, proceeds from selective property dispositions, including approximately \$160.0 million of anticipated net sales proceeds related to the disposition of 800 North Brand Boulevard, which we anticipate closing during the fourth quarter of 2018, and proceeds from our recently obtained \$500 Million Unsecured 2018 Line of Credit as our primary sources of immediate liquidity. As of the filing date, we have \$202.0 million of unused capacity under our line of credit. When necessary, we may seek secured or unsecured borrowings from third party lenders or issue securities as additional sources of capital. The availability and attractiveness of terms for these additional sources of capital will be highly dependent on market conditions at the time.

Our most consistent use of capital has historically been, and we believe will continue to be, to fund capital expenditures for our existing portfolio of properties. During the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 we incurred the following types of capital expenditures (in thousands):

	 Nine Month	s Ended	
	September 30, 2018	Sept	tember 30, 2017
Capital expenditures for new development	\$ 32	\$	4,794
Capital expenditures for redevelopment/renovations	7,546		1,006
Capital expenditures previously credited as part of property acquisition	_		9,254
Other capital expenditures, including building and tenant improvements	37,420		50,353
Total capital expenditures ⁽¹⁾	\$ 44,998	\$	65,407

Of the total amounts paid, approximately \$1.2 million and \$0.2 million relates to soft costs such as capitalized interest, payroll, and other general and administrative expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

"Capital expenditures for new development" relate to new office development projects. During the nine months ended September 30, 2017, such expenditures primarily related to the construction of 500 TownPark, our now complete, approximately 134,000 square foot, 100% leased, four-story office building located adjacent to our existing 400 TownPark building in Lake Mary, Florida.

"Capital expenditures for redevelopment/renovations" during the nine months ended September 30, 2018 primarily relate to the redevelopment project to upgrade common areas, as well as amenities and parking, at our Two Pierce Place building in Itasca, Illinois, while such expenditures during the nine months ended September 30, 2017 related to a now-complete redevelopment project that converted our 3100 Clarendon Boulevard building in Arlington, Virginia from governmental use into Class A private sector office space.

"Other capital expenditures" include all other capital expenditures during the period and are typically comprised of tenant and building improvements necessary to lease, maintain, or provide enhancements to our existing portfolio of office properties.

We classify our tenant and building improvements into two categories: (i) improvements which maintain the building's existing asset value and its revenue generating capacity ("non-incremental capital expenditures") and (ii) improvements which incrementally enhance the building's asset value by expanding its revenue generating capacity ("incremental capital expenditures"). As of September 30, 2018, commitments for funding non-incremental capital expenditures for tenant improvements over the next five years related to our existing lease portfolio total approximately \$47.0 million. The timing of the funding of these commitments is largely dependent upon tenant requests for reimbursement; however, we anticipate that a significant portion of these improvement allowances may be requested over the next three years based on when the underlying leases commence. In some instances, these obligations may expire with the respective lease, without further recourse to us. Additionally, commitments for incremental capital expenditures for tenant improvements associated with executed leases totaled approximately \$34.9 million as of September 30, 2018.

For example, for leases executed during the nine months ended September 30, 2018, we committed to spend approximately \$5.61 per square foot per year of lease term for tenant improvement allowances and lease commissions (net of expiring lease commitments), and for those executed during the nine months ended September 30, 2017, we committed to spend approximately \$4.74 per square foot per year of lease term for tenant improvement allowances and lease commissions (net of expiring lease commitments). In addition to the amounts described above that we have already committed to as a part of executed leases, we anticipate continuing to incur similar market-based tenant improvement allowances and leasing commissions in conjunction with procuring future leases for our existing portfolio of properties. Given that our operating model frequently results in leases for large blocks of space to credit-worthy tenants, our leasing success can result in significant capital outlays. Both the timing and magnitude of expenditures related to future leasing activity are highly dependent on the competitive market conditions at the time of lease negotiations of the particular office market within which a given lease is signed.

There are other uses of capital that may arise as part of our typical operations. Subject to the identification and availability of attractive investment opportunities and our ability to consummate such acquisitions on satisfactory terms, acquiring new assets compatible with our investment strategy could also be a significant use of capital. Further, we may continue to use capital resources to repurchase additional shares of our common stock under our stock repurchase program. As of September 30, 2018, we had approximately \$123.5 million of board-authorized capacity remaining for future stock repurchases. Finally, after replacing our \$500 Million Unsecured 2015 Line of Credit with the \$500 Million Unsecured 2018 Line of Credit, as well as extending our Amended and Restated \$300 Million 2011 Term Loan, during the three months ended September 30, 2018, we have no scheduled debt maturities until 2021; however, on a longer term basis we expect to use capital to repay debt obligations when they become due.

The amount and form of payment (cash or stock issuance) of future dividends to be paid to our stockholders will continue to be largely dependent upon (i) the amount of cash generated from our operating activities; (ii) our expectations of future cash flows; (iii) our determination of near-term cash needs for debt repayments, development projects, and selective acquisitions of new properties; (iv) the timing of significant expenditures for tenant improvements, building redevelopment projects, and general property capital improvements; (v) long-term payout ratios for comparable companies; (vi) our ability to continue to access additional sources of capital, including potential sales of our properties; and (vii) the amount required to be distributed to maintain our status as a REIT. With the fluctuating nature of cash flows and expenditures, we may periodically borrow funds on a short-term basis to cover timing differences in cash receipts and cash disbursements.

Results of Operations

Overview

Net income applicable to common stockholders for the three months ended September 30, 2018 was \$16.1 million, or \$0.13 per diluted share, as compared with net income applicable to common stockholders of \$126.1 million, or \$0.87 per diluted share, for the three months ended September 30, 2017. Net income applicable to common stockholders for the three months ended September 30, 2017 included approximately \$113.2 million, or \$0.77 per diluted share, of gains on sales of both a wholly-owned property, as well as an equity interest in a joint venture, whereas the current quarter had no sales or related gains. The current quarter's results did reflect increased operating income as a result of higher overall occupancy in the portfolio in the current period, rental rate growth, and the operational results of properties acquired since September 2017.

Comparison of the three months ended September 30, 2018 versus the three months ended September 30, 2017

Income from Continuing Operations

The following table sets forth selected data from our consolidated statements of income for the three months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, as well as each balance as a percentage of total revenues for the same periods presented (dollars in millions):

	September 30, 2018	% of Revenues	September 30, 2017	% of Revenues	Variance
Revenue:	 				
Rental income	\$ 101.3		\$ 108.9		\$ (7.6)
Tenant reimbursements	23.2		24.2		(1.0)
Property management fee revenue	0.4		0.5		(0.1)
Other property related income	4.8		4.0		0.8
Total revenues	 129.7	100%	137.6	100%	(7.9)
Expense:					
Property operating costs	49.7	38%	54.5	40%	(4.8)
Depreciation	26.9	21%	30.0	22%	(3.1)
Amortization	14.8	12%	18.1	13%	(3.3)
General and administrative	6.7	5%	6.2	4%	0.5
Real estate operating income	 31.6	24%	28.8	21%	2.8
Other income (expense):					
Interest expense	(15.8)	12%	(16.2)	12%	0.4
Other income	0.3	%	0.3	—%	_
Equity in income of unconsolidated joint ventures	_	%	3.7	3%	(3.7)
Gain on sale of real estate assets, net	<u> </u>	%	109.5	80%	(109.5)
Net income	\$ 16.1	12%	\$ 126.1	92%	\$ (110.0)

Revenue

Rental income decreased approximately \$7.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2018, as compared to the same period in the prior year. Approximately \$8.3 million of the decrease was attributable to net disposition activity subsequent to September 30, 2017; however, that decrease was partially offset by increases due to increased rental rates and occupancy in the portfolio.

Tenant reimbursements decreased approximately \$1.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2018 as compared to the same period in the prior year. Approximately \$2.2 million of the decrease was due to net disposition activity subsequent to September 30, 2017; however, that decrease was partially offset by higher recoveries related to increased property taxes at certain of our existing properties as well as increased occupancy in the portfolio.

Expense

Property operating costs decreased approximately \$4.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2018, as compared to the same period in the prior year. Approximately \$4.0 million of the decrease was due to net disposition activity subsequent to September 30, 2017. Additionally, approximately \$2.4 million of the decrease was attributable to a reduction in recoverable operating expenses, primarily property tax expense due to favorable tax appeals at certain of our properties during the current period. These decreases were partially offset by other operating expenses, particularly higher recoverable repairs and maintenance costs.

Depreciation expense decreased approximately \$3.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2018 as compared to the same period in the prior year. Approximately \$3.6 million of the decrease was attributable to net disposition activity subsequent

to September 30, 2017; however, this decrease was partially offset by depreciation on additional building and tenant improvements placed in service subsequent to September 30, 2017 across our portfolio of properties.

Amortization expense decreased approximately \$3.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2018 as compared to the same period in the prior year. The decrease is primarily attributable to certain lease intangible assets at our existing properties becoming fully amortized subsequent to September 30, 2017, as well as the recognition of accelerated amortization for lease terminations/modifications in the prior year of approximately \$0.5 million.

General and administrative expense increased approximately \$0.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2018 as compared to the same period in the prior year primarily due to increased accrual for potential performance-based compensation.

Other Income (Expense)

Interest expense decreased approximately \$0.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2018 as compared to the same period in the prior year. The decrease is primarily attributable to capitalizing interest expense in the current period as part of the redevelopment project to upgrade amenities and parking at our Two Pierce Place building.

Equity in income of unconsolidated joint ventures decreased approximately \$3.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2018 as compared to the same period in the prior year. The decrease is due to the sale of our last unconsolidated joint venture property, the 8560 Upland Drive building in Denver, Colorado in the prior period, and the recognition of our portion of the related gain on sale.

Gain on sale of real estate assets, net, during the three months ended September 30, 2017 represent the gain recognized on the sale of the Two Independence Square building located in Washington, D.C. There were no sales of real estate assets during the three months ended September 30, 2018.

Comparison of the accompanying consolidated statements of income for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 versus the nine months ended September 30, 2017

Income from Continuing Operations

The following table sets forth selected data from our consolidated statements of income for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, as well as each balance as a percentage of total revenues for the same period presented (dollars in millions):

	Se	ptember 30, 2018	% of Revenues	Se	ptember 30, 2017	% of Revenues	Variance
Revenue:							
Rental income	\$	304.3		\$	345.4		\$ (41.1)
Tenant reimbursements		68.2			73.4		(5.2)
Property management fee revenue		1.1			1.4		(0.3)
Other rental income		15.2			14.5		0.7
Total revenues		388.8	100%		434.7	100%	(45.9)
Expense:							
Property operating costs		154.2	40%		166.6	38%	(12.4)
Depreciation		81.1	21%		90.8	22%	(9.7)
Amortization		46.8	12%		57.9	13%	(11.1)
General and administrative		21.5	5%		21.9	5%	(0.4)
Real estate operating income		85.2	22%		97.5	22%	(12.3)
Other income (expense):							
Interest expense		(45.3)	12%		(52.7)	12%	7.4
Other income		1.5	—%		0.2	—%	1.3
Equity in income of unconsolidated joint ventures		_	—%		3.9	1%	(3.9)
Loss on extinguishment of debt		(1.7)	—%		_	—%	(1.7)
Gain on sale of real estate assets, net		45.2	12%		116.0	27%	(70.8)
Net income	\$	84.9	22%	\$	164.9	38%	\$ (80.0)

Revenue

Rental income decreased approximately \$41.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 as compared to the same period in the prior year. Substantially all of the decrease is attributable to net property disposition activity subsequent to January 1, 2017.

Tenant reimbursements decreased approximately \$5.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 as compared to the same period in the prior year. Net disposition activity subsequent to January 1, 2017 contributed approximately \$8.1 million to the decrease; however, this variance was partially offset due to the expiration of abatements and an increase in recoverable operating expenses at certain of our existing properties.

Expense

Property operating costs decreased approximately \$12.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 as compared to the same period in the prior year. Approximately \$17.4 million of the decrease was due to net disposition activity subsequent to January 1, 2017; however, this variance was partially offset by higher recoverable utility, administrative, and repairs and maintenance costs at certain of our existing properties.

Depreciation expense decreased approximately \$9.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 as compared to the same period in the prior year. Approximately \$12.1 million of the decrease was attributable to net disposition activity subsequent to January 1, 2017; however, this decrease was partially offset by depreciation on additional building and tenant improvements placed in service subsequent to January 1, 2017.

Amortization expense decreased approximately \$11.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 as compared to the same period in the prior year. The decrease is attributable to net disposition activity and to certain lease intangible assets at our existing properties becoming fully amortized subsequent to January 1, 2017, as well as the recognition of accelerated amortization for lease terminations/modifications in the prior year.

General and administrative expenses decreased approximately \$0.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 as compared to the same period in the prior year, primarily due to a decrease in state and local tax expense as a result of a reduction in property-related deferred tax liabilities. This decrease was partially offset by increased accruals for potential performance-based compensation.

Other Income (Expense)

Interest expense decreased approximately \$7.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 as compared to the same period in the prior year. The decrease is primarily attributable to lower average debt outstanding in the current period, specifically due to the repayment of debt subsequent to January 1, 2017, including the \$140 million of secured debt on our 1201 and 1225 Eye Street buildings in Washington, D.C. paid off in August 2017, and two of our unsecured term loans totaling \$470 million paid off in January 2018, offset partially by a new \$250 million seven-year term loan obtained in March 2018.

Other income increased approximately \$1.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 as compared to the same period in the prior year due to the sale of solar renewable energy certificates to a third-party, as well as interest and fee income for the administration of certain debt instruments.

Equity in income of unconsolidated joint ventures decreased approximately \$3.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 as compared to the same period in the prior year. The decrease is primarily due to the recognition of our portion of the gain on the sale of our last unconsolidated joint venture property, the 8560 Upland Drive building in the prior period.

The loss on extinguishment of debt is associated with the early repayment of our \$170 Million Unsecured 2015 Term Loan and our \$300 Million Unsecured 2013 Term Loan. The loss includes the write-off of unamortized debt issuance costs, discounts, and costs related to the termination of interest rate swap agreements associated with the debt.

Gain on sale of real estate assets, net, during the nine months ended September 30, 2018 represents the gain recognized on the sale of the 2017 Disposition Portfolio comprised of 14 properties in various markets that closed in January 2018. Gain on sale of real estate assets, net, during the nine months ended September 30, 2017 represent the gain recognized on the sales of the Sarasota Commerce Center II building located in Sarasota, Florida and the Two Independence Square building.

Funds From Operations ("FFO"), Core Funds From Operations ("Core FFO"), and Adjusted Funds From Operations ("AFFO")

Net income calculated in accordance with GAAP is the starting point for calculating FFO, Core FFO, and AFFO. These metrics are non-GAAP financial measures and should not be viewed as an alternative measurement of our operating performance to net income. Management believes that accounting for real estate assets in accordance with GAAP implicitly assumes that the value of real estate assets diminishes predictably over time. Since real estate values have historically risen or fallen with market conditions, many industry investors and analysts have considered the presentation of operating results for real estate companies that use historical cost accounting to be insufficient by themselves. As a result, we believe that the additive use of FFO, Core FFO, and AFFO, together with the required GAAP presentation, provides a more complete understanding of our performance relative to our competitors and a more informed and appropriate basis on which to make decisions involving operating, financing, and investing activities.

We calculate FFO in accordance with the current National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts ("NAREIT") definition. NAREIT currently defines FFO as follows: Net income (computed in accordance with GAAP), excluding gains or losses from sales of property and impairment charges (including our proportionate share of any impairment charges and/or gains or losses from sales of property related to investments in unconsolidated joint ventures), plus depreciation and amortization on real estate assets (including our proportionate share of depreciation and amortization related to investments in unconsolidated joint ventures). Other REITs may not define FFO in accordance with the NAREIT definition, or may interpret the current NAREIT definition differently than we do; therefore, our computation of FFO may not be comparable to such other REITs.

We calculate Core FFO by starting with FFO, as defined by NAREIT, and adjusting for gains or losses on the extinguishment of swaps and/or debt, acquisition-related expenses, and any significant non-recurring or infrequent items. Core FFO is a non-GAAP financial measure and should not be viewed as an alternative to net income calculated in accordance with GAAP as a measurement of our operating performance. We believe that Core FFO is helpful to investors as a supplemental performance measure because it excludes the effects of certain items which can create significant earnings volatility, but which do not directly relate to our core recurring business operations. As a result, we believe that Core FFO can help facilitate comparisons of operating performance between periods and provides a more meaningful predictor of future earnings potential. Other REITs may not define Core FFO in the same manner as us; therefore, our computation of Core FFO may not be comparable to that of other REITs.

We calculate AFFO by starting with Core FFO and adjusting for non-incremental capital expenditures and acquisition-related costs and then adding back non-cash items including: non-real estate depreciation, straight-line rent adjustments and fair value lease adjustments, non-cash components of interest expense and compensation expense, and by making similar adjustments for unconsolidated partnerships and joint ventures. AFFO is a non-GAAP financial measure and should not be viewed as an alternative to net income calculated in accordance with GAAP as a measurement of our operating performance. We believe that AFFO is helpful to investors as a meaningful supplemental comparative performance measure of our ability to make incremental capital investments. Other REITs may not define AFFO in the same manner as us; therefore, our computation of AFFO may not be comparable to that of other REITs.

Reconciliations of net income to FFO, Core FFO, and AFFO are presented below (in thousands except per share amounts):

	Three Months Ended								Nine Months Ended							
	September 30, 2018	5	Per Share(1)	Sep	tember 30, 2017	5	Per Share(1)	Sei	ptember 30, 2018	S	Per Share(1)	Sept	tember 30, 2017	s	Per hare(1)	
GAAP net income applicable																
to common stock	\$ 16,114	\$	0.13	\$	126,133	\$	0.87	\$	84,886	\$	0.65	\$	164,947	\$	1.13	
Depreciation of real estate assets (2)	26,668		0.21		29,774		0.20		80,531		0.61		90,335		0.62	
Amortization of lease- related costs ⁽²⁾	14,828		0.11		18,107		0.12		46,773		0.35		57,828		0.40	
Gain on sale - wholly-owned properties	_		_		(109,512)		(0.75)		(45,186)		(0.34)		(115,951)		(0.80)	
Gain on sale- unconsolidated partnership	_		_		(3,683)		(0.02)		_		_		(3,683)		(0.02)	
NAREIT Funds From Operations applicable to common stock	\$ 57,610	\$	0.45	\$	60,819	\$	0.42	\$	167,004	\$	1.27	\$	193,476	\$	1.33	
Adjustments:		_				_				_			<u> </u>	_		
Acquisition costs	_		_		_		_		_		_		6		_	
Loss on extinguishment of debt	_		_		_		_		1,680		0.02		_		_	
Core Funds From Operations applicable to common stock	\$ 57,610	\$	0.45	\$	60,819	\$	0.42	\$	168,684	\$	1.29	\$	193,482	\$	1.33	
Adjustments:									_							
Amortization of debt issuance costs, fair market value adjustments on notes payable, and discount on debt	550				634				1,561				1,892			
Depreciation of non real	350				00 1				1,501				1,002			
estate assets	176				218				558				597			
Straight-line effects of lease revenue (2)	(3,210)				(3,602)				(11,489)				(15,939)			
Stock-based and other non- cash compensation	1,661				1,250				4,462				4,202			
Net effect of amortization of above and below-market																
in-place lease intangibles	(2,006)				(1,720)				(5,636)				(4,890)			
Acquisition costs	_				_				_				(6)			
Non-incremental capital expenditures ⁽³⁾	(9,276)				(5,229)				(27,407)				(21,974)			
Adjusted Funds From Operations applicable to common stock	\$ 45,505			\$	52,370			\$	130,733			\$	157,364			
Weighted-average shares outstanding – diluted	128,819				145,719				131,187				145,680			
Common stock issued and outstanding as of period end	128,371				145,295				128,371				145,295			

- (1) Based on weighted average shares outstanding diluted.
- (2) Includes amounts for wholly-owned properties, as well as such amounts for our proportionate ownership in unconsolidated joint ventures.
- We define non-incremental capital expenditures as capital expenditures of a recurring nature related to tenant improvements, leasing commissions, and building capital that do not incrementally enhance the underlying assets' income generating capacity. Tenant improvements, leasing commissions, building capital and deferred lease incentives incurred to lease space that was vacant at acquisition, leasing costs for spaces vacant for greater than one year, leasing costs for spaces at newly acquired properties for which in-place leases expire shortly after acquisition, improvements associated with the expansion of a building, and renovations that either enhance the rental rates of a building or change the property's underlying classification, such as from a Class B to a Class A property, are excluded from this measure.

Property and Same Store Net Operating Income

Property Net Operating Income ("Property NOI") is a non-GAAP measure which we use to assess our operating results. We calculate Property NOI beginning with Net income (computed in accordance with GAAP) before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization and incrementally removing any impairment losses, gains or losses from sales of any property and other significant infrequent items that create volatility within our earnings and make it difficult to determine the earnings generated by our core ongoing business. Furthermore, we adjust for general and administrative expense, income associated with property management performed by us for other organizations, and other income or expense items such as interest income from loan investments or costs from the pursuit of non-consummated transactions. For Property NOI (cash basis), the effects of straight-lined rents and fair value lease revenue are also eliminated; while such effects are not adjusted in calculating Property NOI (accrual basis). Property NOI is a non-GAAP financial measure and should not be viewed as an alternative to net income calculated in accordance with GAAP as a measurement of our operating performance. We believe that Property NOI, on either a cash or accrual basis, is helpful to investors as a supplemental comparative performance measure of income generated by our properties alone without our administrative overhead. Other REITs may not define Property NOI in the same manner as we do; therefore, our computation of Property NOI may not be comparable to that of other REITs.

We calculate Same Store Net Operating Income ("Same Store NOI") as Property NOI applicable to the properties owned or placed in service during the entire span of the current and prior year reporting periods. Same Store NOI also excludes amounts applicable to unconsolidated joint venture assets. Same Store NOI is a non-GAAP financial measure and should not be viewed as an alternative to net income calculated in accordance with GAAP as a measurement of our operating performance. We believe that Same Store NOI, on either a cash or accrual basis is helpful to investors as a supplemental comparative performance measure of the income generated from the same group of properties from one period to the next. Other REITs may not define Same Store NOI in the same manner as we do; therefore, our computation of Same Store NOI may not be comparable to that of other REITs.

The following table sets forth a reconciliation from net income calculated in accordance with GAAP to Property NOI, on both a cash and accrual basis, and Same Store NOI, on both a cash and accrual basis, for the three months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively (in thousands):

	<u></u>	Cash	Basis		Accrual Basis						
		Three Mo	nths En	ded		Three Mo	onths Ended				
	Sep	September 30, 2018		ptember 30, 2017	Se	eptember 30, 2018	Se	eptember 30, 2017			
Net income applicable to Piedmont (GAAP basis)	\$	16,114	\$	126,133	\$	16,114	\$	126,133			
Net loss applicable to noncontrolling interest		_		(4)		_		(4)			
Interest expense		15,849		16,183		15,849		16,183			
Depreciation (1)		26,844		29,993		26,844		29,993			
Amortization (1)		14,828		18,107		14,828		18,107			
Net loss from casualty events		_		25		_		25			
Gain on sale of real estate assets (1)		_		(113,195)		_		(113,195)			
General & administrative expenses (1)		6,677		6,202		6,677		6,202			
Management fee revenue (2)		(181)		(253)		(181)		(253)			
Other income (1)		(87)		(171)		(87)		(171)			
Straight-line rent effects of lease revenue (1)		(3,210)		(3,602)							
Amortization of lease-related intangibles (1)		(2,006)		(1,720)							
Property NOI	\$	74,828	\$	77,698	\$	80,044	\$	83,020			
Net operating income from:											
Acquisitions (3)		(958)		_		(1,292)		_			
Dispositions (4)		(122)		(8,001)		(122)		(7,675)			
Other investments (5)		(659)		(2,339)		(827)		(2,301)			
Same Store NOI	\$	73,089	\$	67,358	\$	77,803	\$	73,044			
Change period over period in Same Store NOI		8.5%		N/A		6.5%		N/A			
Change period over period in same store IVOI		0.370		1 V //A		0.5%		11//1			

⁽¹⁾ Includes amounts applicable to consolidated properties and our proportionate share of amounts applicable to unconsolidated joint ventures.

⁽²⁾ Presented net of related operating expenses incurred to earn the revenue.

⁽³⁾ Acquisitions consist of Norman Pointe I in Bloomington, Minnesota, purchased on December 28, 2017; and 501 West Church Street in Orlando, Florida, purchased on February 23, 2018.

Dispositions consist of Sarasota Commerce Center II in Sarasota, Florida, sold on June 16, 2017; Two Independence Square in Washington, D.C., sold on July 5, 2017; and the 14-property, 2017 Disposition Portfolio sale completed on January 4, 2018.

Other investments consist of our interests in unconsolidated joint ventures, active redevelopment and development projects, land, and recently completed redevelopment and development projects for which some portion of operating expenses were capitalized during the current and/or prior year reporting periods. The operating results from 500 TownPark in Lake Mary, Florida, and Two Pierce Place in Itasca, Illinois, are included in this line item.

The following table sets forth a reconciliation from net income calculated in accordance with GAAP to Property NOI, on both a cash and accrual basis, and Same Store NOI, on both a cash and accrual basis, for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively (in thousands):

		Cash	Basis	Accrual Basis						
		Nine Mon	ths End	led		Nine Mor	nths Ended			
	Sej	September 30, 2018		eptember 30, 2017		September 30, 2018	S	eptember 30, 2017		
Net income applicable to Piedmont (GAAP basis)	\$	84,886	\$	164,947	\$	84,886	\$	164,947		
Net loss applicable to noncontrolling interest		(4)		(10)		(4)		(10)		
Interest expense		45,294		52,661		45,294		52,661		
Loss on extinguishment of debt		1,680		_		1,680		_		
Depreciation (1)		81,090		90,933		81,090		90,933		
Amortization (1)		46,773		57,828		46,773		57,828		
Acquisition costs		_		6		_		6		
Net loss from casualty events		_		57		_		57		
Gain on sale of real estate assets (1)		(45,186)		(119,634)		(45,186)		(119,634)		
General & administrative expenses (1)		21,487		21,907		21,487		21,907		
Management fee revenue (2)		(531)		(762)		(531)		(762)		
Other income ⁽¹⁾		(475)		(146)		(475)		(146)		
Straight-line rent effects of lease revenue (1)		(11,489)		(15,939)						
Amortization of lease-related intangibles (1)		(5,636)		(4,890)						
Property NOI	\$	217,889	\$	246,958	\$	235,014	\$	267,787		
Net operating income from:										
Acquisitions (3)		(2,540)		_		(3,424)		_		
Dispositions (4)		(509)		(39,077)		(500)		(36,331)		
Other investments (5)		(3,096)		(6,277)		(3,309)		(7,079)		
Same Store NOI	\$	211,744	\$	201,604	\$	227,781	\$	224,377		
Change period over period in Same Store NOI		5.0%		N/A		1.5%		N/A		

⁽¹⁾ Includes amounts applicable to consolidated properties and our proportionate share of amounts applicable to unconsolidated joint ventures.

 $^{{\ }^{(2)} \}hspace{1cm} \textbf{Presented net of related operating expenses incurred to earn the revenue.}$

Acquisitions consist of Norman Pointe I in Bloomington, Minnesota, purchased on December 28, 2017; and 501 West Church Street in Orlando, Florida, purchased on February 23, 2018.

Dispositions consist of Sarasota Commerce Center II in Sarasota, Florida, sold on June 16, 2017; Two Independence Square in Washington, D.C., sold on July 5, 2017; and the 14-property, 2017 Disposition Portfolio sale completed on January 4, 2018.

Other investments consist of our interests in unconsolidated joint ventures, active redevelopment and development projects, land, and recently completed redevelopment and development projects for which some portion of operating expenses were capitalized during the current and/or prior year reporting periods. The operating results from 500 TownPark in Lake Mary, Florida, and Two Pierce Place in Itasca, Illinois, are included in this line item.

Overview

Our portfolio is a diverse geographical portfolio primarily located in select sub-markets within eight major office markets located in the Eastern-half of the United States. We typically lease space to large, credit-worthy corporate or governmental tenants on a long-term basis. As of September 30, 2018, our average lease was almost 20,000 square feet with approximately seven years of lease term remaining. Consequently, leased percentage, as well as rent roll ups and roll downs, which we experience as a result of re-leasing, can fluctuate widely between buildings and between tenants, depending on when a particular lease is scheduled to commence or expire.

Leased Percentage

Our current in-service portfolio of 53 office properties was 93.2% leased as of September 30, 2018, up from 89.2% leased as of September 30, 2017, and scheduled lease expirations for the portfolio as a whole for the remainder of 2018 and 2019 were 1.6% and 11.9% of our ALR, respectively. To the extent new leases for currently vacant space outweigh or fall short of scheduled expirations, such leases would increase or decrease our leased percentage, respectively. Our leased percentage may also fluctuate from the impact of occupancy levels associated with our net acquisition and disposition activity.

Impact of Downtime, Abatement Periods, and Rental Rate Changes

Commencement of new leases typically occurs 6-18 months after the lease execution date, after refurbishment of the space is completed. The downtime between a lease expiration and the new lease's commencement can negatively impact Property NOI and Same Store NOI comparisons (both accrual and cash basis). In addition, office leases, both new and lease renewals, often contain upfront rental and/or operating expense abatement periods which delay the cash flow benefits of the lease even after the new lease or renewal has commenced and will continue to negatively impact Property NOI and Same Store NOI on a cash basis until such abatements expire. As of September 30, 2018, we had approximately 547,000 square feet of executed leases related to currently vacant space that had not yet commenced (301,000 square feet of which relates to a new, full-building lease at our Enclave Place building in Houston, Texas) and approximately 759,000 square feet of commenced leases that were in some form of rental and/or operating expense abatement.

If we are unable to replace expiring leases with new or renewal leases at rental rates equal to or greater than the expiring rates, rental rate roll downs could occur and negatively impact Property NOI and Same Store NOI comparisons. As mentioned above, our geographically diverse portfolio and the magnitude of some of our tenant's leased space can result in rent roll ups and roll downs that can fluctuate widely on a building-by-building and a quarter-to-quarter basis.

Same Store NOI increased 8.5% and 6.5% on a cash and accrual basis, respectively for the three months ended September 30, 2018 as compared with the three months ended September 30, 2017. In addition to general increases in occupancy levels and improved rental rates, Same Store NOI (cash basis) was favorably impacted by the expiration of several large lease abatements at certain properties and Same Store NOI (accrual basis) was favorably impacted by the commencement of several large leases throughout the portfolio. Property NOI and Same Store NOI comparisons for any given period may still fluctuate as a result of the mix of net leasing activity in individual properties during the respective period.

Election as a REIT

We have elected to be taxed as a REIT under the Code and have operated as such beginning with our taxable year ended December 31, 1998. To qualify as a REIT, we must meet certain organizational and operational requirements, including a requirement to distribute at least 90% of our adjusted REIT taxable income, computed without regard to the dividends-paid deduction and by excluding net capital gains attributable to our stockholders, as defined by the Code. As a REIT, we generally will not be subject to federal income tax on income that we distribute to our stockholders. If we fail to qualify as a REIT in any taxable year, we may be subject to federal income taxes on our taxable income for that year and for the four years following the year during which qualification is lost and/or penalties, unless the IRS grants us relief under certain statutory provisions. Such an event could materially adversely affect our net income and net cash available for distribution to our stockholders. However, we believe that we are organized and operate in such a manner as to qualify for treatment as a REIT and intend to continue to operate in the foreseeable future in such a manner that we will remain qualified as a REIT for federal income tax purposes. We have elected to treat POH, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Piedmont, as a taxable REIT subsidiary. POH performs non-customary services for tenants of buildings that we own, including solar power generation, real estate and non-real estate related-services; however, any earnings related to such services performed by our taxable REIT subsidiary are subject to federal and state income taxes. In addition, for us to continue to qualify as a REIT, our investments in taxable REIT subsidiaries cannot exceed 20% of the value of our total assets.

Inflation

We are exposed to inflation risk, as income from long-term leases is the primary source of our cash flows from operations. There are provisions in the majority of our tenant leases that are intended to protect us from, and mitigate the risk of, the impact of inflation. These provisions include rent steps, reimbursement billings for operating expense pass-through charges, real estate tax, and insurance reimbursements on a per square-foot basis, or in some cases, annual reimbursement of operating expenses above certain per square-foot allowances. However, due to the long-term nature of the leases, the leases may not readjust their reimbursement rates frequently enough to fully cover inflation.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We are not dependent on off-balance sheet financing arrangements for liquidity. As of September 30, 2018, we had no off-balance sheet arrangements. For further information regarding our commitments under our debt obligations, see the Contractual Obligations table below.

Application of Critical Accounting Policies

Our accounting policies have been established to conform with GAAP. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to use judgment in the application of accounting policies, including making estimates and assumptions. These judgments affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the dates of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting periods. If our judgment or interpretation of the facts and circumstances relating to various transactions had been different, it is possible that different accounting policies would have been applied, thus, resulting in a different presentation of the financial statements. Additionally, other companies may utilize different estimates that may impact comparability of our results of operations to those of companies in similar businesses. Refer to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017 for a discussion of our critical accounting policies. There have been no material changes to these policies during the nine months ended September 30, 2018.

Accounting Pronouncements Adopted during the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018

Revenue Recognition

On January 1, 2018, we adopted Accounting Standards Update No. 2014-09, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)* ("ASU 2014-09") and Accounting Standards Update No. 2016-08, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606) Principal versus Agent Considerations (Reporting Revenue Gross versus Net)* ("ASU 2016-08") issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (the "FASB"). The amendments in ASU 2014-09, which are further clarified in ASU 2016-08, as well as Accounting Standards Update 2016-10, Accounting Standards Update 2016-12, and Accounting Standards Update 2016-20 (collectively the "Revenue Recognition Amendments") change the criteria for the recognition of certain revenue streams to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services using a five-step determination process.

Our revenues which are included in the scope of the Revenue Recognition Amendments include our property management fee revenue, the majority of our parking revenue, as well as certain license agreements which allow third-parties to place their antennas or fiber-optic cabling on or inside our buildings. Lease contracts are specifically excluded from the Revenue Recognition Amendments and, we intend to utilize a leasing practical expedient to group certain non-lease components related to operating expense reimbursements with other leasing components, provided they meet certain criteria. Because the timing and pattern of transfer of our non-lease related revenue already followed the prescribed method of the Revenue Recognition Amendments, we were able to effectively adopt these amendments on a full retrospective basis, with no impact to the timing of recognition of the related revenue; however, such non-lease revenues are now being presented as "Other property related income" in the accompanying consolidated statements of income. Further, for comparative purposes, we reclassified approximately \$4.0 million and \$14.6 million of parking, antennae license, and fiber income that was previously included in rental income into other property related income, as well as certain other miscellaneous revenue into tenant reimbursements and/or property management fee revenue during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, respectively. We did not elect to adopt any practical expedients provided by the Revenue Recognition Amendments. For further details, see Note 2 to our accompanying consolidated financial statements.

Gain/(loss) on Sale of Real Estate Assets

On January 1, 2018, we adopted Accounting Standards Update No. 2017-05, *Other Income—Gains and Losses from the Derecognition of Nonfinancial Assets* (Subtopic 610-20): Clarifying the Scope of Asset Derecognition Guidance and Accounting for Partial Sales of Nonfinancial Assets ("ASU 2017-05") concurrent with the Revenue Recognition Amendments mentioned

above. We elected to apply the amendments of ASU 2017-05 on a full retrospective basis; however, there were no adjustments to previously recorded gains/(losses) on sale of real estate as a result of the transition.

Equity Investments Held in Non-qualified Deferred Compensation Plan

On January 1, 2018, we adopted Accounting Standards Update No. 2016-01, *Financial Instruments - Overall (Subtopic 825-10)*, *Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities* ("ASU 2016-01"), as well as Accounting Standards Update No. 2018-03 *Technical Corrections and Improvements to Financial Instruments-Overall (Subtopic 825-10)* ("ASU 2018-03"). These amendments require equity investments, except those accounted for under the equity method of accounting, to be measured at estimated fair value with changes in fair value recognized in net income. Investments in trading securities held in a "rabbi trust" by us are the only securities affected by ASU 2016-01 and ASU 2018-03. As such, we have made a cumulative-effect adjustment to our consolidated balance sheet and consolidated statements of stockholders' equity of approximately \$0.1 million from other comprehensive income to cumulative distributions in excess of earnings, and have recorded changes in fair value in net income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 related to these investment securities.

Interest Rate Derivatives

On January 1, 2018, we early adopted Accounting Standards Update No. 2017-12, *Derivatives and Hedging: Targeted Improvements to Accounting for Hedging Activities* ("ASU 2017-12"). We adopted ASU 2017-12 using the modified retrospective transition method; however, no adjustment was necessary to account for the cumulative effect of the change on the opening balance of each affected component of equity in the consolidated balance sheet as of the date of adoption because there was no cumulative ineffectiveness that had been recorded on our existing interest rate swaps as of December 31, 2017, and all trades were highly effective. The amended presentation and disclosure guidance which is required to be presented prospectively is provided in Note 6 to our accompanying consolidated financial statements.

Other Recent Accounting Pronouncements

The FASB has issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2016-02, *Leases (Topic 842)* ("ASU 2016-02"), which fundamentally changes the definition of a lease, as well as the accounting for operating leases by requiring lessees to recognize assets and liabilities which arise from the lease, consisting of a liability to make lease payments (the lease liability) and a right-of-use asset, representing the right to use the leased asset over the term of the lease. Accounting for leases by lessors is substantially unchanged from prior practice as lessors will continue to recognize lease revenue on a straight-line basis.

Additionally, the FASB has subsequently issued a number of clarifying and technical corrections to ASU 2016-02 through several Accounting Standards Updates ("ASU") as follows:

ASU	Title	Summary	Anticipated Impact on Piedmont's Consolidated Financial Statements Based on Management's Assessment to Date
ASU 2018-01	Leases (Topic 842) Land Easement Practical Expedient for Transition to Topic 842	Clarifies that a land easement is required to be evaluated to determine whether it should be accounted for as a lease upon adoption of ASU 2016-02; also provides an optional practical transition expedient allowing entities not currently assessing land easements under existing leasing guidance prior to adoption of ASU 2016-02 to not apply the new guidance to land easements existing at the date of initial adoption of ASU 2016-02.	Not applicable as we have no land easements.
ASU 2018-10	Codification Improvements to Topic 842, Leases	Clarifications and technical corrections to ASU 2016-02.	No material impact expected.
ASU 2018-11	Leases (Topic 842) Targeted Improvements	Allows certain non-lease operating expense reimbursements which are included in the underlying stated lease rate to be accounted for as part of the lease provided certain criteria are met under an optional practical expedient.	All of our operating expense reimbursements are expected to qualify to be accounted for as a part of the underlying lease.

Although management continues to evaluate the guidance and disclosures required by all of the above ASUs, we do not anticipate any material impact to our consolidated financial statements as a result of adoption related to lessor accounting. However, we do anticipate recording an immaterial right-to-use asset and offsetting lease liability under lessee accounting on our balance sheet upon adoption of ASU 2016-02 on January 1, 2019.

The FASB has issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2018-07, *Stock Compensation (Topic 718)*, Improvements to Nonemployee Share-Based Payment Accounting ("ASU 2018-07"). The provisions of ASU 2018-07 align accounting for stock based compensation for non-employees for goods and services with existing accounting for similar compensation for employees. The amendments supersede previous guidance on accounting for share-based payments to non-employees codified in the FASB's Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 505-50. ASU 2018-07 is effective in the first quarter of 2019, with early adoption permitted at any time provided that the entity has already adopted the provisions of ASC 606. We do not anticipate any material impact to our consolidated financial statements as a result of adoption.

The FASB has issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2016-13, *Financial Instruments—Credit Losses (Topic 326)*, *Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments* ("ASU 2016-13"). The provisions of ASU 2016-13 replace the "incurred loss" approach with an "expected loss" model for impairing trade and other receivables, held-to-maturity debt securities, net investment in leases, and off-balance-sheet credit exposures, which will generally result in earlier recognition of allowances for credit losses. Additionally, the provisions change the classification of credit losses related to available-for-sale securities to an allowance, rather than a direct reduction of the amortized cost of the securities. ASU 2016-13 is effective in the first quarter of 2020, with early adoption permitted as of January 1, 2019. We are currently evaluating the potential impact of adoption.

Related-Party Transactions and Agreements

There were no related-party transactions during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018.

Contractual Obligations

We have had significant changes to our debt structure during the nine months ended September 30, 2018. As such, our contractual obligations related to long-term debt as of September 30, 2018 were as follows (in thousands):

Contractual Obligations	Total	I	Less than 1 year	1-3 years			3-5 years		More than 5 years
Long-term debt (1)	\$ 1,725,033	\$	1,000	\$	29,033	\$		(2) (3)	\$ 650,000 (4)

- Amounts include principal payments only and balances outstanding as of September 30, 2018, not including unamortized issuance discounts, debt issuance costs paid to lenders, or estimated fair value adjustments. We made interest payments, including payments under our interest rate swaps, of approximately \$48.7 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2018, and expect to pay interest in future periods on outstanding debt obligations based on the rates and terms disclosed herein and in Note 4 to our accompanying consolidated financial statements.
- Includes the balance outstanding as of September 30, 2018 of the new \$500 Million Unsecured 2018 Line of Credit. However, we may extend the term for up to one additional year (through two available six month extensions to a final extended maturity date of September 29, 2023) provided we are not then in default and upon payment of extension fees.
- Includes the Amended and Restated \$300 Million Unsecured 2011 Term Loan which has a stated variable rate; however, we have entered into interest rate swap agreements which effectively fix, exclusive of changes to our credit rating, the rate on this facility to 3.20% through January 15, 2020. As such, we estimate incurring, exclusive of changes to our credit rating, approximately \$9.6 million per annum in total interest (comprised of combination of variable contractual rate and settlements under interest rate swap agreements) through January 2020.
- (4) Includes the \$250 Million Unsecured 2018 Term Loan, which has a stated variable rate; however, we entered into \$100 million in notional amount of seven-year interest rate swap agreements and \$50 million in notional amount of two-year interest rate swap agreements, resulting in an effectively fixed interest rate on \$150 million of the term loan at 4.11% through March 29, 2020 and on \$100 million of the term loan at 4.21% from March 30, 2020 through the loan's maturity date of March 31, 2025, assuming no change in our credit rating. For the portion of the \$250 Million Unsecured 2018 Term Loan that continues to have a variable interest rate, we may select from multiple interest rate options, including the prime rate and various length LIBOR locks. All LIBOR selections are subject to an additional spread (1.60% as of March 31, 2018) over the selected interest rate based on our then current credit rating.

Commitments and Contingencies

We are subject to certain commitments and contingencies with regard to certain transactions. Refer to <u>Note 8</u> of our consolidated financial statements for further explanation. Examples of such commitments and contingencies include:

- Commitments Under Existing Lease Agreements; and
- Contingencies Related to Tenant Audits/Disputes.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Our future income, cash flows, and estimated fair values of our financial instruments depend in part upon prevailing market interest rates. Market risk is the exposure to loss resulting from changes in interest rates, foreign currency, exchange rates, commodity prices, and equity prices. Our potential for exposure to market risk includes interest rate fluctuations in connection with borrowings under our \$500 Million Unsecured 2018 Line of Credit, our Amended and Restated \$300 Million Unsecured 2011 Term Loan, and the \$250 Million Unsecured 2018 Term Loan. As a result, the primary market risk to which we believe we are exposed is interest rate risk. Many factors, including governmental monetary and tax policies, domestic and international economic and political considerations, and other factors that are beyond our control contribute to interest rate risk. Our interest rate risk management objectives are to limit the impact of interest rate changes on earnings and cash flow primarily through a low-to-moderate level of overall borrowings, as well as managing the variability in rate fluctuations on our outstanding debt. As such, all of our debt other than the \$500 Million Unsecured 2018 Line of Credit and \$100 million of our \$250 Million Unsecured 2018 Term Loan is currently based on fixed or effectively-fixed interest rates to hedge against volatility in the credit markets.

We do not enter into derivative or interest rate transactions for speculative purposes, as such all of our debt and derivative instruments were entered into for other than trading purposes. The estimated fair value of our debt was approximately \$1.7 billion and \$1.8 billion as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively. Our interest rate swap agreements in place at September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 carried a notional amount totaling \$450 million and \$600 million with a weighted-average fixed interest rate (not including the corporate credit spread) of 2.30% and 1.89%, respectively.

As of September 30, 2018, our total outstanding debt subject to fixed, or effectively fixed, interest rates has an average effective interest rate of approximately 3.79% per annum with expirations ranging from 2021 to 2025. A change in the market interest rate impacts the net financial instrument position of our fixed-rate debt portfolio but has no impact on interest incurred or cash flows.

As of September 30, 2018, we had \$235 million outstanding on our \$500 Million Unsecured 2018 Line of Credit. Our \$500 Million Unsecured 2018 Line of Credit currently has a stated rate of LIBOR plus 0.90% per annum (based on our current corporate credit rating) or the prime rate, at our discretion, resulting in an total interest rate of 3.15%. The current stated interest rate spread on \$100 million of the \$250 Million Unsecured 2018 Term Loan that is not effectively fixed through interest rate swaps is LIBOR plus 1.60% (based on our current corporate credit rating), which, as of September 30, 2018, results in a total interest rate of 3.84%. To the extent that we borrow additional funds in the future under the \$500 Million Unsecured 2018 Line of Credit or potential future variable-rate lines of credit, we would have exposure to increases in interest rates, which would potentially increase our cost of debt. Additionally, a 1.0% increase in variable interest rates on our existing outstanding borrowings as of September 30, 2018 would increase interest expense approximately \$3.4 million on a per annum basis.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Management's Conclusions Regarding the Effectiveness of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of management, including the Principal Executive Officer and the Principal Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures as defined in Rule 15d-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") as of the end of the quarterly period covered by this report. Based upon that evaluation, the Principal Executive Officer and the Principal Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report in providing a reasonable level of assurance that information we are required to disclose in the reports we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in applicable SEC rules and forms, including providing a reasonable level of assurance that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports we file under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to our management, including the Principal Executive Officer and the Principal Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended September 30, 2018 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We are not subject to any material pending legal proceedings. However, we are subject to routine litigation arising in the ordinary course of owning and operating real estate assets. Our management expects that these ordinary routine legal proceedings will be covered by insurance and does not expect these legal proceedings to have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, results of operations, or liquidity. Additionally, management is not aware of any legal proceedings against Piedmont contemplated by governmental authorities.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

There have been no known material changes from the risk factors previously disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

- (a) There were no unregistered sales of equity securities during the third quarter 2018.
- (b) Not applicable.
- (c) During the third quarter 2018, 12,922 shares (at an average price of \$18.95 per share) were purchased by our transfer agent on the open market and conveyed to participants in our Amended and Restated Dividend Reinvestment Plan ("DRP") cumulatively for the third quarter 2018 dividend (paid on September 21, 2018). Such stock repurchases for the quarter ended September 30, 2018 are as follows:

<u>Period</u>	Total Number of Shares Purchased (in thousands)	Average Price Paid per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plan (in thousands) ⁽¹⁾		Maximum Approximate Dollar Value of Shares Available That May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plan (in thousands)
July 1, 2018 to July 31, 2018	_	\$ _	_	\$	123,464
August 1, 2018 to August 31, 2018	_	\$ _	_	\$	123,464
September 1, 2018 to September 30, 2018 (2)	13	\$ 18.95	_	\$	123,464 (1)
Total	13	\$ 18.95	_		

Amounts available for purchase relate only to our Board-authorized stock repurchase plan, and no repurchases were made during the current quarter. As of September 30, 2018, we have \$123.5 million of availability remaining under our current authorization to repurchase shares of our common stock through February 21, 2020. The share repurchase plan is separate from shares purchased for DRP issuance.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

Not applicable.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

Under our DRP, as set forth in a Current Report on Form 8-K filed February 24, 2011, we have the option to either issue shares that we purchase in the open market or issue shares directly from Piedmont from authorized but unissued shares. Such election will take place at the settlement of each quarterly dividend in which there are participants in our DRP, and may change from quarter to quarter based on our judgment of the best use of proceeds for Piedmont.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

ITEM 6.EXHIBITS

Exhibit Number	Description of Document
3.1	Third Articles of Amendment and Restatement of Piedmont Office Realty Trust, Inc. (the "Company") (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009, filed on March 16, 2010)
3.2	Articles of Amendment of the Company effective June 30, 2011 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on July 6, 2011)
3.3	Articles Supplementary of the Company effective June 30, 2011 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on July 6, 2011)
3.4	Articles Supplementary to the Third Articles of Amendment and Restatement of the Company, as supplemented and amended (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on November 14, 2016)
3.5	Articles of Amendment of the Company effective May 22, 2018 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 23, 2018)
3.6	Amended and Restated Bylaws of the Company (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on May 9, 2017)
10.1	Amendment No. 1, dated as of September 28, 2018, to the Term Loan Agreement between Piedmont Operating Partnership, LP, as Borrower and U.S. Bank National Association as Administrative Agent dated as of March 29, 2018
10.2	Revolving Credit Agreement Dated as Of September 28, 2018 by and Among Piedmont Operating Partnership, LP, as Borrower, Piedmont Office Realty Trust, Inc., as Parent, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., SunTrust Robinson Humphrey, Inc., U.S. Bank National Association and PNC Capital Markets LLC, as Joint Lead Arrangers and Joint Bookrunners, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as Administrative Agent, SunTrust Bank, U.S. Bank National Association and PNC Bank, National Association, as Syndication Agents, Bank Of America, N.A., BMO Harris Bank, N.A., Branch Banking and Trust Company, Morgan Stanley Senior Funding, Inc., TD Bank, N.A., The Bank Of Nova Scotia and Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. as Documentation Agents, and the other financial institutions initially signatory thereto and their assignees (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on October 2, 2018).
10.3	Amended and Restated Term Loan Agreement Dated as Of September 28, 2018 by and among Piedmont Operating Partnership, LP, as Borrower, Piedmont Office Realty Trust, Inc., as Parent, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., and SunTrust Robinson Humphrey, Inc., as Co-Lead Arrangers and Book Managers, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as Administrative Agent, SunTrust Bank as Syndication Agent, and the other financial institutions initially signatory thereto and their assignees (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on October 2, 2018)
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document - the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

PIEDMONT OFFICE REALTY TRUST, INC.

(Registrant)

Dated: October 30, 2018 By: /s/ Robert E. Bowers

Robert E. Bowers Chief Financial Officer and Executive Vice President (Principal Financial Officer and Duly Authorized Officer)

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO TERM LOAN AGREEMENT

This **AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO TERM LOAN AGREEMENT**, dated as of September 28, 2018 (this "**Amendment No. 1**"), is by and among **PIEDMONT OPERATING PARTNERSHIP, LP**, a Delaware limited partnership ("**Borrower**"), each of the financial institutions party to the Loan Agreement defined below (collectively, the "**Lenders**" and individually a "**Lender**") and **U.S. BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION**, as Administrative Agent (the "**Agent**"). Reference is made to that certain Term Loan Agreement, dated as of March 29, 2018 (the "**Loan Agreement**"), by and among the Borrower, the Lenders referenced therein and the Agent. Capitalized terms used herein without definition shall have the same meanings as set forth in the Loan Agreement, as amended hereby.

RECITALS

WHEREAS, the Borrower has requested that the Lenders make certain amendments to the Loan Agreement, and the Lenders are willing to make such changes as set forth herein;

- **NOW, THEREFORE,** in consideration of the premises and the agreements, provisions and covenants herein contained, the parties hereto agree as follows:
- **SECTION 1. AMENDMENTS TO LOAN AGREEMENT.** As of the Amendment Effective Date (as defined in Section 3 hereof), the Loan Agreement is hereby amended as follows:
- **1.1 Amendments to Section 1.1.** Section 1.1 of the Loan Agreement is amended by amending and restating each of the following definitions in their entirety to read as follows:
- "Capitalization Rate" means (i) six and one-quarter percent (6.25%) for CBD or Urban Infill Properties and (ii) seven and one-quarter percent (7.25%) for all other Properties.
- **"Existing Credit Facility"** means the \$500,000,000 (subject to increase in accordance with its terms) revolving credit facility evidenced by that certain Revolving Credit Agreement dated as of September 28, 2018 by and among the Borrower, the Parent, the lenders from time to time party thereto as "Lenders", and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as administrative agent, as may be amended, restated, supplemented, modified, refinanced or replaced from time to time.
- **1.2 Further Amendment to Section 1.1.** The second sentence of the definition of "Total Asset Value" in Section 1.1 of the Loan Agreement is amended by adding the following at the end of such sentence:
 - "and (C) if any Property being valued by reference to its Net Operating Income has negative Net Operating Income, the value of such Property shall be deemed to be zero".
- **1.3 Further Amendment to Section 1.1**. The second sentence of the definition of "Unencumbered Asset Value" in Section 1.1 of the Loan Agreement is amended by adding the following at the end of such sentence:
 - "and (C) if any Property being valued by reference to its NOI has negative NOI, the value of such Property shall be deemed to be zero".
- **1.4** Amendment to Section 8.4(m). Section 8.4(m) of the Loan Agreement is amended by (a) adding "(i)" before the words "such certificates" on the first line thereof and (b) adding the following at the end of such section:

- "and (ii) information and documentation reasonably requested by the Agent or any Lender for purposes of compliance with applicable "know-your-customer" and anti-money laundering rules and regulations, including the Patriot Act and 31 C.F.R. §1010.230 (the "Beneficial Ownership Regulation")."
- **1.5** Amendment to Section 10.1(i). Section 10.1(i) of the Loan Agreement is amended by deleting the amount "\$30,000,000" on approximately the eighth line thereof and substituting the amount "\$50,000,000" in place thereof.
- **1.6** Amendment to Section 10.1(j). Section 10.1(j) of the Loan Agreement is amended by deleting the amount "\$30,000,000" on approximately the fourth line thereof and substituting the amount "\$50,000,000" in place thereof.
- **1.7 Amendment to Section 10.1(k)**. Section 10.1(k) of the Loan Agreement is amended by deleting the amount "\$30,000,000" on approximately the second, fourth, tenth and fifteenth lines thereof and substitution the amount "\$50,000,000" in place thereof.
- **1.8 Amendment to Schedule EP**. Schedule EP to the Loan Agreement is amended by deleting such schedule in its entirety and substituting the Schedule EP attached to this Amendment No. 1 in place thereof.

SECTION 2. REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES

In order to induce the Lenders and the Agent to enter into this Amendment No. 1, each of the Parent and the Borrower represents and warrants to each Lender and the Agent that the following statements are true, correct and complete:

- (i) The Borrower and each other Loan Party has the right and power, and has taken all necessary action to authorize it, to execute, deliver and perform each of this Amendment No. 1 and the Loan Agreement as amended by this Amendment No. 1 to which it is a party in accordance with their respective terms and to consummate the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby. This Amendment No. 1 has been duly executed and delivered by the duly authorized officers or other representatives of the Borrower and Parent and is a legal, valid and binding obligation of such Persons enforceable against such Persons in accordance with its terms except as the same may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency, and other similar laws affecting the rights of creditors generally and the availability of equitable remedies for the enforcement of certain obligations (other than the payment of principal) contained herein or therein may be limited by equitable principles generally;
- (ii) The execution, delivery and performance of each of this Amendment No. 1 and the Loan Agreement as amended by this Amendment No. 1 in accordance with its terms do not and will not, by the passage of time, the giving of notice, or both: (i) require any Governmental Approval or violate any Applicable Law (including all Environmental Laws) relating to the Borrower or Parent; (ii) conflict with, result in a breach of or constitute a default under the organizational documents of the Borrower or Parent, or any indenture, agreement or other instrument to which the Borrower or Parent is a party or by which it or any of its respective properties may be bound; or (iii) result in or require the creation or imposition of any Lien upon or with respect to any property now owned or hereafter acquired by the Borrower or Parent;
- (iii) the representations and warranties of the Parent and the Borrower contained in Article VI of the Loan Agreement are and will be true and correct in all material respects on and as of the date hereof and the Amendment Effective Date to the same extent as though made on and as of such dates, except to the

extent such representations and warranties specifically relate to an earlier date, in which case they were true and correct in all material respects on and as of such earlier date and except for changes in factual circumstances not prohibited by the Loan Agreement; and

(iv) no event has occurred and is continuing or will result from the consummation of the transactions contemplated by this Amendment No. 1 that would constitute a Default or Event of Default.

SECTION 3. CONDITIONS TO EFFECTIVENESS

This Amendment No. 1 shall become effective only upon the satisfaction of the following conditions precedent (the date of satisfaction of such conditions being referred to as the "Amendment Effective Date"):

- **A.** The Borrower, the Parent, the Agent, and the Requisite Lenders shall have indicated their consent hereto by the execution and delivery of the signature pages hereof to the Agent, including, in the case of Parent, the signature page to the Reaffirmation of Facility Guaranty attached to this Amendment No. 1.
- **B.** The Agent shall have received all reasonable out-of-pocket costs and expenses for which invoices have been presented (including the reasonable fees and expenses of legal counsel for which the Borrower agrees it is responsible pursuant to Section 12.2 of the Loan Agreement), incurred in connection with this Amendment No. 1.

SECTION 4. MISCELLANEOUS

A. Reference to and Effect on the Loan Agreement and the Other Loan Documents.

- (i) On and after the effective date of this Amendment No. 1, each reference in the Loan Agreement to "this Agreement", "hereof", "herein" or words of like import referring to the Loan Agreement and each reference in the other Loan Documents to the "Loan Agreement", "thereunder", "thereof" or words of like import referring to the Loan Agreement shall mean and be a reference to the Loan Agreement as amended hereby. This Amendment No. 1 shall constitute a "Loan Document" under the Loan Agreement.
- (ii) Except as specifically amended by this Amendment No. 1, the Loan Agreement and the other Loan Documents shall remain in full force and effect and are hereby ratified and confirmed.
- (iii) The execution, delivery and performance of this Amendment No. 1 shall not, except as expressly provided herein, constitute a waiver of any provision of, or operate as a waiver of any right, power or remedy of the Agent or any Lender under the Loan Agreement or any of the other Loan Documents.
- **B. Headings.** Section and subsection headings in this Amendment No. 1 are included herein for convenience of reference only and shall not constitute a part of this Amendment No. 1 for any other purpose or be given any substantive effect.
- C. Applicable Law. THIS AMENDMENT NO. 1 AND THE RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS OF THE PARTIES HEREUNDER SHALL BE GOVERNED BY, AND CONSTRUED AND INTERPRETED IN ACCORDANCE WITH, THE LAW OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK PURSUANT TO SECTION 5-1401 OF THE NEW YORK GENERAL OBLIGATIONS LAW, WITHOUT REGARD FOR PRINCIPLES OF CONFLICTS OF LAW.

D.	Counterparts;	Effectiveness.	This Amend	lment No. 1	1 may be e	xecuted in	any number	r of counterp	arts and by
different parties l	hereto in separat	e counterparts,	each of whice	ch when so	executed ar	nd delivere	d shall be de	emed an orig	ginal, but all
such counterpart	s together shall	constitute but	one and the	e same ins	trument; sig	gnature pag	ges may be	detached fro	om multiple
separate counterp	parts and attache	d to a single co	ounterpart so	that all sign	nature page	s are physic	cally attache	d to the same	e document.
Delivery of an ex	xecuted counterp	art of a signati	ure page of t	his Amendı	ment No. 1	by facsimi	le or electro	nic transmiss	sion shall be
effective as deliv	very of a manua	lly executed c	ounterpart of	f this Amei	ndment No.	1. Unless	set forth in	writing to t	he contrary,
execution of this	Amendment No	. 1 by a Lender	r shall be dee	med conclu	sive eviden	ce that the	conditions p	recedent to e	ffectiveness
set forth in Section	on 3 shall have b	een satisfied or	r waived to th	ne satisfactio	on of such I	Lender.			

[Signature Pages Follow]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF,	the parties her	eto have cause	d this A	Amendment No	. 1 to be	duly executed	and	delivered 1	by
their respective officers thereunto duly	authorized as	of the date firs	st writte	en above.					

BORROWER:

PIEDMONT OPERATING PARTNERSHIP, LP

By:	Piedmont Office Realty Trust, Inc., its General Partner
	By:
	Name:
	Title:
PARI	ENT:
PIED	MONT OFFICE REALTY TRUST, INC.
	By:
	Name:
	Title:

By: Name:

Title:

 $\boldsymbol{U.S.}$ \boldsymbol{BANK} $\boldsymbol{NATIONAL}$ $\boldsymbol{ASSOCIATION},$ as Agent and as a Lender

PNC BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION

By:			
Name:			
Title:			

SUNTRUST BANK

Ву:	
Name:	
Title:	

BMO HARRIS BANK, N.A.

By:		
Name:		
Title:		

TD BANK, N.A. By:

Name:

Title:

BRANCH BANKING AND TRUST COMPANY

By:			
Name:			
Title:			

ASSOCIATED BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION

By:			
Name:			
Title:			

Reaffirmation of Facility Guaranty

The undersigned Guarantor hereby (a) acknowledges the foregoing Amendment No. 1, (b) reaffirms its guaranty of the Guarantied Obligations (as defined in the Facility Guaranty executed and delivered by such Guarantor) under or in connection with the Loan Agreement, as modified by this Amendment No. 1, in accordance with the Facility Guaranty executed and delivered by such Guarantor, and (c) confirms that its Facility Guaranty shall remain in full force and effect after giving effect to this Amendment No. 1.

[Signature Pages Follow]

PIEDMONT OFFICE REALTY TRUST, INC.
By: Name:

GUARANTOR:

Title:

EXHIBIT 31.1 PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO

SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Donald A. Miller, CFA, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2018 of Piedmont Office Realty Trust, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(f)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Dated: October 30, 2018

By: /s/ Donald A. Miller, CFA

Donald A. Miller, CFA
Principal Executive Officer

EXHIBIT 31.2 PRINCIPAL FINANCIAL OFFICER CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO

SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Robert E. Bowers, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2018 of Piedmont Office Realty Trust, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about
 the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such
 evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Dated: October 30, 2018

By: /s/ Robert E. Bowers

Robert E. Bowers

Principal Financial Officer

EXHIBIT 32.1 CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER PURSUANT TO

SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002 (18 U.S.C. 1350)

In connection with the Report of Piedmont Office Realty Trust, Inc. (the "Registrant") on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2018, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Report"), the undersigned, Donald A. Miller, CFA, Chief Executive Officer of the Registrant, hereby certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, as adopted pursuant to §906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to the best of my knowledge and belief:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Registrant.

By: /s/ Donald A. Miller, CFA

Donald A. Miller, CFA Chief Executive Officer October 30, 2018

EXHIBIT 32.2 CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO

SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002 (18 U.S.C. 1350)

In connection with the Report of Piedmont Office Realty Trust, Inc. (the "Registrant") on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2018, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Report"), the undersigned, Robert E. Bowers, Chief Financial Officer of the Registrant, hereby certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, as adopted pursuant to §906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to the best of my knowledge and belief:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Registrant.

By: /s/ Robert E. Bowers

Robert E. Bowers Chief Financial Officer October 30, 2018