UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

		FORM 1)-Q	
(Mark One)				
	F PURSUANT TO	SECTION 13 or 15(d) OF	THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE AC	T of 1934
For the Quarterly Period Ended	March 31, 2022	0.70		
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) SECTION 13 or 15(a) OF	THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE AC	1 01 1934
For the Transition Period From	To		001 24626	
		Commission file number		
	Pied	mont Office Rea (Exact name of registrant as spec		
M (State or other jurisdiction	aryland of incorporation or or	rganization)	58-232842 (I.R.S. Employer Identific	
(.	Ç F	,
		5565 Glenridge Conne Atlanta, Georgia (Address of principal executive	30342	
		(770) 418-88 (Registrant's telephone number,		
	(Former na	N/A ne, former address and former fisca	l year, if changed since last report)	
Tide of seak along	Secur	rities registered pursuant to S		
Title of each class Common Stock, \$0.01	nar value	Trading Symbol(s) PDM	Name of exchange on which register New York Stock Exchange	ed
Common Stock, wo.o.	pur vuiuc	1 101/1	New Tork Stock Exchange	
	or for such shorter		pe filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Secretary required to file such reports), and (2)	
			Interactive Data File required to be sul or such shorter period that the registra	
	the definitions of		erated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a s celerated filer," "smaller reporting co	
Large accelerated filer	X		Accelerated filer	
Non-accelerated filer			Smaller reporting company Emerging growth company	
		<u>o</u>	not to use the extended transition perio	od for complying with any new
Indicate by check mark whether th	e registrant is a she	ell company (as defined in Rul	e 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes \Box N	No X
	N	umber of shares outstanding common stock, as of Ap 123,330,862 sh	oril 26, 2022:	
Large accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer If an emerging growth company, ir or revised financial accounting star	X Indicate by check mandards provided pure registrant is a she	ersuant to Section 13(a) of the sell company (as defined in Rul fumber of shares outstanding common stock, as of Aj	Smaller reporting company Emerging growth company not to use the extended transition period Exchange Act. 0 2 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes of the Registrant's oril 26, 2022:	□ □ od for complying with any

FORM 10-Q

PIEDMONT OFFICE REALTY TRUST, INC.

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CAUTIONARY NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain statements contained in this Form 10-Q may constitute forward-looking statements within the meaning of the federal securities laws. In addition, Piedmont Office Realty Trust, Inc. ("Piedmont," "we," "our," or "us"), or its executive officers on Piedmont's behalf, may from time to time make forward-looking statements in reports and other documents Piedmont files with the Securities and Exchange Commission or in connection with other written or oral statements made to the press, potential investors, or others. Statements regarding future events and developments and Piedmont's future performance, as well as management's expectations, beliefs, plans, estimates, or projections relating to the future, are forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements include statements preceded by, followed by, or that include the words "may," "will," "expect," "intend," "anticipate," "estimate," "believe," "continue," or other similar words. Examples of such statements in this report include descriptions of our real estate, financings, and operating objectives; discussions regarding future dividends and share repurchases; and discussions regarding the potential impact of economic conditions on our real estate and lease portfolio, among others.

These statements are based on beliefs and assumptions of Piedmont's management, which in turn are based on information available at the time the statements are made. Important assumptions relating to the forward-looking statements include, among others, assumptions regarding the demand for office space in the markets in which Piedmont operates, competitive conditions, and general economic conditions. These assumptions could prove inaccurate. The forward-looking statements also involve risks and uncertainties, which could cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statement. Many of these factors are beyond Piedmont's ability to control or predict. Such factors include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Economic, regulatory, socio-economic changes, and/or technology changes (including accounting standards) that impact the real estate market generally, or that could affect patterns of use of commercial office space;
- The impact of competition on our efforts to renew existing leases or re-let space on terms similar to existing leases;
- Changes in the economies and other conditions affecting the office sector in general and specifically the markets in which we primarily operate where we have high concentrations of our Annualized Lease Revenue ("ALR") (see definition below);
- Lease terminations, lease defaults, lease contractions, or changes in the financial condition of our tenants, particularly by one of our large lead tenants;
- Adverse market and economic conditions, including any resulting impairment charges on both our long-lived assets or goodwill resulting therefrom;
- The success of our real estate strategies and investment objectives, including our ability to identify and consummate suitable acquisitions and divestitures;
- The illiquidity of real estate investments, including regulatory restrictions to which real estate investment trusts ("REITs") are subject and the resulting impediment on our ability to quickly respond to adverse changes in the performance of our properties;
- The risks and uncertainties associated with our acquisition and disposition of properties, many of which risks and uncertainties may not be known at the time of acquisition or disposition;
- · Development and construction delays, including the potential of supply chain disruptions, and resultant increased costs and risks;
- Our real estate redevelopment and development strategies may not be successful;
- Future acts of terrorism, civil unrest, or armed hostilities in any of the major metropolitan areas in which we own properties, or future cybersecurity attacks against any of our properties or our tenants;
- Risks related to the occurrence of cyber incidents, or a deficiency in our cybersecurity, which could negatively impact our business by causing a disruption to our operations, a compromise or corruption of our confidential information, and/or damage to our business relationships;
- Costs of complying with governmental laws and regulations;
- · Uninsured losses or losses in excess of our insurance coverage, and our inability to obtain adequate insurance coverage at a reasonable cost;
- Additional risks and costs associated with directly managing properties occupied by government tenants, including an increased risk of default by
 government tenants during periods in which state or federal governments are shut down or on furlough;
- Significant price and volume fluctuations in the public markets, including on the exchange which we listed our common stock;
- Changes in interest rates and changes in the method pursuant to which the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") rates are determined and the planned phasing out of United States dollar ("USD") LIBOR after June 2023;
- Rising interest rates which could affect our return on investments and/or our ability to finance or refinance properties;

- The effect of future offerings of debt or equity securities or changes in market interest rates on the value of our common stock;
- Additional risks and costs associated with inflation and continuing increases in the rate of inflation;
- Uncertainties associated with environmental and other regulatory matters;
- Potential changes in the political environment and reduction in federal and/or state funding of our governmental tenants;
- Changes in the financial condition of our tenants directly or indirectly resulting from geopolitical developments that could negatively affect important supply chains and international trade, the termination or threatened termination of existing international trade agreements, or the implementation of tariffs or retaliatory tariffs on imported or exported goods;
- The effect of any litigation to which we are, or may become, subject;
- Additional risks and costs associated with owning properties occupied by tenants in particular industries, such as oil and gas, hospitality, travel, co-working, etc., including risks of default during start-up and during economic downturns;
- Changes in tax laws impacting REITs and real estate in general, as well as our ability to continue to qualify as a REIT under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), or other tax law changes which may adversely affect our stockholders;
- The future effectiveness of our internal controls and procedures;
- Actual or threatened public health epidemics or outbreaks, such as the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic, as well as governmental and private measures taken to combat such health crises, could have a material adverse effect on our business operations and financial results.
- · The adequacy of our general reserve related to tenant lease-related assets or the establishment of any other reserve in the future; and
- Other factors, including the risk factors discussed under Item 1A. of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021.

Management believes these forward-looking statements are reasonable; however, undue reliance should not be placed on any forward-looking statements, which are based on current expectations. Further, forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they are made, and management undertakes no obligation to update publicly any of them in light of new information or future events.

Information Regarding Disclosures Presented

ALR is calculated by multiplying (i) current rental payments (defined as base rent plus operating expense reimbursements, if payable by the tenant on a monthly basis under the terms of a lease that has been executed, but excluding (a) rental abatements and (b) rental payments related to executed but not commenced leases for space that was covered by an existing lease), by (ii) 12. In instances in which contractual rents or operating expense reimbursements are collected on an annual, semi-annual, or quarterly basis, such amounts are multiplied by a factor of 1, 2, or 4, respectively, to calculate the annualized figure. For leases that have been executed but not commenced relating to unleased space, ALR is calculated by multiplying (i) the monthly base rental payment (excluding abatements) plus any operating expense reimbursements for the initial month of the lease term, by (ii) 12. Unless stated otherwise, this measure excludes revenues associated with development properties and properties taken out of service for redevelopment, if any.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

The information presented in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets and related consolidated statements of income, comprehensive income, stockholders' equity, and cash flows reflects all adjustments that are, in management's opinion, necessary for a fair and consistent presentation of financial position, results of operations, and cash flows in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP").

The accompanying financial statements should be read in conjunction with the notes to Piedmont's financial statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations included in this report on Form 10-Q and with Piedmont's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021. Piedmont's results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2022 are not necessarily indicative of the operating results expected for the full year.

PIEDMONT OFFICE REALTY TRUST, INC. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(in thousands, except for share and per share amounts)

(in thousands, except for share and per share amounts)	Ma	audited) arch 31, 2022	·	December 31, 2021
Assets:				
Real estate assets, at cost:				
Land	\$	521,789	\$	529,941
Buildings and improvements, less accumulated depreciation of \$863,306 and \$861,206 as of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively		2,488,501		2,513,697
Intangible lease assets, less accumulated amortization of \$86,664 and \$83,777 as of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively		86,353		94,380
Construction in progress		50,719		43,406
Real estate assets held for sale, net				63,887
Total real estate assets		3,147,362		3,245,311
Cash and cash equivalents		7,211		7,419
Tenant receivables, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$4,000 as of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021		3,095		2,995
Straight-line rent receivables		164,776		162,632
Notes receivable		_		118,500
Restricted cash and escrows		1,457		1,441
Prepaid expenses and other assets		21,318		20,485
Goodwill		98,918		98,918
Deferred lease costs, less accumulated amortization of \$210,731 and \$205,100 as of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively		255,503		264,571
Other assets held for sale, net		_		8,393
Total assets	\$	3,699,640	\$	3,930,665
Liabilities:			_	
Unsecured debt, net of discount and unamortized debt issuance costs of \$11,447 and \$12,210 as of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively	\$	1,669,553	\$	1,877,790
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and accrued capital expenditures		83,609		114,453
Dividends payable		´ —		26,048
Deferred income		79,493		80,686
Intangible lease liabilities, less accumulated amortization of \$37,349 and \$35,880 as of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively		36,077		39,341
Interest rate swaps		434		4,924
Total liabilities		1,869,166		2,143,242
Commitments and Contingencies (Note 6)				
Stockholders' Equity:				
Shares-in-trust, 150,000,000 shares authorized; none outstanding as of March 31, 2022 or December 31, 2021		_		_
Preferred stock, no par value, 100,000,000 shares authorized; none outstanding as of March 31, 2022 or December 31, 2021		_		_
Common stock, \$0.01 par value, 750,000,000 shares authorized; 123,330,862 and 123,076,695 shares issued and outstanding as of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively		1,233		1,231
Additional paid-in capital		3,706,207		3,701,798
Cumulative distributions in excess of earnings		(1,865,016)		(1,899,081)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(13,573)		(18,154)
Piedmont stockholders' equity		1,828,851		1,785,794
Noncontrolling interest		1,623		1,629
Total stockholders' equity		1,830,474		1,787,423
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	3,699,640	\$	3,930,665
Total natifices and stockholders equity	Ψ	3,033,040	Ψ	2,530,003

PIEDMONT OFFICE REALTY TRUST, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (UNAUDITED)

(in thousands, except for share and per share amounts)

		Three Mor		,
Devenues		2022		2021
Revenues: Rental and tenant reimbursement revenue	\$	131,912	\$	125,912
Property management fee revenue	Ψ	651	Ψ	758
Other property related income		3,586		2,587
Outer property related income		136,149	_	129,257
Expenses:		130,143		123,237
Property operating costs		53,622		51,424
Depreciation Depreciation		31,515		28,103
Amortization		22,252		22,912
General and administrative		7,595		7,251
		114,984	_	109,690
Other income (expense):				
Interest expense		(13,898)		(12,580)
Other income		2,024		2,356
Gain on sale of real estate assets		50,673		_
		38,799		(10,224)
Net income		59,964		9,343
Net loss applicable to noncontrolling interest		_		1
Net income applicable to Piedmont	\$	59,964	\$	9,344
Per share information – basic and diluted:			=	
Net income applicable to common stockholders	\$	0.49	\$	0.08
Weighted-average common shares outstanding – basic	==	123,225,145		123,945,972
Weighted-average common shares outstanding – diluted		123,509,990	_	124,449,731

PIEDMONT OFFICE REALTY TRUST, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UNAUDITED) (in thousands)

	Three Months Ended March 31,					
	2022		20	21	_	
Net income applicable to Piedmont	\$	59,964		\$ 9,34	14	
Other comprehensive income:		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			_	
Effective portion of gain on derivative instruments that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges (See Note 4)	3,876		1,561			
Plus: Reclassification of net loss included in net income (See Note 4)	705		726			
Other comprehensive income		4,581		2,28	37	
Comprehensive income applicable to Piedmont	\$	64,545		\$ 11,63	<u>.</u>	

PIEDMONT OFFICE REALTY TRUST, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (UNAUDITED) FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2022 AND 2021

(in thousands, except per share amounts)

	Commo		ock nount	Additional Paid-In Capital	Cumulative Distributions in Excess of Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income/(Loss)	Non- controlling Interest	Total Stockholders' Equity
Balance, December 31, 2021	123,077	\$	1,231	\$3,701,798	\$(1,899,081)	\$ (18,154)	\$ 1,629	\$ 1,787,423
Dividends to common stockholders (\$0.21 per share) and stockholders of subsidiaries	_		_	_	(25,899)	_	(6)	(25,905)
Shares issued and amortized under the 2007 Omnibus Incentive Plan, net of tax	254		2	4,409	_	_	_	4,411
Net income applicable to Piedmont	_		_	_	59,964	_	_	59,964
Other comprehensive income	_		_	_	_	4,581	_	4,581
Balance, March 31, 2022	123,331	\$	1,233	\$3,706,207	\$(1,865,016)	\$ (13,573)	\$ 1,623	\$ 1,830,474
	Commo		ock nount	Additional Paid-In Capital	Cumulative Distributions in Excess of Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income/(Loss)	Non- controlling Interest	Total Stockholders' Equity
Balance, December 31, 2020		An		Paid-In	Distributions in Excess of	Other Comprehensive	controlling Interest	Stockholders'
Balance, December 31, 2020 Dividends to common stockholders (\$0.21 per share) and stockholders of subsidiaries	Shares	An	nount	Paid-In Capital	Distributions in Excess of Earnings	Other Comprehensive Income/(Loss)	controlling Interest	Stockholders' Equity
Dividends to common stockholders (\$0.21 per share) and	Shares	An	nount	Paid-In Capital	Distributions in Excess of Earnings \$ (1,774,856)	Other Comprehensive Income/(Loss)	controlling Interest \$ 1,683	Stockholders' Equity \$ 1,897,961
Dividends to common stockholders (\$0.21 per share) and stockholders of subsidiaries Shares issued and amortized under the 2007 Omnibus	Shares 123,839	An	nount 1,238	Paid-In Capital \$3,693,996	Distributions in Excess of Earnings \$ (1,774,856)	Other Comprehensive Income/(Loss)	controlling Interest \$ 1,683	Stockholders' Equity \$ 1,897,961 (26,053)
Dividends to common stockholders (\$0.21 per share) and stockholders of subsidiaries Shares issued and amortized under the 2007 Omnibus Incentive Plan, net of tax	Shares 123,839	An	nount 1,238	Paid-In Capital \$3,693,996	Distributions in Excess of Earnings \$ (1,774,856)	Other Comprehensive Income/(Loss)	controlling Interest \$ 1,683 (7)	**Stockholders' Equity \$ 1,897,961 (26,053) 3,807
Dividends to common stockholders (\$0.21 per share) and stockholders of subsidiaries Shares issued and amortized under the 2007 Omnibus Incentive Plan, net of tax Net loss applicable to noncontrolling interest	Shares 123,839	An	nount 1,238	Paid-In Capital \$3,693,996	Distributions in Excess of Earnings \$(1,774,856) (26,046)	Other Comprehensive Income/(Loss)	controlling Interest \$ 1,683 (7)	\$ 1,897,961 (26,053) 3,807 (1)

PIEDMONT OFFICE REALTY TRUST, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

(in thousands)

Three Months Ended

March 31, 2021 **Cash Flows from Operating Activities:** Net income 59,964 9,343 Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: 31,515 28,103 Depreciation Amortization of debt issuance costs inclusive of settled interest rate swaps 869 760 20,111 21,132 Other amortization General reserve for uncollectible accounts 412 Stock compensation expense 2,814 3,275 Gain on sale of real estate assets (50,673)Changes in assets and liabilities: (2,561)Increase in tenant and straight-line rent receivables (3,712)(Increase)/decrease in prepaid expenses and other assets 224 (947)(19,066)Decrease in accounts payable and accrued expenses (15,790)(Decrease)/increase in deferred income (1,026)1,922 Net cash provided by operating activities 39,849 46,820 **Cash Flows from Investing Activities:** Capitalized expenditures (32,565)(25,759)Net sales proceeds from wholly-owned properties 143,594 118,500 Proceeds from notes receivable Deferred lease costs paid (5,235)(2,054)Net cash provided by/(used in) investing activities 224,294 (27,813)**Cash Flows from Financing Activities:** Debt issuance and other costs paid (15)(21)Proceeds from debt 87,000 91,000 Repayments of debt (296,000)(52,185)Value of shares withheld for payment of taxes related to employee stock compensation (3,366)(2,164)Repurchases of common stock as part of announced plan (685)(51,954)Dividends paid (51,736)Net cash used in financing activities (264,335) (15,791) Net (decrease)/increase in cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash and escrows (192)3,216 Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash and escrows, beginning of period 8,860 9,214 Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash and escrows, end of period 8,668 12,430

PIEDMONT OFFICE REALTY TRUST, INC. CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2022 (Unaudited)

1. Organization

Piedmont Office Realty Trust, Inc. ("Piedmont") (NYSE: PDM) is a Maryland corporation that operates in a manner so as to qualify as a real estate investment trust ("REIT") for federal income tax purposes and engages in the ownership, management, development, redevelopment, and operation of high-quality, Class A office properties located primarily in the Sunbelt. Piedmont was incorporated in 1997 and commenced operations in 1998. Piedmont conducts business through its wholly-owned subsidiary, Piedmont Operating Partnership, L.P. ("Piedmont OP"), a Delaware limited partnership. Piedmont OP owns properties directly, through wholly-owned subsidiaries, and through various joint ventures which it controls. References to Piedmont herein shall include Piedmont and all of its subsidiaries, including Piedmont OP and its subsidiaries and joint ventures.

As of March 31, 2022, Piedmont owned 52 in-service, Class A office properties and one redevelopment asset, primarily located within the Sunbelt. As of March 31, 2022, the in-service portfolio comprised approximately 16.1 million square feet (unaudited) and was 87.0% leased.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation and Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements of Piedmont have been prepared in accordance with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), including the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X, and do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, the statements for the unaudited interim periods presented include all adjustments, which are of a normal and recurring nature, necessary for a fair presentation of the results for such periods. Results for these interim periods are not necessarily indicative of a full year's results.

Piedmont's consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Piedmont, Piedmont's wholly-owned subsidiaries, any variable interest entity ("VIE") of which Piedmont or any of its wholly-owned subsidiaries is considered to have the power to direct the activities of the entity and the obligation to absorb losses/right to receive benefits, or any entity in which Piedmont or any of its wholly-owned subsidiaries owns a controlling interest. In determining whether Piedmont or Piedmont OP has a controlling interest, the following factors, among others, are considered: equity ownership, voting rights, protective rights of investors, and participatory rights of investors. For further information, refer to the financial statements and footnotes included in Piedmont's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021.

All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated upon consolidation.

Further, Piedmont has formed special purpose entities to acquire and hold real estate. Each special purpose entity is a separate legal entity. Consequently, the assets of these special purpose entities are not available to all creditors of Piedmont. The assets owned by these special purpose entities are being reported on a consolidated basis with Piedmont's assets for financial reporting purposes only.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the accompanying consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the accompanying consolidated financial statements and notes. The most significant of these estimates include the underlying cash flows and holding periods used in assessing impairment, judgements regarding the recoverability of goodwill, and the assessment of the collectibility of receivables. While Piedmont has made, what it believes to be, appropriate accounting estimates based on the facts and circumstances available as of the reporting date, actual results could materially differ from those estimates.

Income Taxes

Piedmont has elected to be taxed as a REIT under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and has operated as such, beginning with its taxable year ended December 31, 1998. To qualify as a REIT, Piedmont must meet certain organizational and operational requirements, including a requirement to distribute at least 90% of its annual REIT taxable income. As a REIT, Piedmont is generally not subject to federal income taxes, subject to fulfilling, among other things, its taxable income distribution requirement. Piedmont is subject to certain taxes related to the operations of properties in certain locations, as well as operations conducted by its taxable REIT subsidiary which have been provided for in the financial statements.

Operating Leases

Piedmont recognized the following fixed and variable lease payments, which together comprised rental and tenant reimbursement revenue in the accompanying consolidated statements of income for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, as follows (in thousands):

Three Months Ended

	Tinee Wonds Ended				
	March 31, 2022			March 31, 2021	
Fixed payments	\$	109,732	\$	105,170	
Variable payments		22,180		20,742	
Total Rental and Tenant Reimbursement Revenue	\$	131,912	\$	125,912	

Operating leases where Piedmont is the lessee relate primarily to office space in buildings owned by third parties. Piedmont's right of use asset and corresponding lease liability was approximately \$40,000 and \$60,000 as of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively. The right of use asset is recorded as a component of prepaid expenses and other assets, whereas the corresponding liability is presented as a component of accounts payable, accrued expenses, and accrued capital expenditures in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. For the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, Piedmont recognized approximately \$20,000 of operating lease costs related to these office space leases. As of March 31, 2022, the remaining lease term of Piedmont's right of use asset is approximately six months, and the discount rate is 1.06%.

3. Debt

The following table summarizes the terms of Piedmont's indebtedness outstanding as of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021 (in thousands):

					Amount Out	standiı	ıg as of
Facility (1)	Stated Rate	Effecti <u>y</u> e Rate	Maturity	M	arch 31, 2022	Dece	ember 31, 2021
\$500 Million Unsecured 2018 Line of Credit (3)	LIBOR + 0.90%	1.36 %	9/30/2022 (4)	\$	81,000	\$	290,000
\$350 Million Unsecured Senior Notes due 2023	3.40 %	3.43 %	6/01/2023		350,000		350,000
\$400 Million Unsecured Senior Notes due 2024	4.45 %	4.10 %	3/15/2024		400,000		400,000
\$250 Million Unsecured 2018 Term Loan	LIBOR + 0.95%	2.26 % (5)	3/31/2025		250,000		250,000
\$300 Million Unsecured Senior Notes due 2030	3.15 %	3.90 %	8/15/2030		300,000		300,000
\$300 Million Unsecured Senior Notes due 2032	2.75 %	2.78 %	4/1/2032		300,000		300,000
Discounts and unamortized debt issuance costs					(11,447)		(12,210)
Total/Weighted Average (6)	3.22 %			\$	1,669,553	\$	1,877,790

- (1) All of Piedmont's outstanding debt as of March 31, 2022 is unsecured and interest-only until maturity.
- Effective rate after consideration of settled or in-place interest rate swap agreements and issuance discounts.
- On a periodic basis, Piedmont may select from multiple interest rate options, including the prime rate and various-length LIBOR locks on all or a portion of the principal. All LIBOR selections are subject to an additional spread over the selected rate based on Piedmont's current credit rating.

- Piedmont may extend the term for up to one additional year (through two available six month extensions to a final extended maturity date of September 29, 2023) provided Piedmont is not then in default and upon payment of extension fees.
- The facility has a stated variable rate; however, Piedmont has entered into interest rate swap agreements which effectively fix, exclusive of changes to Piedmont's credit rating, \$100 million of the principal balance to 3.56% through the maturity date of the loan. For the remaining variable portion of the loan, Piedmont may periodically select from multiple interest rate options, including the prime rate and various-length LIBOR locks on all or a portion of the principal. All LIBOR selections are subject to an additional spread over the selected rate based on Piedmont's current credit rating. The rate presented is the weighted-average rate for the effectively fixed and variable portions of the debt outstanding as of March 31, 2022 (see Note 4 for more detail).
- (6) Weighted average is based on contractual balance of outstanding debt and the stated or effectively fixed interest rates as of March 31, 2022.

Piedmont made interest payments on all debt facilities, including interest rate swap cash settlements, of approximately \$15.8 million and \$16.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Also, Piedmont capitalized interest of approximately \$1.0 million and \$0.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. As of March 31, 2022, Piedmont believes it was in compliance with all financial covenants associated with its debt instruments.

See Note 5 for a description of Piedmont's estimated fair value of debt as of March 31, 2022.

4. Derivative Instruments

Risk Management Objective of Using Derivatives

In addition to operational risks which arise in the normal course of business, Piedmont is exposed to economic risks such as interest rate, liquidity, and credit risk. In certain situations, Piedmont has entered into derivative financial instruments such as interest rate swap agreements and other similar agreements to manage interest rate risk exposure arising from current or future variable rate debt transactions. Interest rate swap agreements involve the receipt or payment of future known and uncertain cash amounts, the value of which are determined by interest rates. Piedmont's objective in using interest rate derivatives is to add stability to interest expense and to manage its exposure to interest rate movements.

Cash Flow Hedges of Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate swaps designated as cash flow hedges involve the receipt of variable-rate amounts from a counterparty in exchange for Piedmont making fixed-rate payments over the life of the agreements without exchange of the underlying notional amount.

The maximum length of time over which Piedmont is hedging its exposure to the variability in future cash flows for forecasted transactions is 36 months. A detail of Piedmont's interest rate derivatives outstanding as of March 31, 2022 is as follows:

Interest Rate Derivatives:	Number of Swap Agreements	Associated Debt Instrument	Total Notional Amount (in millions)	Effective Date	Maturity Date
Interest rate Derivatives	- Igreements		()		
		\$250 Million Unsecured 2018 Term			
Interest rate swaps	2	Loan	\$ 100	3/29/2018	3/31/2025

Piedmont presents its interest rate derivatives on its consolidated balance sheets on a gross basis as interest rate swap assets and interest rate swap liabilities. A detail of Piedmont's interest rate derivatives on a gross and net basis as of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively, is as follows (in thousands):

Interest rate swaps classified as:	March 31, 2022			December 31, 2021
Gross derivative assets	\$		\$	_
Gross derivative liabilities		(434)		(4,924)
Net derivative liability	\$	(434)	\$	(4,924)

The gain/(loss) on Piedmont's interest rate derivatives, including previously settled forward swaps, that was recorded in other comprehensive income ("OCI") and the accompanying consolidated statements of income as a component of interest expense for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, is as follows (in thousands):

		nded		
Interest Rate Swaps in Cash Flow Hedging Relationships		March 31, 2022		March 31, 2021
Amount of gain recognized in OCI	\$	3,876	\$	1,561
Amount of previously recorded loss reclassified from OCI into interest expense	\$	(705)	\$	(726)
Total amount of interest expense presented in the consolidated statements of income	\$	(13,898)	\$	(12,580)

Piedmont estimates that approximately \$1.2 million will be reclassified from OCI as an increase in interest expense over the next twelve months. Piedmont recognized no hedge ineffectiveness on its cash flow hedges during the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Additionally, see Note 5 for fair value disclosures of Piedmont's derivative instruments.

Credit-risk-related Contingent Features

Piedmont has agreements with its derivative counterparties that contain a provision whereby if Piedmont defaults on any of its indebtedness, including default where repayment of the indebtedness has not been accelerated by the lender, then Piedmont could also be declared in default on its derivative obligations. If Piedmont were to breach any of the contractual provisions of the derivative contracts, it could be required to settle its liability obligations under the agreements at their termination value of the estimated fair values plus accrued interest, or approximately \$0.5 million as of March 31, 2022. Additionally, Piedmont has rights of set-off under certain of its derivative agreements related to potential termination fees and amounts payable under the agreements, if a termination were to occur.

5. Fair Value Measurement of Financial Instruments

Piedmont considers its cash and cash equivalents, tenant receivables, notes receivable, restricted cash and escrows, accounts payable and accrued expenses, interest rate swap agreements, and debt to meet the definition of financial instruments. The following table sets forth the carrying and estimated fair value for each of Piedmont's financial instruments, as well as its level within the GAAP fair value hierarchy, as of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively (in thousands):

			Mar	rch 31, 2022		Γ		
Financial Instrument	Ca	Estimated Carrying Value Fair Value				Carrying Value	Estimated Fair Value	Level Within Fair Value Hierarchy
Assets:				<u> </u>				
Cash and cash equivalents (1)	\$	7,211	\$	7,211	Level 1	\$ 7,419	\$ 7,419	Level 1
Tenant receivables, net (1)	\$	3,095	\$	3,095	Level 1	\$ 2,995	\$ 2,995	Level 1
Notes receivable	\$	_	\$	_		\$ 118,500	\$ 120,075	Level 2
Restricted cash and escrows (1)	\$	1,457	\$	1,457	Level 1	\$ 1,441	\$ 1,441	Level 1
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable and accrued expenses (1)	\$	10,977	\$	10,977	Level 1	\$ 45,065	\$ 45,065	Level 1
Interest rate swaps	\$	434	\$	434	Level 2	\$ 4,924	\$ 4,924	Level 2
Debt, net	\$	1,669,553	\$	1,645,698	Level 2	\$ 1,877,790	\$ 1,938,563	Level 2

⁽¹⁾ For the periods presented, the carrying value of these financial instruments, net of applicable allowance, approximates estimated fair value due to their short-term maturity.

Piedmont's debt were carried at book value as of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, and its notes receivable was carried at book value as of December 31, 2021; however, Piedmont's estimate of the fair value of each of these financial instruments as of each period end is disclosed in the table above. Piedmont uses widely accepted valuation techniques including discounted cash flow analysis based on the contractual terms of its notes receivables and debt, including the period to maturity of each note

receivable and debt facility, and uses observable market-based inputs for similar loan and debt facilities which have transacted recently in the market. Scaling adjustments are made to these inputs to make them applicable to the remaining life of Piedmont's notes receivables and outstanding debt. Consequently, the estimated fair values of the notes receivable and debt as of December 31, 2021 and the estimated fair value of debt as of March 31, 2022 are considered to be based on significant other observable inputs (Level 2). Piedmont has not changed its valuation technique for estimating the fair value of its notes receivable or debt.

Piedmont's interest rate swap agreements presented above, and as further discussed in Note 4, are classified as "Interest rate swap" liabilities in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets and were carried at estimated fair value as of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021. The valuation of these derivative instruments was determined using widely accepted valuation techniques including discounted cash flow analysis based on the contractual terms of the derivatives, including the period to maturity of each instrument, and uses observable market-based inputs, including interest rate curves and implied volatilities. Therefore, the estimated fair values determined are considered to be based on significant other observable inputs (Level 2). In addition, Piedmont considered both its own and the respective counterparties' risk of nonperformance in determining the estimated fair value of its derivative financial instruments by estimating the current and potential future exposure under the derivative financial instruments that both Piedmont and the counterparties were at risk for as of the valuation date. The credit risk of Piedmont and its counterparties was factored into the calculation of the estimated fair value of the interest rate swaps; however, as of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, this credit valuation adjustment did not comprise a material portion of the estimated fair value. Therefore, Piedmont believes that any unobservable inputs used to determine the estimated fair values of its derivative financial instruments are not significant to the fair value measurements in their entirety, and does not consider any of its derivative financial instruments to be Level 3 liabilities.

6. Commitments and Contingencies

Commitments Under Existing Lease Agreements

As a recurring part of its business, Piedmont is typically required under its executed lease agreements to fund tenant improvements, leasing commissions, and building improvements. In addition, certain agreements contain provisions that require Piedmont to issue corporate or property guarantees to provide funding for capital improvements or other financial obligations. As of March 31, 2022, Piedmont had one individually significant unrecorded tenant allowance commitment of approximately \$15.1 million for the approximately 20-year, 520,000 square foot renewal and expansion on behalf of Piedmont's largest tenant, the State of New York at the 60 Broad Street building in New York City. This commitment will be accrued and capitalized as the related expenditures are incurred.

Contingencies Related to Tenant Audits/Disputes

Certain lease agreements include provisions that grant tenants the right to engage independent auditors to audit their annual operating expense reconciliations. Such audits may result in different interpretations of language in the lease agreements from that made by Piedmont, which could result in requests for refunds of previously recognized tenant reimbursement revenues, resulting in financial loss to Piedmont. There were no reductions in rental and reimbursement revenues related to such tenant audits/disputes during the three months ended March 31, 2022 or 2021.

7. Property Dispositions

The following properties were sold during the three months ended March 31, 2022 (in thousands):

Buildings Sold	Location / Reportable Segment	Date of Sale	on Sale of Real tate Assets	Net S	ales Proceeds
Two Pierce Place	Itasca, Illinois / Other	January 25, 2022	\$ 1,741	\$	24,271
225 and 235 Presidential Way	Boston, Massachusetts / Boston	January 28, 2022	\$ 48,932	\$	119,323
Total			\$ 50,673	\$	143,594

The 225 and 235 Presidential Way assets met the criteria to be presented in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet as held for sale assets as of December 31, 2021. Details of such amounts as of December 31, 2021 are as follows (in thousands):

	Dece	mber 31, 2021
Real estate assets held for sale, net:		
Land	\$	7,750
Building and improvements, less accumulated depreciation of \$16,699 as of December 31, 2021		55,110
Construction in progress		1,027
Total real estate assets held for sale, net	\$	63,887
Other assets held for sale, net:		
Straight-line rent receivables	\$	2,966
Deferred lease costs, less accumulated amortization of \$996 as of December 31, 2021		5,427
Total other assets held for sale, net	\$	8,393

Also during the three months ended March 31, 2022, Piedmont received \$118.5 million in proceeds from the payoff of two notes receivable that the Company had received in late 2020 from the buyer of its remaining New Jersey properties. The proceeds were used to pay down the Company's \$500 million line of credit.

8. Stock Based Compensation

The Compensation Committee of Piedmont's Board of Directors has granted deferred stock award units to eligible employees at its discretion based upon the previous year's financial results measured against various board approved performance metrics. Most employee awards vest ratably over three years. In addition, Piedmont's independent directors receive an annual grant of deferred stock award units for services rendered and such awards vest over a one year service period.

Certain management employees' long-term equity incentive program is split equally between the deferred stock award units described above and a multi-year performance share program whereby actual awards are contingent upon Piedmont's total stockholder return ("TSR") performance relative to the TSR of a peer group of office REITs. The target incentives for these certain employees, as well as the peer group to be used for comparative purposes, are predetermined by the board of directors, advised by an outside compensation consultant. None of the shares potentially earned are awarded until the end of the multi-year performance period (or upon termination) and vest upon award and are pro-rated if certain terminations occur before the end of the multi-year period. The grant date fair value of the multi-year performance share awards is estimated using the Monte Carlo valuation method.

A rollforward of Piedmont's equity based award activity for the three months ended March 31, 2022 is as follows:

	Shares	ghted-Average Date Fair Value
Unvested and Potential Stock Awards as of December 31, 2021	1,099,181	\$ 23.97
Deferred Stock Awards Granted	258,288	\$ 16.85
Decrease in Estimated Potential Share Awards based on TSR Performance	(224,220)	\$ 24.59
Performance Stock Awards Vested	(267,744)	\$ 29.43
Deferred Stock Awards Vested	(176,196)	\$ 18.84
Deferred Stock Awards Forfeited	(2,144)	\$ 18.20
Unvested and Potential Stock Awards as of March 31, 2022	687,165	\$ 20.30

The following table provides additional information regarding stock award activity during the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively (in thousands, except per share amounts):

	Three Months Ended			
	 March 31, 2022		March 31, 2021	
Weighted-Average Grant Date Fair Value per share of Deferred Stock Granted During the Period	\$ 16.85	\$	17.15	
Total Grant Date Fair Value of Deferred Stock Vested During the Period	\$ 3,319	\$	2,452	
Share-based Liability Awards Paid During the Period (1)	\$ 5,481	\$	3,610	

⁽¹⁾ Reflects the value of stock earned pursuant to the 2019-21 and 2018-20 Performance Share Plans during the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

A detail of Piedmont's outstanding stock awards and programs as of March 31, 2022 is as follows:

Date of grant	Type of Award	Net Shares Granted ⁽¹⁾	Grant ate Fair Value	Vesting Schedule	Unvested Shares
May 3, 2019	Deferred Stock Award	250,556	\$ 21.04	Of the shares granted, 25% vested on the date of grant, and 25% vested or will vest on May 3, 2020, 2021, and 2022, respectively.	71,693
February 19, 2020	Deferred Stock Award	142,185	\$ 24.41	Of the shares granted, 25% vested on the date of grant, and 25% vested or will vest on February 19, 2021, 2022, and 2023, respectively.	42,513
March 19, 2020	Fiscal Year 2020- 2022 Performance Share Program	_	\$ 25.83	Shares awarded, if any, will vest immediately upon determination of award in 2023.	124,759 ⁽²⁾
February 17, 2021	Deferred Stock Award	239,795	\$ 17.15	Of the shares granted, 25% vested on the date of grant, and 25% vested or will vest on February 17, 2022, 2023, and 2024, respectively.	131,465
February 18, 2021	Fiscal Year 2021- 2023 Performance Share Program	_	\$ 23.04	Shares awarded, if any, will vest immediately upon determination of award in 2024.	88,405 ⁽²⁾
May 11, 2021	Deferred Stock Award-Board of Directors	35,077	\$ 17.96	Of the shares granted, 100% will vest on May 11, 2022.	35,077
February 10, 2022	Deferred Stock Award	232,407	\$ 16.85	Of the shares granted, 25% vested on the date of grant, and 25% vested or will vest on February 10, 2023, 2024, and 2025, respectively.	193,253
February 17, 2022	Fiscal Year 2022- 2024 Performance Share Program	_	\$ 17.77	Shares awarded, if any, will vest immediately upon determination of award in 2025.	(2)
Total					687,165

Amounts reflect the total original grant to employees and independent directors, net of shares surrendered upon vesting to satisfy required minimum tax withholding obligations through March 31, 2022.

During the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, Piedmont recognized approximately \$2.8 million and \$3.3 million, respectively, of compensation expense related to stock awards, of which \$1.7 million and \$2.0 million is related to the amortization of unvested and potential stock awards and fair value adjustment for liability awards. During the three months ended March 31, 2022, 254,167 shares (net of shares surrendered upon vesting to satisfy required minimum tax withholding obligations) were issued to employees and independent directors. As of March 31, 2022, approximately \$11.6 million of unrecognized compensation cost related to unvested and potential stock awards remained, which Piedmont will record in its consolidated statements of income of operations over a weighted-average vesting period of approximately one year.

Estimated based on Piedmont's cumulative TSR for the respective performance period through March 31, 2022. Share estimates are subject to change in future periods based upon Piedmont's relative TSR performance compared to its peer group of office REITs.

9. Supplemental Disclosures for the Statement of Consolidated Cash Flows

Certain non-cash investing and financing activities for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 (in thousands) are outlined below:

		I nree Months Ended			
	T	March 31, 2022		March 31, 2021	
Accrued capital expenditures and deferred lease costs	\$	15,557	\$	19,974	
Change in accrued dividends	\$	(26,048)	\$	(25,683)	
Change in accrued share repurchases as part of an announced plan	\$		\$	(685)	
Accrued deferred financing costs	\$	_	\$	5	

The following table provides a reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash and escrows as presented in the accompanying consolidated statements of cash flows for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, to the consolidated balance sheets for the respective period (in thousands):

	2022	2021
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	\$ 7,419	\$ 7,331
Restricted cash and escrows, beginning of period	1,441	1,883
Total cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash and escrows as presented in the accompanying consolidated statement of cash flows, beginning of period	\$ 8,860	\$ 9,214
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 7,211	\$ 10,689
Restricted cash and escrows, end of period	1,457	1,741
Total cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash and escrows as presented in the accompanying consolidated statement of cash flows, end of period	\$ 8,668	\$ 12,430

Amounts in restricted cash and escrows typically represent: escrow accounts required for future property repairs; escrow accounts for the payment of real estate taxes as required under certain of Piedmont's debt agreements; earnest money deposited by a buyer to secure the purchase of one of Piedmont's properties; or security or utility deposits held for tenants as a condition of their lease agreement.

10. Earnings Per Share

There are no adjustments to "Net income applicable to Piedmont" for the diluted earnings per share computations.

Net income per share-basic is calculated as net income available to common stockholders divided by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Net income per share-diluted is calculated as net income available to common stockholders divided by the diluted weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period, including unvested deferred stock awards. Diluted weighted average number of common shares reflects the potential dilution under the treasury stock method that would occur if the remaining unvested and potential stock awards vested and resulted in additional common shares outstanding. Unvested and potential stock awards which are determined to be anti-dilutive are not included in the calculation of diluted weighted average common shares. For the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, Piedmont calculated and excluded weighted average outstanding anti-dilutive shares of 195,837 and 182,745, respectively.

The following table reconciles the denominator for the basic and diluted earnings per share computations shown on the consolidated statements of income for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively (in thousands):

	Three Mont	ths Ended
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Weighted-average common shares – basic	123,225	123,946
Plus: Incremental weighted-average shares from time-vested deferred and performance stock awards	285	504
Weighted-average common shares – diluted	123,510	124,450

11. Segment Information

Piedmont's President and Chief Executive Officer has been identified as Piedmont's chief operating decision maker ("CODM"), as defined by GAAP. The CODM evaluates Piedmont's portfolio and assesses the ongoing operations and performance of its properties utilizing the following geographic segments: Dallas, Atlanta, Boston, Washington, D.C., Minneapolis, Orlando, and New York. These operating segments are also Piedmont's reportable segments. As of March 31, 2022, Piedmont also owned two properties in Houston that do not meet the definition of an operating or reportable segment as the CODM does not regularly review these properties for purposes of allocating resources or assessing performance. Further, Piedmont does not maintain a significant presence or anticipate further investment in this market. These two properties are the primary contributors to accrual-based net operating income ("NOI") included in "Other" below. During the periods presented, there have been no material inter segment transactions. The accounting policies of the reportable segments are the same as Piedmont's accounting policies.

NOI by geographic segment is the primary performance measure reviewed by Piedmont's CODM to assess operating performance and consists only of revenues and expenses directly related to real estate rental operations. NOI is calculated by deducting property operating costs from lease revenues and other property related income. NOI reflects property acquisitions and dispositions, occupancy levels, rental rate increases or decreases, and the recoverability of operating expenses. Piedmont's calculation of NOI may not be directly comparable to similarly titled measures calculated by other REITs.

Asset value information and capital expenditures by segment are not reported because the CODM does not use these measures to assess performance.

The following table presents accrual-based lease revenue and other property related income included in NOI by geographic reportable segment (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended			
		March 31, 2022		March 31, 2021
Dallas	\$	27,085	\$	27,494
Atlanta		29,268		22,705
Boston		15,365		15,509
Washington, D.C.		15,606		14,313
Minneapolis		15,109		15,265
Orlando		13,906		15,477
New York		13,875		13,188
Total reportable segments		130,214		123,951
Other		5,935		5,306
Total Revenues	\$	136,149	\$	129,257

The following table presents NOI by geographic reportable segment (in thousands):

		Three Months Ended		
	Mar	ch 31, 2022	M	arch 31, 2021
Dallas	\$	16,099	\$	16,877
Atlanta		18,555		14,996
Boston		10,473		10,824
Washington, D.C.		10,047		8,573
Minneapolis		7,914		8,155
Orlando		8,499		10,350
New York		7,757		7,296
Total reportable segments		79,344		77,071
Other		3,037		587
Total NOI	\$	82,381	\$	77,658

A reconciliation of Net income applicable to Piedmont to NOI is presented below (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended		
	March 31, 2022		March 31, 2021
Net income applicable to Piedmont	\$ 59,964	\$	9,344
Management fee revenue (1)	(362)		(390)
Depreciation and amortization	53,767		51,015
General and administrative expenses	7,595		7,251
Interest expense	13,898		12,580
Other income	(1,808)		(2,141)
Gain on sale of real estate assets	(50,673)		_
Net loss applicable to noncontrolling interests	_		(1)
NOI	\$ 82,381	\$	77,658

Presented net of related operating expenses incurred to earn such management fee revenue. Such operating expenses are a component of property operating costs in the accompanying consolidated statements of income.

12. Subsequent Event

Second Quarter Dividend Declaration

On April 27, 2022, the board of directors of Piedmont declared a dividend for the second quarter of 2022 in the amount of \$0.21 per common share outstanding to stockholders of record as of the close of business on May 27, 2022. Such dividend will be paid on June 17, 2022.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the accompanying consolidated financial statements and notes thereto of Piedmont Office Realty Trust, Inc. ("Piedmont," "we," "our," or "us"). See also "Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements" preceding Part I, as well as the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes thereto and Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021.

Given our low-leverage operating model of long-term leases targeted toward creditworthy tenants, the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic has not materially impacted our financial condition, overall liquidity position and outlook, or caused material impairments in our portfolio of operating properties; however, the pandemic-related slowdown of leasing activity, particularly leasing of vacant space to new tenants, during 2020 and the first half of 2021 has moderated earnings growth and negatively impacted our occupancy levels and rental rate growth. The pandemic has had an ongoing impact on a few of our small, primarily retail, tenants. The long-term repercussions on our tenant's operations, future leasing decisions, and the global economy remains unclear.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

We intend to use cash on hand, cash flows generated from the operation of our properties, net proceeds from the disposition of select properties, and borrowings under our \$500 Million Unsecured 2018 Line of Credit as our primary sources of immediate liquidity. We have \$416 million of capacity on our \$500 million line of credit available as of the date of this filing. When necessary, we may seek other new secured or unsecured borrowings from third party lenders or issue securities as additional sources of capital. The nature and timing of these additional sources of capital will be highly dependent on market conditions.

Our most consistent use of capital has historically been, and we believe will continue to be, to fund capital expenditures for our existing portfolio of properties. During the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 we incurred the following types of capital expenditures (in thousands):

		Three Months Ended			
	March 31, 2022 Ma			March 31, 2021	
Capital expenditures for redevelopment/renovations	\$	13,144	\$	11,765	
Other capital expenditures, including building and tenant improvements		19,421		13,994	
Total capital expenditures (1)	\$	32,565	\$	25,759	

Of the total amounts paid, approximately \$1.2 million and \$1.3 million relates to soft costs such as capitalized interest, payroll, and other property operating costs for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

"Capital expenditures for redevelopment/renovations" during both the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 related to building upgrades, primarily to the lobbies and the addition of tenant amenities at our 60 Broad Street building in New York City; our 200 South Orange Avenue building in Orlando, Florida; our Galleria buildings in Atlanta, Georgia; as well as our Dallas Galleria Office Towers in Dallas, Texas.

"Other capital expenditures, including building and tenant improvements" includes all other capital expenditures during the period and is typically comprised of tenant and building improvements necessary to lease, maintain, or provide enhancements to our existing portfolio of office properties.

Given that our operating model sometimes results in leases for large blocks of space to credit-worthy tenants, our leasing success can result in capital outlays that vary significantly from one reporting period to another depending upon the specific leases executed. For leases executed during the three months ended March 31, 2022, we committed to spend approximately \$5.59 per square foot per year of lease term for tenant improvement allowances and lease commissions (net of expired lease commitments) as compared to \$3.40 (net of expired lease commissions (net of expired lease commitments) for the three months ended March 31, 2021. Commitments per square foot per year of lease term for tenant improvement allowances and lease commissions (net of expired lease commitments) for the three months ended March 31, 2021 were unusually low as they reflected the 330,000 square foot, five-year extension of the New York City lease at our 1.0 million square foot asset, 60 Broad Street, which did not include a tenant improvement allowance. As of March 31, 2022, we had one individually significant unrecorded tenant allowance commitment outstanding of approximately \$15.1 million related to the State of New York's lease, also at our 60 Broad Street building.

In addition to the amounts that we have already committed to as a part of executed leases, we also anticipate continuing to incur similar market-based tenant improvement allowances and leasing commissions in conjunction with procuring future leases for our existing portfolio of properties. Both the timing and magnitude of expenditures related to future leasing activity can vary due to a number of factors and are highly dependent on the size of the leased square footage and the competitive market conditions of the particular office market at the time a lease is being negotiated.

There are other uses of capital that may arise as part of our typical operations. Subject to the identification and availability of attractive investment opportunities and our ability to consummate such acquisitions on satisfactory terms, acquiring new assets consistent with our investment strategy could also be a significant use of capital. We may also use capital resources to repurchase additional shares of our common stock under our stock repurchase program when we believe the stock is trading disparately from our peers and at a significant discount to net asset value. As of March 31, 2022, we had approximately \$150.5 million of remaining capacity under the program which may be used for share repurchases through February 2024. Finally, other than our \$500 Million Unsecured 2018 Line of Credit, which has a maturity date of September 2022 but can be extended for up to one additional year, we have no scheduled debt maturities until the second quarter of 2023. We may use capital to repay debt obligations when we deem it prudent to refinance various obligations.

The amount and form of payment (cash or stock issuance) of future dividends to be paid to our stockholders will continue to be largely dependent upon (i) the amount of cash generated from our operating activities; (ii) our expectations of future cash flows; (iii) our determination of near-term cash needs for debt repayments, development projects, and selective acquisitions of new properties; (iv) the timing of significant expenditures for tenant improvements, leasing commissions, building redevelopment projects, and general property capital improvements; (v) long-term dividend payout ratios for comparable companies; (vi) our ability to continue to access additional sources of capital, including potential sales of our properties; and (vii) the amount required to be distributed to maintain our status as a REIT. With the fluctuating nature of cash flows and expenditures, we may periodically borrow funds on a short-term basis to cover timing differences in cash receipts and cash disbursements.

Results of Operations

Overview

Net income applicable to common stockholders for the three months ended March 31, 2022 was \$60.0 million, or \$0.49 per diluted share, as compared to \$9.3 million, or \$0.08 per diluted share, for the three months ended March 31, 2021. The quarter ended March 31, 2022 included a \$50.7 million, or \$0.41 per diluted share, gain on sale of real estate assets almost entirely associated with the sale of 225/235 Presidential Way (see Note 7 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements).

Comparison of the three months ended March 31, 2022 versus the three months ended March 31, 2021

The following table sets forth selected data from our consolidated statements of income for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, as well as each balance as a percentage of total revenues for the same period presented (dollars in millions):

	March 31, 2022	% of Revenues	March 31, 2021	% of Revenues	Variance
Revenue:	 				
Rental and tenant reimbursement revenue	\$ 131.9		\$ 125.9		\$ 6.0
Property management fee revenue	0.7		8.0		(0.1)
Other property related income	3.6		2.6		1.0
Total revenues	 136.2	100 %	129.3	100 %	6.9
Expense:					
Property operating costs	53.6	39 %	51.4	40 %	2.2
Depreciation	31.5	23 %	28.1	22 %	3.4
Amortization	22.3	16 %	22.9	17 %	(0.6)
General and administrative	7.6	6 %	7.3	6 %	0.3
	115.0		109.7		 5.3
Other income (expense):					
Interest expense	(13.9)	10 %	(12.6)	10 %	(1.3)
Other income	2.0	1 %	2.3	2 %	(0.3)
Gain on sale of real estate assets	50.7	37 %		— %	50.7
Net income	\$ 60.0	44 %	\$ 9.3	7 %	\$ 50.7

Revenue

Rental and tenant reimbursement revenue increased approximately \$6.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2022 as compared to the same period in the prior year. The increase was primarily due to accretive capital recycling activity, rental rate increases associated with recent leasing activity across the portfolio, and higher tenant reimbursements as a result of higher recoverable operating expenses as compared to the prior period.

Other property related income increased approximately \$1.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2022 as compared to the same period in the prior year primarily due to higher transient parking utilization at our buildings during the current period, as compared to the prior period, which reflects the negative impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on parking revenue during early 2021. Parking revenue associated with the acquisition of the 999 Peachtree Street building in Atlanta, Georgia during the current period also contributed to the increase.

Expense

Property operating costs increased approximately \$2.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2022 as compared to the same period in the prior year. The variance was primarily due to higher recoverable operating expenses such as janitorial and utilities resulting from higher tenant utilization during the current period, as compared to the prior period, which reflects the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic during the first quarter of 2021.

Depreciation expense increased approximately \$3.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2022 as compared to the same

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period in the prior year. The increase was primarily due to additional building and tenant improvements placed in service subsequent to January 1, 2021.

Amortization expense decreased approximately \$0.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2022 as compared to the same period in the prior year primarily due to certain lease intangible assets at our existing properties becoming fully amortized subsequent to January 1, 2021, partially offset by additional amortization resulting from the acquisition of the 999 Peachtree Street asset in October 2021.

General and administrative expenses increased approximately \$0.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2022 as compared to the same period in the prior year, primarily reflecting increased accruals for potential performance based compensation.

Other Income (Expense)

Interest expense increased approximately \$1.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2022 as compared to the same period in the prior year primarily due to a higher average balance in the current period on the \$500 Million Unsecured 2018 Line of Credit, as well as an increase in interest rates on this floating rate debt.

Gain on sale of real estate assets during the three months ended March 31, 2021 primarily consists of the gain recognized on the sale of the 225 & 235 Presidential Way buildings, which closed in January of 2022.

Issuer and Guarantor Financial Information

Piedmont, through its wholly-owned subsidiary Piedmont Operating Partnership, LP ("Piedmont OP" or the "Issuer"), has issued senior unsecured notes payable of \$350 million that mature in 2023, \$400 million that mature in 2024, and two separate issuances of \$300 million, that mature in 2030 and 2032, respectively, (collectively, the "Notes"). The Notes are senior unsecured obligations of Piedmont OP and rank equally in right of payment with all of Piedmont OP's other existing and future senior unsecured indebtedness and would be effectively subordinated in right of payment to any of Piedmont OP's future mortgage or other secured indebtedness (to the extent of the value of the collateral securing such indebtedness) and to all existing and future indebtedness and other liabilities of Piedmont OP's subsidiaries, whether secured or unsecured.

The Notes are fully and unconditionally guaranteed by Piedmont Office Realty Trust, Inc. (the "Guarantor"), the parent entity that consolidates Piedmont OP and all other subsidiaries. By execution of the guarantee, the Guarantor guarantees to each holder of the Notes that the principal and interest on the Notes will be paid in full when due, whether at the maturity dates of the respective loans, or upon acceleration, upon redemption, or otherwise, and interest on overdue principal and interest on any overdue interest, if any, on the Notes and all other obligations of the Issuer to the holders of the Notes will be promptly paid in full. The Guarantor's guarantee of the Notes is its senior unsecured obligation and ranks equally in right of payment with all of the Guarantor's other existing and future senior unsecured indebtedness and guarantees. The Guarantor's guarantee of the Notes is effectively subordinated in right of payment to any future mortgage or other secured indebtedness or secured guarantees of the Guarantor (to the extent of the value of the collateral securing such indebtedness and guarantees); and all existing and future indebtedness and other liabilities, whether secured or unsecured, of the Guarantor's subsidiaries.

In the event of the bankruptcy, liquidation, reorganization or other winding up of Piedmont OP or the Guarantor, assets that secure any of their respective secured indebtedness and other secured obligations will be available to pay their respective obligations under the Notes or the guarantee, as applicable, and their other respective unsecured indebtedness and other unsecured obligations only after all of their respective indebtedness and other obligations secured by those assets have been repaid in full.

The non-Guarantors are separate and distinct legal entities and have no obligation, contingent or otherwise, to pay any amounts due pursuant to the Notes, or to make any funds available therefore, whether by dividends, loans, distributions or other payments.

Pursuant to Rule 13-01 of Regulation S-X, *Guarantors and Issuers of Guaranteed Securities Registered or Being Registered*, the following tables present summarized financial information for Piedmont OP as Issuer and Piedmont Office Realty Trust, Inc. as Guarantor on a combined basis after elimination of (i) intercompany transactions and balances among the Issuer and the Guarantor and (ii) equity in earnings from and investments in any subsidiary that is a non-Guarantor (in thousands):

Combined Balances of Piedmont OP and Piedmont Office Realty Trust, Inc. as Issuer and Guarantor, respectively		As of March 31, 2022	As of December 31, 2021			
Due from non-guarantor subsidiary	\$	900	\$	900		
Total assets	\$	351,984	\$	352,788		
Total liabilities	\$	1,702,643	\$	1,945,846		
			Fo	or the Three Months Ended March 31, 2022		
Total revenues			\$	12,508		
Net loss			\$	(12,265)		

Net Operating Income by Geographic Segment

Our President and Chief Executive Officer has been identified as our chief operating decision maker ("CODM"), as defined by GAAP. Our CODM evaluates Piedmont's portfolio and assesses the ongoing operations and performance of its properties utilizing the following geographic segments: Dallas, Atlanta, Washington, D.C., Minneapolis, Boston, Orlando, and New York. These operating segments are also our reportable segments. As of March 31, 2022, we also owned two properties in Houston that do not meet the definition of an operating or reportable segment as the CODM does not regularly review these properties for purposes of allocating resources or assessing performance. Further, we do not maintain a significant presence or anticipate further investment in this market. These two properties are the primary contributors to NOI included in "Other" below. See Note 11 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements for additional information and a reconciliation of Net income applicable to Piedmont to accrual-based net operating income ("NOI").

The following table presents NOI by geographic segment (in thousands):

	Three Mo	lonths Ended			
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021			
Dallas	\$ 16,099	\$	16,877		
Atlanta	18,555		14,996		
Boston	10,473		10,824		
Washington, D.C.	10,047		8,573		
Minneapolis	7,914		8,155		
Orlando	8,499		10,350		
New York	 7,757		7,296		
Total reportable segments	79,344		77,071		
Other	3,037		587		
Total NOI	\$ 82,381	\$	77,658		

Comparison of the Three Months Ended March 31, 2022 Versus the Three Months Ended March 31, 2021

Atlanta

NOI increased primarily due to the acquisition of 999 Peachtree Street in October 2021.

Washington, D.C.

NOI increased due to the commencement of certain leases subsequent to the three months ended March 31, 2021, primarily at 400 Virginia Avenue and 3100 Clarendon Boulevard.

Orlando

NOI decreased primarily due to lease termination income recognized during the three months ended March 31, 2021 at 200 South Orange Avenue that did not recur during the three months ended March 31, 2022.

Other

NOI increased primarily due to the expiration in April 2021 of rental and operating expense abatements associated with the Transocean lease at our Enclave Place building in Houston, Texas.

Funds From Operations ("FFO"), Core Funds From Operations ("Core FFO"), and Adjusted Funds From Operations ("AFFO")

Net income calculated in accordance with GAAP is the starting point for calculating FFO, Core FFO, and AFFO. These metrics are non-GAAP financial measures and should not be viewed as an alternative measurement of our operating performance to net income. Management believes that accounting for real estate assets in accordance with GAAP implicitly assumes that the value of real estate assets diminishes predictably over time. Since real estate values have historically risen or fallen with market

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conditions, many industry investors and analysts have considered the presentation of operating results for real estate companies that use historical cost accounting alone to be insufficient. As a result, we believe that the additive use of FFO, Core FFO, and AFFO, together with the required GAAP presentation, provides a more complete understanding of our performance relative to our competitors and a more informed and appropriate basis on which to make decisions involving operating, financing, and investing activities.

We calculate FFO in accordance with the current National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts ("NAREIT") definition. NAREIT currently defines FFO as Net income (calculated in accordance with GAAP), excluding depreciation and amortization related to real estate, gains and losses from the sale of certain real estate assets, gains and losses from change in control, and impairment write-downs of certain real estate assets and investment in entities when the impairment is directly attributable to decreases in the value of depreciable real estate held by the entity. Other REITs may not define FFO in accordance with the NAREIT definition, or may interpret the current NAREIT definition differently than we do; therefore, our computation of FFO may not be comparable to the computation made by other REITs.

We calculate Core FFO by starting with FFO, as defined by NAREIT, and adjusting for gains or losses on the extinguishment of swaps and/or debt and any significant non-recurring or infrequent items. Core FFO is a non-GAAP financial measure and should not be viewed as an alternative to net income calculated in accordance with GAAP as a measurement of our operating performance. We believe that Core FFO is helpful to investors as a supplemental performance measure because it excludes the effects of certain infrequent or non-recurring items which can create significant earnings volatility, but which do not directly relate to our core recurring business operations. As a result, we believe that Core FFO can help facilitate comparisons of operating performance between periods and provides a more meaningful predictor of future earnings potential. Other REITs may not define Core FFO in the same manner as us; therefore, our computation of Core FFO may not be comparable to the computation made by other REITs.

We calculate AFFO by starting with Core FFO and adjusting for non-incremental capital expenditures and non-cash items including: non-real estate depreciation, straight-lined rent and fair value lease adjustments, non-cash components of interest expense and compensation expense. AFFO is a non-GAAP financial measure and should not be viewed as an alternative to net income calculated in accordance with GAAP as a measurement of our operating performance. We believe that AFFO is helpful to investors as a meaningful supplemental comparative performance measure of our ability to make incremental capital investments in new properties or enhancements to existing properties that improve revenue growth potential. Other REITs may not define AFFO in the same manner as us; therefore, our computation of AFFO may not be comparable to the computation of other REITs.

Reconciliations of net income to FFO, Core FFO, and AFFO are presented below (in thousands except per share amounts):

	Three Months Ended							
	March 31, Per Share ⁽¹⁾		March 31, 2021		Per Share ⁽¹⁾			
GAAP net income applicable to common stock	\$	59,964	\$	0.49	\$	9,344	\$	0.08
Depreciation of real estate assets		31,332		0.25		27,812		0.22
Amortization of lease-related costs		22,240		0.18		22,900		0.18
Gain on sale of real estate assets		(50,673)		(0.41)		_		_
NAREIT Funds From Operations and Core Funds From Operations applicable to common stock	\$	62,863	\$	0.51	\$	60,056	\$	0.48
Adjustments:								
Amortization of debt issuance costs, fair market value adjustments on notes payable, and discounts on debt		778				654		
Depreciation of non real estate assets		173				282		
Straight-line effects of lease revenue		(2,577)				(4,103)		
Stock-based compensation adjustments		(552)				1,111		
Amortization of lease-related intangibles		(3,162)				(2,792)		
Non-incremental capital expenditures (2)		(18,947)				(17,347)		
Adjusted Funds From Operations applicable to common stock	\$	38,576			\$	37,861		
Weighted-average shares outstanding – diluted		123,510				124,450		

⁽¹⁾ Based on weighted average shares outstanding – diluted.

Property and Same Store Net Operating Income

Property Net Operating Income ("Property NOI") is a non-GAAP measure which we use to assess our operating results. We calculate Property NOI beginning with Net income (calculated in accordance with GAAP) before interest, income-related federal, state, and local taxes, depreciation and amortization and removing any impairments and gains or losses from sales of property and other significant infrequent items that create volatility within our earnings and make it difficult to determine the earnings generated by our core ongoing business. Furthermore, we remove general and administrative expenses, income associated with property management performed by us for other organizations, and other income or expense items such as interest income from loan investments or costs from the pursuit of non-consummated transactions. For Property NOI (cash basis), the effects of non-cash general reserve for uncollectible accounts, straight-lined rents and fair value lease revenue are also eliminated; while such effects are not adjusted in calculating Property NOI (accrual basis). Property NOI is a non-GAAP financial measure and should not be viewed as an alternative to net income calculated in accordance with GAAP as a measurement of our operating performance. We believe that Property NOI, on either a cash or accrual basis, is helpful to investors as a supplemental comparative performance measure of income generated by our properties alone without our administrative overhead. Other REITs may not define Property NOI in the same manner as we do; therefore, our computation of Property NOI may not be comparable to that of other REITs.

We calculate Same Store Net Operating Income ("Same Store NOI") as Property NOI attributable to the properties (excluding undeveloped land parcels) that were (i) owned by us during the entire span of the current and prior year reporting periods; (ii) that were not being developed or redeveloped during those periods; and (iii) for which no operating expenses were capitalized during those periods. Same Store NOI, on either a cash or accrual basis, is a non-GAAP financial measure and should not be viewed as an alternative to net income calculated in accordance with GAAP as a measurement of our operating performance. We believe that Same Store NOI is helpful to investors as a supplemental comparative performance measure of the income

We define non-incremental capital expenditures as capital expenditures of a recurring nature related to tenant improvements, leasing commissions, and building capital that do not incrementally enhance the underlying assets' income generating capacity. Tenant improvements, leasing commissions, building capital and deferred lease incentives incurred to lease space that was vacant at acquisition, leasing costs for spaces vacant for greater than one year, leasing costs for spaces at newly acquired properties for which in-place leases expire shortly after acquisition, improvements associated with the expansion of a building, and renovations that either enhance the rental rates of a building or change the property's underlying classification, such as from a Class B to a Class A property, are excluded from this measure.

generated from the same group of properties from one period to the next. Other REITs may not define Same Store NOI in the same manner as we do; therefore, our computation of Same Store NOI may not be comparable to that of other REITs.

The following table sets forth a reconciliation of net income calculated in accordance with GAAP to EBITDAre, Core EBITDA, Property NOI, and Same Store NOI, on both a cash and accrual basis, for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 (in thousands):

	Cash Basis				Accrual Basis					
		Three Mon	ee Months Ended			Three Mo	nths Ended			
		March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021			March 31, 2022		March 31, 2021		
Net income applicable to Piedmont (GAAP)	\$	59,964	\$	9,344	\$	59,964	\$	9,344		
Net loss applicable to noncontrolling interest		_		(1)		_		(1)		
Interest expense		13,898		12,580		13,898		12,580		
Depreciation		31,505		28,094		31,505		28,094		
Amortization		22,240		22,900		22,240		22,900		
Depreciation and amortization attributable to noncontrolling interests		22		21		22		21		
Gain on sale of real estate assets		(50,673)		_		(50,673)		_		
EBITDAre ⁽¹⁾ and Core EBITDA ⁽²⁾	\$	76,956	\$	72,938	\$	76,956	\$	72,938		
General & administrative expenses		7,595		7,251		7,595		7,251		
Management fee revenue (3)		(362)		(390)		(362)		(390)		
Other income		(1,808)		(2,141)		(1,808)		(2,141)		
Non-cash general reserve for uncollectible accounts		_		412						
Straight-line effects of lease revenue		(2,577)		(4,103)						
Straight line effects of lease revenue attributable to noncontrolling interests		(1)		1						
Amortization of lease-related intangibles		(3,162)		(2,792)						
Property NOI	\$	76,641	\$	71,176	\$	82,381	\$	77,658		
Net operating (income)/loss from:										
Acquisitions (4)		(2,697)		_		(3,837)		_		
Dispositions (5)		(475)		(1,220)		(547)		(1,502)		
Other investments (6)		189		154		247		211		
Same Store NOI	\$	73,658	\$	70,110	\$	78,244	\$	76,367		
Change period over period in Same Store NOI		5.1 %	_	N/A	_	2.5 %	= =	N/A		
Change period over period in same store IVOI		5.1 %		1 V //A		2.5 %	,	IV/A		

- We calculate EBITDAre in accordance with the current NAREIT definition. NAREIT currently defines EBITDAre as net income (computed in accordance with GAAP) adjusted for gains or losses from sales of property, impairment losses, depreciation on real estate assets, amortization on real estate assets, interest expense and taxes, along with the same adjustments for joint ventures. Some of the adjustments mentioned can vary among owners of identical assets in similar conditions based on historical cost accounting and useful-life estimates. EBITDAre is a non-GAAP financial measure and should not be viewed as an alternative to net income calculated in accordance with GAAP as a measurement of our operating performance. We believe that EBITDAre is helpful to investors as a supplemental performance measure because it provides a metric for understanding our results from ongoing operations without taking into account the effects of non-cash expenses (such as depreciation and amortization) and capitalization and capital structure expenses (such as interest expense and taxes). We also believe that EBITDAre can help facilitate comparisons of operating performance between periods and with other REITs. However, other REITs may not define EBITDAre in accordance with the NAREIT definition, or may interpret the current NAREIT definition differently than us; therefore, our computation of EBITDAre may not be comparable to that of such other REITs.
- We calculate Core EBITDA as net income (computed in accordance with GAAP) before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization and incrementally removing any impairment losses, gains or losses from sales of property and other significant infrequent items that create volatility within our earnings and make it difficult to determine the earnings generated by our core ongoing business. Core EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure and should not be viewed as an alternative to net income calculated in accordance with GAAP as a measurement of our operating performance. We believe that Core EBITDA is helpful to investors as a supplemental performance measure because it provides a metric for understanding the performance of our results from ongoing operations without taking into account the effects of non-cash expenses (such as depreciation and amortization), as well as items that are not part of normal day-to-day operations of our business. Other REITs may not define Core EBITDA in the same manner as us; therefore, our computation of Core EBITDA may not be comparable to that of other REITs.
- Presented net of related operating expenses incurred to earn such management fee revenue.
- (4) Acquisitions consist of 999 Peachtree Street in Atlanta, Georgia, purchased on October 22, 2021, and additional developable land adjacent to our Atlanta Galleria project on November 19, 2021.
- Dispositions consist of Two Pierce Place in Itasca, Illinois, sold on January 25, 2022, and 225 and 235 Presidential Way in Woburn, Massachusetts, sold on January 28, 2022.
- Other investments include active out-of-service redevelopment and development projects, land, and recently completed redevelopment and development projects. The operating results from 222 South Orange Avenue in Orlando, Florida, are included in this line item.

Overview

Our portfolio is a group of properties located within identified growth submarkets in large metropolitan cities concentrated primarily in the Sunbelt. We typically lease space to large, creditworthy corporate or governmental tenants on a long-term basis. As of March 31, 2022, our average lease was approximately 15,000 square feet with approximately six years of lease term remaining. Consequently, leased percentage, as well as rent roll ups and roll downs, which we experience as a result of re-leasing, can fluctuate widely between buildings and between tenants, depending on when a particular lease is scheduled to commence or expire.

Leased Percentage

Our portfolio was 87.0% leased as of March 31, 2022, as compared to 85.5% leased as of December 31, 2021 and scheduled lease expirations for the portfolio as a whole for the remainder of 2022 represent approximately 4.6% of our ALR. As the economy has continued to recover from the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic, leasing activity across our portfolio has improved. To the extent new leases for currently vacant space outweigh or fall short of scheduled expirations, such leases would increase or decrease our overall leased percentage, respectively.

Impact of Downtime, Abatement Periods, and Rental Rate Changes

Commencement of new leases typically occurs 6-18 months after the lease execution date, after refurbishment of the space is completed. The downtime between a lease expiration and the new lease's commencement can negatively impact Property NOI and Same Store NOI comparisons (both accrual and cash basis). In addition, office leases, both new and renewal, often contain upfront rental and/or operating expense abatement periods which delay the cash flow benefits of the lease even after the new lease or renewal has commenced and negatively impact Property NOI and Same Store NOI on a cash basis until such abatements expire. As of March 31, 2022, we had approximately 1,000,000 square feet of executed leases for vacant space yet to commence or under rental abatement.

If we are unable to replace expiring leases with new or renewal leases at rental rates equal to or greater than the expiring rates, rental rate roll downs could occur and negatively impact Property NOI and Same Store NOI comparisons. As mentioned above,

our geographically diverse portfolio and the magnitude of some of our tenant's leased space can result in rent roll ups and roll downs that can fluctuate widely on a building-by-building and a quarter-to-quarter basis. During the three months ended March 31, 2022, we experienced a 12.9% and 4.8% roll up in accrual and cash rents, respectively, on executed leases related to space vacant one year or less.

Same Store NOI increased by 5.1% and 2.5% on a cash and accrual basis, respectively, for the three months ended March 31, 2022. The primary drivers of the increases in both metrics were increased rental rates and the expiration of abatements at certain of our properties. Property NOI and Same Store NOI comparisons for any given period fluctuate as a result of the mix of net leasing activity in individual properties during the respective period.

Election as a REIT

We have elected to be taxed as a REIT under the Code and have operated as such beginning with our taxable year ended December 31, 1998. To qualify as a REIT, we must meet certain organizational and operational requirements, including a requirement to distribute at least 90% of our adjusted REIT taxable income, computed without regard to the dividends-paid deduction and by excluding net capital gains attributable to our stockholders, as defined by the Code. As a REIT, we generally will not be subject to federal income tax on income that we distribute to our stockholders. If we fail to qualify as a REIT in any taxable year, we may be subject to federal income taxes on our taxable income for that year and for the four years following the year during which qualification is lost and/or penalties, unless the IRS grants us relief under certain statutory provisions. Such an event could materially adversely affect our net income and net cash available for distribution to our stockholders. However, we believe that we are organized and operate in such a manner as to qualify for treatment as a REIT and intend to continue to operate in the foreseeable future in such a manner that we will remain qualified as a REIT for federal income tax purposes. We have elected to treat one of our wholly-owned subsidiaries as a taxable REIT subsidiary. This subsidiary performs noncustomary services for tenants of buildings that we own and real estate and non-real estate related-services; however, any earnings related to such services performed by our taxable REIT subsidiary are subject to federal and state income taxes. In addition, for us to continue to qualify as a REIT, our investments in taxable REIT subsidiaries cannot exceed 20% of the value of our total assets.

Inflation

We are exposed to inflation risk, as income from long-term leases is the primary source of our cash flows from operations. There are provisions in the majority of our tenant leases that are intended to protect us from, and mitigate the risk of, the impact of inflation. These provisions include rent steps, reimbursement billings for operating expense pass-through charges, real estate tax, and insurance reimbursements on a per square-foot basis, or in some cases, annual reimbursement of operating expenses above certain per square-foot allowances. However, due to the long-term nature of the leases, may not readjust their reimbursement rates frequently enough to fully cover inflation.

Application of Critical Accounting Estimates

Our accounting policies have been established to conform with GAAP. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to use judgement in the application of accounting policies, including making estimates and assumptions. These judgements affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the dates of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting periods. If our judgement or interpretation of the facts and circumstances relating to various transactions had been different, it is possible that different accounting policies would have been applied, thus, resulting in a different presentation of the financial statements. Additionally, other companies may utilize different estimates that may impact comparability of our results of operations to those of companies in similar businesses. Refer to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021 for a discussion of our critical accounting policies. There have been no material changes to these policies during the three months ended March 31, 2022.

Commitments and Contingencies

We are subject to certain commitments and contingencies with regard to certain transactions. Refer to Note 6 to our consolidated financial statements for further explanation. Examples of such commitments and contingencies include:

- Commitments Under Existing Lease Agreements; and
- Contingencies Related to Tenant Audits/Disputes.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Our future income, cash flows, and estimated fair values of our financial instruments depend in part upon prevailing market interest rates. Market risk is the exposure to loss resulting from changes in interest rates, foreign currency, exchange rates, commodity prices, and equity prices. Our potential for exposure to market risk includes interest rate fluctuations in connection with borrowings under our \$500 Million Unsecured 2018 Line of Credit and the \$250 Million Unsecured 2018 Term Loan. As a result, the primary market risk to which we believe we are exposed is interest rate risk. Many factors, including governmental monetary and tax policies, domestic and international economic and political considerations, and other factors that are beyond our control contribute to interest rate risk, including changes in the method pursuant to which the LIBOR rates are determined. Furthermore, the United Kingdom Financial Conduct Authority, which regulates LIBOR, has announced that USD LIBOR will no longer by published after June 30, 2023. Piedmont has completed an initial evaluation of its credit agreements which reference LIBOR and determined that each of these agreements already contain "fallback" language allowing for the establishment of an alternate rate of interest that gives due consideration to the then prevailing market convention for determining a rate of interest for syndicated loans in the U.S. at that time by Piedmont and the respective agent, as defined in the respective agreements. Piedmont will continue to evaluate its contracts as it approaches the end date for LIBOR.

Our interest rate risk management objectives are to limit the impact of interest rate changes on earnings and cash flow primarily through a low-to-moderate level of overall borrowings, as well as managing the variability in rate fluctuations on our outstanding debt. As such, all of our debt other than the \$500 Million Unsecured 2018 Line of Credit and \$150 million of our \$250 Million Unsecured 2018 Term Loan is currently based on fixed or effectively-fixed interest rates to hedge against volatility in the credit markets. We do not enter into derivative or interest rate transactions for speculative purposes, as such all of our debt and derivative instruments were entered into for other than trading purposes.

The estimated fair value of our debt was approximately \$1.6 billion and \$1.9 billion as of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively. Our interest rate swap agreements in place as of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021 carried a notional amount totaling \$100 million with a weighted-average fixed interest rate (not including the corporate credit spread) of 2.61%.

As of March 31, 2022, our total outstanding debt subject to fixed, or effectively fixed, interest rates totaling approximately \$1.5 billion has an average effective interest rate of approximately 3.51% per annum with expirations ranging from 2023 to 2032. A change in the market interest rate impacts the net financial instrument position of our fixed-rate debt portfolio but has no impact on interest incurred or cash flows for that portfolio.

As of March 31, 2022, we had \$81 million outstanding on our \$500 Million Unsecured 2018 Line of Credit. Our \$500 Million Unsecured 2018 Line of Credit currently has a stated rate of LIBOR plus 0.90% per annum (based on our current corporate credit rating), resulting in a total interest rate of 1.36%. The current stated interest rate spread on \$150 million of the \$250 Million Unsecured 2018 Term Loan that is not effectively fixed through interest rate swaps is LIBOR plus 0.95% (based on our current corporate credit rating), which, as of March 31, 2022, resulted in a total interest rate on \$150 million of the \$250 Million Unsecured 2018 Term Loan of 1.40%. To the extent that we borrow additional funds in the future under the \$500 Million Unsecured 2018 Line of Credit or potential future variable-rate lines of credit, we would have exposure to increases in interest rates, which would potentially increase our cost of debt. Additionally, a 1.0% increase in variable interest rates on our existing outstanding borrowings as of March 31, 2022 would increase interest expense approximately \$2.3 million on a per annum basis.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Management's Conclusions Regarding the Effectiveness of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of management, including the Principal Executive Officer and the Principal Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") as of the end of the quarterly period covered by this report. Based upon that evaluation, the Principal Executive Officer and the Principal Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report in providing a reasonable level of assurance that information we are required to disclose in the reports we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in applicable SEC rules and forms, including providing a reasonable level of assurance that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports we file under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to our management, including the Principal Executive Officer and the Principal Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended March 31, 2022 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We are not subject to any material pending legal proceedings. However, we are subject to routine litigation arising in the ordinary course of owning and operating real estate assets. Our management expects that these ordinary routine legal proceedings will be covered by insurance and does not expect these legal proceedings to have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, results of operations, or liquidity. Additionally, management is not aware of any legal proceedings against Piedmont contemplated by governmental authorities.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

There have been no known material changes from the risk factors previously disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

- (a) There were no unregistered sales of equity securities during the first quarter of 2022.
- (b) Not applicable.
- (c) There were no repurchases of shares of our common stock during the first quarter of 2022. As of March 31, 2022, approximately \$150.5 million remains available under our stock repurchase program to make share repurchases through February 2024, at the discretion of management.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

Not applicable.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

Exhibit <u>Number</u>

Description of Document

- 3.1 Third Articles of Amendment and Restatement of Piedmont Office Realty Trust, Inc. (the "Company") (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009, filed on March 16, 2010).
- 3.2 Articles of Amendment of the Company effective June 30, 2011 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on July 6, 2011).
- 3.3 Articles Supplementary of the Company effective June 30, 2011 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on July 6, 2011).
- 3.4 Articles Supplementary to the Third Articles of Amendment and Restatement of the Company, as supplemented and amended (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on November 14, 2016).
- 3.5 Articles of Amendment to the Third Articles of Amendment and Restatement of the Company, as supplemented and amended (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 23, 2018).
- 3.6 Amended and Restated Bylaws of the Company (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on March 19, 2019).
- 10.1 <u>Form of Employee Deferred Stock Award Agreement for Second Amended and Restated 2007 Omnibus Incentive Plan of the Company effective February 10, 2022</u>
- 10.2 Form of Employee Officer Deferred Stock Award Agreement for Second Amended and Restated 2007 Omnibus Incentive Plan of the Company effective February 10, 2022
- 10.3 Piedmont Office Realty Trust, Inc. Long-Term Incentive Program Award Agreement effective February 17, 2022
- 22.1 Subsidiary Issuer of Guaranteed Securities (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 22.1 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021, filed on February 17, 2022).
- 31.1 Certification of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 31.2 Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 101.INS XBRL Instance Document the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document.
- 101.SCH Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.
- 101.CAL Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.
- 101.DEF Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.
- 101.LAB Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document.
- 101.PRE Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.
 - 104 Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101).

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

PIEDMONT OFFICE REALTY TRUST, INC.

(Registrant)

Dated: April 27, 2022 By: /s/ Robert E. Bowers

Robert E. Bowers Chief Financial Officer and Executive Vice President (Principal Financial Officer and Duly Authorized Officer)

PIEDMONT OFFICE REALTY TRUST, INC. (the "Company") SECOND AMENDED AND RESTATED 2007 OMNIBUS INCENTIVE PLAN DEFERRED STOCK AWARD AGREEMENT

Office Realty Trust, Inc. Second Amended a shall be referred to as "Employee," with resp	"Agreement") evidences a Deferred Stock Award made pursuant to the Piedmont and Restated 2007 Omnibus Incentive Plan (the "Plan") to, who bect to phantom stock units ("Units"), each Unit corresponding to one Realty Trust ("Stock"). This Deferred Stock Award is made effective as of "Award Date."
	PIEDMONT OFFICE REALTY TRUST
	By:
	Date:

TERMS AND CONDITIONS

- **§ 1.** Plan and Deferred Stock Award Agreement. Employee's right to receive any or all of the shares of Stock subject to this Deferred Stock Award is subject to all of the terms and conditions set forth in this Agreement and in the Plan. If a determination is made that any term or condition set forth in this Agreement is inconsistent with the Plan, the Plan shall control. All of the capitalized terms not otherwise defined in this Agreement shall have the same meaning in this Agreement as in the Plan. A copy of the Plan will be made available to Employee upon written request to the Chief Financial Officer of the Company.
- § 2. <u>Stockholder Rights</u>. During the deferral period, Employee shall have no rights as a stockholder with respect to any shares of Stock subject to this Deferred Stock Award. Employee's rights as a stockholder shall only arise when employee's Units have become vested and nonforfeitable under § 3 and such shares of Stock have been transferred on the Company's books and records to Employee.

§ 3. Vesting and Forfeiture.

- (a) General Vesting Rule. Subject to § 3(b), Employee's Units will vest and become nonforfeitable as follows:
 - (1) one-fourth of the Units will vest and become nonforfeitable on the date hereof.
- (2) another one-fourth of the Units will vest and become nonforfeitable on each anniversary of the Award Date thereafter until Employee becomes fully vested in all Units, provided he or she has remained continuously employed by the Company or a Subsidiary from the Award Date through the respective anniversary of the Award Date.

(b) Special Vesting Rules.

- (1) All of Employee's Units automatically will vest and become nonforfeitable if (after he or she has signed this Deferred Stock Award Agreement) (A) Employee incurs a Termination of Service with the Company or a Subsidiary as a result of his or her (i) death, (ii) Permanent Disability (as defined in $\S 3(d)(4)$), (iii) Lay Off (as defined in $\S 3(d)(2)$), (iv)Retirement (as defined in $\S 3(d)(3)$), (v) termination by the Company or a Subsidiary without Cause or (B) there is a Change in Control (as defined in $\S 3(d)(5)$).
- (2) An Employee on an approved leave of absence, as described in Section 16(b) of the Plan, other than due to vacation or jury duty (an "Approved Leave"), will not continue to vest in any Units during or after such Approved Leave, provided, however, that if immediately after the end of such Approved Leave Employee returns to Active Service (as defined in § 3(d)(1) with the Company or its Subsidiaries for a continuous period of at least 90 days (or for at least one day in the case of an Employee on an Approved Leave for military service), such Employee will be vested in such Units in the same amount as such Employee would have been vested if such Employee had never taken such Approved Leave.
- (c) <u>Forfeiture</u>. If Employee incurs a Termination of Service with the Company or a Subsidiary for any reason before his or her interest in all of the Units have become vested and nonforfeitable under this § 3, after including any vesting under the Special Vesting Rules as described in § 3(b), then Employee shall forfeit all Units which have not become so vested and nonforfeitable before the date of such Termination of Service.

(d) Definitions.

- (1) <u>Active Service</u>. The term "Active Service" under § 3(b) means an Employee that is working his or her typical regular schedule at the Company and not on an Approved Leave.
- (2) <u>Lay Off</u>. The term "Lay Off" under § 3(b) means the elimination of Employee's job with the Company or a Subsidiary resulting in a Termination of Service if there is no offer of continued employment at a comparable position.
- (3) <u>Retirement</u>. The term "Retirement" under §3(b) means a Termination of Service with the Company or a Subsidiary after Employee reaches age 62, other than for Cause.
- (4) <u>Permanent Disability</u>. The term "Permanent Disability" under §3(b) means Employee is awarded long-term disability benefits under the Company's long-term disability plan.
- (5) <u>Change in Control</u>. The term "Change in Control" shall have the meaning given to such term in the Plan; *provided, however*, that, if Employee shall attain the age of 62 on or prior to the vesting of any tranche of the Deferred Stock Award pursuant to \S 3(a)(2), with respect to any such tranche, the term "Change in Control" means a "change in control event," as defined in Section 14(c)(i) of the Plan that also qualifies as a "change in control event" as defined in Treas. Reg. Section 1.409A-3(i)(5)(i).
- (e) <u>Termination of Service</u>. Employee shall be treated as incurring a Termination of Service for employment purposes as of the last date Employee is paid his or her normal salary for services actually rendered, exclusive of any period covered by severance.
- § 4. <u>Settlement; Tax Liability</u>. Employee shall have the right (subject to applicable tax withholdings effected in accordance with Section 13 of the Plan) to receive shares of Stock subject to this Deferred Stock Award on the date his or her Units vest and become nonforfeitable under § 3; *provided*, *however*, that, if Employee is age 62 or older, Employee shall have the right to receive shares of Stock subject to this Deferred Stock Award upon the earlier of the applicable vesting date, as set forth in § 3(b), or Employee's Termination of Service other than a Termination of Service for Cause. Employee may (in accordance with Section 13 of the Plan) choose to make payment of the applicable tax withholdings by 1) a cash payment and thereby receive the total number of shares Employee has the right to receive, or 2) a reduction in Stock pursuant to Section 13 (b) of the Plan.

The Company shall cause any shares of Stock which Employee has a right to receive under § 3 (subject to applicable tax withholdings effected in accordance with Section 13 of the Plan) to be transferred to Employee on the Company's books and records and delivered to Employee w i t hi n sixty (60) day s after the date on which he or she has the right to receive such shares, the specific date of such transfer to be determined by the Committee.

During the period Employee is employed by the Company or a Subsidiary, shares received by Employee under this Agreement, as well as any other shares of Company stock owned by Employee, will be subject to certain trading "blackout" periods (which prohibit the sale or purchase of Company shares). Blackout periods can relate to the announcement of Company earnings or any other material, non-public information. Additionally, shares of Company stock held by Employees may be subject to "lock-up" agreements (which will prohibit the sale by Employees of Company stock for specified periods) as part of offerings of new Company shares on a public exchange.

Anything to the contrary notwithstanding, instead of distributing shares of Stock subject to this Deferred Stock Award, Company may, in its sole discretion, elect to make a lump sum cash payment to Employee equal to the number of shares of Stock to which Employee would otherwise be entitled to receive under this Agreement, multiplied by the Fair Market Value of a share of Stock determined on the date Employee's Units vest and become nonforfeitable under § 3. Subject to applicable tax withholdings, such lump sum cash payment will be paid to Employee within sixty (60) days after Employee's Units vest and become nonforfeitable under § 3.

- § 5. <u>Dividend Equivalents</u>. Each Unit granted hereunder is granted in tandem with a corresponding right to receive an amount equal to each cash and stock dividend that is made by the Company in respect of a share of Stock corresponding to such Unit (a "Dividend Equivalent"). Any such amounts shall be accrued, and shall be paid in a single lump sum within sixty (60) days after the date on which Employee has the right to receive such share of Stock, the specific date of such transfer to be determined by the Committee in accordance with § 4. Any such Dividend Equivalent shall terminate upon the forfeiture of, or the payment with respect to such Unit, as applicable. Any Dividend Equivalents will be treated as separate payments from the underlying Units for purposes of Section 409A.
- **§ 6.** <u>Nontransferable</u>. No rights under this Agreement shall be transferable by Employee, except as provided in Section 12 of the Plan.
- § 7. <u>Other Laws</u>. The Company shall have the right to refuse to transfer shares of Stock subject to this Deferred Stock Award to Employee if the Company acting in its absolute discretion determines that the transfer of such shares is (in the opinion of the Company's legal counsel) likely to violate any applicable law or regulation.

- § 8. No Right to Continue Employment or Service. Neither the Plan , this Agreement, nor any related material shall give Employee the right to continue in the employment or other service of the Company or a Subsidiary or shall adversely affect the right which the Company or any Subsidiary has under applicable law to terminate Employee's employment with or without cause at any time.
- **§ 9. Governing Law.** The Plan and this Agreement shall be governed by the laws of the State of Maryland, applied without regard to conflicts of law principles.
- **§ 10.** <u>Binding Effect</u>. This Agreement shall be binding upon the Company and Employee and their respective heirs, executors, administrators and successors.
- § 11. <u>Headings and Sections</u>. The headings contained in this Agreement are for reference purposes only and shall not affect in any way the meaning or interpretation of this Agreement. All references to sections (§) in this Agreement shall be to sections (§) of this Agreement, unless reference to a section of the Plan is specifically made.
- § 12. 409A Compliance. The parties intend that payments under this Agreement comply with or be exempt from Code Section 409A and the Company shall have complete discretion to interpret and construe this Agreement and any associated documents in any manner that establishes an exemption from (or compliance with) the requirements of Code Section 409A. If for any reason, such as imprecision in drafting, any provision of this Agreement does not accurately reflect its intended establishment of an exemption from (or compliance with) Code Section 409A, as demonstrated by consistent interpretations or other evidence of intent, such provision shall be considered ambiguous as to its exemption from (or compliance with) Code Section 409A and shall be interpreted by the Company in a manner consistent with such intent, as determined in the discretion of the Company. A termination of employment or other Termination of Service shall not be deemed to have occurred for purposes of any provision of this Agreement providing for the payment of any amounts or benefits that are considered nonqualified deferred compensation under Code Section 409A upon or following a termination of employment or other Termination of Service unless such termination is also a "separation from service" within the meaning of Code Section 409A, and, for purposes of any such provision of this Agreement, references to a "termination," "termination of employment," "Termination of Service" or like terms shall mean a "separation from service" from the Company. The determination of whether and when a separation from service has occurred for proposes of this Agreement shall be made in accordance with the presumptions set forth in Section 1.409A-1(h) of the Treasury Regulations. Any provision of this Agreement to the contrary notwithstanding, if at the time of Employee's separation from service, the Company determines that Employee is a "specified employee," within the meaning of Code Section 409A, then to the extent any payment that Employee is entitled to under this Agreement on account

of Employee's separation from service would be considered nonqualified deferred compensation under Code Section 409A, such payment shall be paid at the date which is the earlier of (i) six (6) months and one day after Employee's separation from service and (ii) the date of Employee's death (the "Delay Period"). Upon the expiration of the Delay Period, all payments delayed pursuant to this §12 shall be paid to Employee in a lump-sum. The Company makes no representation or warranty and shall have no liability to Employee or any other person if any provisions of this Agreement are determined to constitute deferred compensation subject to Code Section 409A, but do not satisfy an exemption from, or the conditions of, Code Section 409A.

Employee has si	igned this Agreement to ev	vidence his or her acce	ptance of this Deferre	d Stock Award and a	ll of the terms
			1		
and conditions of such A	Award.				

Employee's Signature	_
Date	

PIEDMONT OFFICE REALTY TRUST, INC. (the "Company") SECOND AMENDED AND RESTATED 2007 OMNIBUS INCENTIVE PLAN DEFERRED STOCK AWARD AGREEMENT CORPORATE OFFICER

This Deferred Stock Award Agreement (this "Agreement") evidences a Deferred Stock Award made pursuant to the Piedmont
Office Realty Trust, Inc. Second Amended and Restated 2007 Omnibus Incentive Plan (the "Plan") to, who
shall be referred to as "Employee," with respect to phantom stock units ("Units"), each Unit corresponding to
one share of common stock of Piedmont Office Realty Trust ("Stock"). This Deferred Stock Award is made effective as of
, which shall be referred to as the "Award Date."
PIEDMONT OFFICE REALTY TRUST
By:
·
Date:

TERMS AND CONDITIONS

- **§ 1.** Plan and Deferred Stock Award Agreement. Employee's right to receive any or all of the shares of Stock subject to this Deferred Stock Award is subject to all of the terms and conditions set forth in this Agreement and in the Plan. If a determination is made that any term or condition set forth in this Agreement is inconsistent with the Plan, the Plan shall control. All of the capitalized terms not otherwise defined in this Agreement shall have the same meaning in this Agreement as in the Plan. A copy of the Plan will be made available to Employee upon written request to the Chief Financial Officer of the Company.
- § 2. <u>Stockholder Rights</u>. During the deferral period, Employee shall have no rights as a stockholder with respect to any shares of Stock subject to this Deferred Stock Award. Employee's rights as a stockholder shall only arise when employee's Units have become vested and nonforfeitable under § 3 and such shares of Stock have been transferred on the Company's books and records to Employee.

§ 3. Vesting and Forfeiture.

(a) <u>Holding Period</u>. As a corporate officer, Employee is required to hold any shares of Stock transferred to Employee in accordance with § 4 for a minimum period of one (1) year before the shares can be sold, transferred, pledged, assigned or otherwise disposed of, except in the case of Employee's Termination of Service due to Employee's death, Permanent Disability or Retirement or by Piedmont or a Subsidiary without Cause.

- (b) General Vesting Rule. Subject to § 3(b), Employee's Units will vest and become nonforfeitable as follows:
 - (1) one-fourth of the Units will vest and become nonforfeitable on the date hereof.
- (2) another one-fourth of the Units will vest and become nonforfeitable on each anniversary of the Award Date thereafter until Employee becomes fully vested in all Units, provided he or she has remained continuously employed by the Company or a Subsidiary from the Award Date through the respective anniversary of the Award Date.

(c) Special Vesting Rules.

- (1) All of Employee's Units automatically will vest and become nonforfeitable if (after he or she has signed this Deferred Stock Award Agreement) (A) Employee incurs a Termination of Service with the Company or a Subsidiary as a result of his or her (i) death, (ii) Permanent Disability (as defined in § 3(e)(4)), (iii) Lay Off (as defined in § 3(e)(2)), (iv)Retirement (as defined in § 3(e)(3)), (v) termination by the Company or a Subsidiary without Cause (or (B) there is a Change in Control (as defined in § 3(e)(5)).
- (2) An Employee on an approved leave of absence, as described in Section 16(b) of the Plan, other than due to vacation or jury duty (an "Approved Leave"), will not continue to vest in any Units during or after such Approved Leave, provided, however, that if immediately after the end of such Approved Leave Employee returns to Active Service (as defined in § 3(e)(1) with the Company or its Subsidiaries for a continuous period of at least 90 days (or for at least one day in the case of an Employee on an Approved Leave for military service), such Employee will be vested in such Units in the same amount as such Employee would have been vested if such Employee had never taken such Approved Leave.
- (d) <u>Forfeiture</u>. If Employee incurs a Termination of Service with the Company or a Subsidiary for any reason before his or her interest in all of the Units have become vested and nonforfeitable under this § 3, after including any vesting under the Special Vesting Rules as described in § 3(c), then Employee shall forfeit all Units which have not become so vested and nonforfeitable before the date of such Termination of Service.

(e) Definitions.

(1) <u>Active Service</u>. The term "Active Service" under § 3(c) means an Employee that is working his or her typical regular schedule at the Company and not on an Approved Leave.

- (2) <u>Lay Off</u>. The term "Lay Off" under § 3(c) means the elimination of Employee's job with the Company or a Subsidiary resulting in a Termination of Service if there is no offer of continued employment at a comparable position.
- (3) <u>Retirement</u>. The term "Retirement" under §3(a) and (c) means a Termination of Service with the Company or a Subsidiary after Employee reaches age 62, other than for Cause.
- (4) <u>Permanent Disability</u>. The term "Permanent Disability" under §3(a) and (c) means Employee is awarded long-term disability benefits under the Company's long-term disability plan.
- (5) <u>Change in Control</u>. The term "Change in Control" shall have the meaning given to such term in the Plan; *provided*, *however*, that, if Employee shall attain the age of 62 on or prior to the vesting of any tranche of the Deferred Stock Award pursuant to § 3(b)(2), with respect to any such tranche, the term "Change in Control" means a "change in control event," as defined in Section 14(c)(i) of the Plan that also qualifies as a "change in control event" as defined in Treas. Reg. Section 1.409A-3(i)(5)(i).
- (f) <u>Termination of Service</u>. Employee shall be treated as incurring a Termination of Service for employment purposes as of the last date Employee is paid his or her normal salary for services actually rendered, exclusive of any period covered by severance.
- § 4. <u>Settlement; Tax Liability</u>. Employee shall have the right (subject to applicable tax withholdings effected in accordance with Section 13 of the Plan) to receive shares of Stock subject to this Deferred Stock Award on the date his or her Units vest and become nonforfeitable under § 3; *provided*, *however*, that, if Employee is age 62 or older, Employee shall have the right to receive shares of Stock subject to this Deferred Stock Award upon the earlier of the applicable vesting date, as set forth in § 3(b), or Employee's Termination of Service other than a Termination of Service for Cause. Employee may (in accordance with Section 13 of the Plan) choose to make payment of the applicable tax withholdings by 1) a cash payment and thereby receive the total number of shares Employee has the right to receive, or 2) a reduction in Stock pursuant to Section 13 (b) of the Plan.

The Company shall cause any shares of Stock which Employee has a right to receive under § 3 (subject to applicable tax withholdings effected in accordance with Section 13 of the Plan) to be transferred to Employee on the Company's books and records and delivered to Employee within sixty (60) days after the date on which he or she has the right to receive such shares, the specific date of such transfer to be determined by the Committee.

During the period Employee is employed by the Company or a Subsidiary, shares received by Employee under this Agreement, as well as any other shares of Company stock owned by Employee, will be subject to certain trading "blackout" periods (which prohibit the sale or purchase of Company shares). Blackout periods can relate to the announcement of Company earnings or any other material, non-public information. Additionally, shares of Company stock held by Employees may be subject to "lock-up" agreements (which will prohibit

the sale by Employees of Company stock for specified periods) as part of offerings of new Company shares on a public exchange.

Anything to the contrary notwithstanding, instead of distributing shares of Stock subject to this Deferred Stock Award, Company may, in its sole discretion, elect to make a lump sum cash payment to Employee equal to the number of shares of Stock to which Employee would otherwise be entitled to receive under this Agreement, multiplied by the Fair Market Value of a share of Stock determined on the date Employee's Units vest and become nonforfeitable under § 3. Subject to applicable tax withholdings, such lump sum cash payment will be paid to Employee within sixty (60) days after Employee's Units vest and become nonforfeitable under § 3.

- § 5. <u>Dividend Equivalents</u>. Each Unit granted hereunder is granted in tandem with a corresponding right to receive an amount equal to each cash and stock dividend that is made by the Company in respect of a share of Stock corresponding to such Unit (a "Dividend Equivalent"). Any such amounts shall be accrued, and shall be paid in a single lump sum within sixty (60) days after the date on which Employee has the right to receive such share of Stock, the specific date of such transfer to be determined by the Committee in accordance with § 4. Any such Dividend Equivalent shall terminate upon the forfeiture of, or the payment with respect to such Unit, as applicable. Any Dividend Equivalents will be treated as separate payments from the underlying Units for purposes of Section 409A.
- **§ 6. Nontransferable**. No rights under this Agreement shall be transferable by Employee, except as provided in Section 12 of the Plan.
- § 7. <u>Other Laws</u>. The Company shall have the right to refuse to transfer shares of Stock subject to this Deferred Stock Award to Employee if the Company acting in its absolute discretion determines that the transfer of such shares is (in the opinion of the Company's legal counsel) likely to violate any applicable law or regulation.
- § 8. No Right to Continue Employment or Service. Neither the Plan, this Agreement, nor any related material shall give Employee the right to continue in the employment or other service of the Company or a Subsidiary or shall adversely affect the right which the Company or any Subsidiary has under applicable law to terminate Employee's employment with or without cause at any time.
- **§ 9.** Governing Law. The Plan and this Agreement shall be governed by the laws of the State of Maryland, applied without regard to conflicts of law principles.
- **§ 10. Binding Effect**. This Agreement shall be binding upon the Company and Employee and their respective heirs, executors, administrators and successors.
- § 11. <u>Headings and Sections</u>. The headings contained in this Agreement are for reference purposes only and shall not affect in any way the meaning or interpretation of this Agreement. All references to sections (§) in this Agreement shall be to sections (§) of this Agreement, unless reference to a section of the Plan is specifically made.

§ 12. 409A Compliance. The parties intend that payments under this Agreement comply with or be exempt from Code Section 409A and the Company shall have complete discretion to interpret and construe this Agreement and any associated documents in any manner that establishes an exemption from (or compliance with) the requirements of Code Section 409A. If for any reason, such as imprecision in drafting, any provision of this Agreement does not accurately reflect its intended establishment of an exemption from (or compliance with) Code Section 409A, as demonstrated by consistent interpretations or other evidence of intent, such provision shall be considered ambiguous as to its exemption from (or compliance with) Code Section 409A and shall be interpreted by the Company in a manner consistent with such intent, as determined in the discretion of the Company. A termination of employment or other Termination of Service shall not be deemed to have occurred for purposes of any provision of this Agreement providing for the payment of any amounts or benefits that are considered nonqualified deferred compensation under Code Section 409A upon or following a termination of employment or other Termination of Service unless such termination is also a "separation from service" within the meaning of Code Section 409A, and, for purposes of any such provision of this Agreement, references to a "termination," "termination of employment," "Termination of Service" or like terms shall mean a "separation from service" from the Company. The determination of whether and when a separation from service has occurred for proposes of this Agreement shall be made in accordance with the presumptions set forth in Section 1.409A-1(h) of the Treasury Regulations. Any provision of this Agreement to the contrary notwithstanding, if at the time of Employee's separation from service, the Company determines that Employee is a "specified employee," within the meaning of Code Section 409A, then to the extent any payment that Employee is entitled to under this Agreement on account of Employee's separation from service would be considered nonqualified deferred compensation under Code Section 409A, such payment shall be paid at the date which is the earlier of (i) six (6) months and one day after Employee's separation from service and (ii) the date of Employee's death (the "Delay Period"). Upon the expiration of the Delay Period, all payments delayed pursuant to this § 12 shall be paid to Employee in a lump-sum. The Company makes no representation or warranty and shall have no liability to Employee or any other person if any provisions of this Agreement are determined to constitute deferred compensation subject to Code Section 409A, but do not satisfy an exemption from, or the conditions of, Code Section 409A.

Employee has signed this Agreemend conditions of such Award.	ent to evidence his or her acceptance of this D	eferred Stock Award and all of the terms
	Employee's Signature	_

Date

PIEDMONT OFFICE REALTY TRUST, INC. LONG-TERM INCENTIVE PROGRAM AWARD AGREEMENT

Grant Date:	
«First and Last Name» «Title» «Address» «City», «State» «Zip»	
Dear	_:

Piedmont Office Realty Trust, Inc. ("Piedmont") maintains the Piedmont Office Realty Trust, Inc. Long-Term Incentive Program ("LTIP"), a component of the Piedmont Office Realty Trust, Inc. Second Amended and Restated 2007 Omnibus Incentive Plan (the "Plan"). You have been selected by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors (the "Committee") to receive an award under the LTIP (the "LTIP Award"), equal to **Rounded**» shares of Stock (the "Target Amount"), which may be earned pursuant to Section 1 below. The percentage of your Target Amount that you earn will depend on the performance of Piedmont during the three-year period beginning January 1, 2022 and ending December 31, 2024 (the "Performance Cycle").

Capitalized terms used but not defined in this LTIP Award agreement have the meanings given those terms in the Plan and/or the LTIP. For purposes hereof, references to the LTIP shall be deemed to include the Plan.

1. Determination of LTIP Award Payout.

a. The threshold, target, and maximum Performance Levels applicable to your LTIP Award are based on Piedmont's Total Shareholder Return ("TSR") for the Performance Cycle relative to the TSR of the companies in Piedmont's Peer Group. Following the end of the Performance Cycle, the Committee shall review, and in its sole discretion, determine the extent to which the Performance Levels were in fact satisfied for the Performance Cycle, if at all, and the percentage of your Target Amount payable to you in accordance with the following schedule:

Performance Level		Percentage of Target Amount Payable
Maximum or above	75 th percentile or above	200%
Target	Median	100%
Threshold	25 th percentile	50%
Below Threshold	below 25 th percentile	0%

If the Peer Group Percentile Ranking is between the Threshold and Target Performance Levels or between the Target and Maximum Performance Levels, the percentage of the Target Amount payable shall be determined by linear interpolation. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the Peer Group Percentile Ranking is below the Threshold Performance Level, but the Committee determines that Piedmont's absolute TSR for the Performance Cycle was 10% or greater, then 50% of your Target Amount will be payable to you. In all cases, the shares of Stock payable with respect to the Performance Cycle shall be a whole number, and any fractional shares shall be rounded to the nearest whole number by rounding-down for fractions less than one-half and rounding-up for fractions equal to or greater than one-half. No cash settlements shall be made with respect to fractional shares eliminated by rounding.

1.

b. **Absolute TSR Modifier.** Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in Section 1(a), if (i) Piedmont's absolute TSR for the Performance Cycle is negative, and (ii) the relative Performance Level for the applicable Performance Cycle is determined to be above the Target Performance Level, the Percentage of the Target Amount Payable shall be reduced according to the following schedule:

Absolute TSR for the Performance Cycle	Reduction in Percentage of Target Amount Payable
-0.01%	10%
<= -15.0%	30%

The absolute TSR modifier will reduce payouts on a linear basis between -10% and -30%, but in no event shall the resulting payout be reduced to less than the LTIP Award that is payable at the Target Performance Level.

The adjustment in this Section 1(b) shall not apply if the relative Performance Level for the applicable Performance Cycle is determined to be at or below the Target Performance Level.

- 2. **Holding Period**. As a corporate officer, you are required to hold any shares of Stock transferred to you in accordance with Section 3 for a minimum period of one (1) year before the shares of Stock can be sold, transferred, pledged, assigned or otherwise disposed of, except if you incur a Termination of Service due to your death, Disability or Retirement or by Piedmont or a Subsidiary without Cause (as defined in the LTIP).
- 3. **Settlement of LTIP Awards**. Subject to Section 4 hereof, the percentage (if any) of your Target Amount that is payable with respect to the Performance Cycle shall be paid by Piedmont in the calendar year after the end of such Performance Cycle. Payments hereunder shall be made in shares of Stock, cash, or a combination thereof, in accordance with the LTIP, as determined by the Committee in its sole discretion. You will have no

rights as a stockholder with respect to any shares of Stock under this LTIP Award unless and until shares of Stock are awarded and paid to you.

- 4. Special Vesting on Termination of Service. Except as otherwise provided in this Section 4, you will not be entitled to any portion of the LTIP Award if you incur a Termination of Service before the end of the Performance Cycle. In the event of your Termination of Service during the Performance Cycle due to (a) termination by Piedmont or a Subsidiary without Cause (as defined in the LTIP), (b) termination by you with Good Reason, (c) your Retirement, (d) your death, (e) your involuntary termination by Piedmont or a Subsidiary by reason of your Disability, or (f) the expiration of your employment agreement due to non-renewal by Piedmont, you will be entitled to payment of the pro-rated portion of your LTIP Award for the Performance Cycle based on Piedmont's TSR relative to the TSR of the companies in the Peer Group determined as of the date of your Termination of Service, as adjusted in accordance with Section 1(b) if applicable. The percentage of the total Target Amount earned pursuant to Section 1 will then be multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which equals the number of days during the Performance Cycle that you were actively employed by Piedmont and its Subsidiaries and the denominator of which equals the number of days in the Performance Cycle. The resulting amount shall then be paid by Piedmont 90 days after your Termination of Service occurs and such amount will be subject to the holding period requirement in Section 2 above.
- 5. **Dividend Equivalents.** Your LTIP Award granted hereunder is granted in tandem with a corresponding right to receive an amount equal to each cash and stock dividend that is made by Piedmont in respect of a share of Stock underlying such LTIP Award (a "Dividend Equivalent") that has a record date during the Performance Cycle. Any such amounts shall be accrued and, to the extent the portion of the LTIP Award to which such Dividend Equivalent relates becomes earned and vested, shall be paid in a single lump sum on the same date that such portion is settled in accordance with Section 3 or 4 above. Any such Dividend Equivalent Right shall terminate upon the forfeiture of, or payment with respect to, such LTIP Award, as applicable. Any Dividend Equivalents will be treated as separate payments from the underlying LTIP Awards for purposes of Section 409A.
- 6. 409A Compliance. The parties intend that payments under this LTIP Award agreement comply with or be exempt from Section 409A and Piedmont shall have complete discretion to interpret and construe this LTIP Award agreement and any associated documents in any manner that establishes an exemption from (or compliance with) the requirements of Section 409A. If for any reason, such as imprecision in drafting, any provision of this LTIP Award agreement does not accurately reflect its intended establishment of an exemption from (or compliance with) Section 409A, as demonstrated by consistent interpretations or other evidence of intent, such provision shall be considered ambiguous as to its exemption from (or compliance with) Section 409A and shall be interpreted by Piedmont in a manner consistent with such intent, as determined in the discretion of Piedmont. A Termination of Service shall not be deemed to have occurred for purposes of any provision of this LTIP Award agreement providing for the payment of any amounts or benefits that are considered nonqualified deferred compensation under and subject to Section 409A upon or following a Termination of

Service unless such termination is also a "separation from service" within the meaning of Section 409A from Piedmont, and, for purposes of any such provision of this LTIP Award agreement, references to a "Termination of Service," "termination," "termination of employment" or like terms shall mean a "separation from service." The determination of whether and when a separation from service has occurred for proposes of this LTIP Award agreement shall be made in accordance with the presumptions set forth in Section 1.409A-1(h) of the Treasury Regulations. Any provision of this LTIP Award agreement to the contrary notwithstanding, if at the time of the your separation from service, Piedmont determines that you are a "specified employee," within the meaning of Section 409A, then, to the extent any payment that you are entitled to under this LTIP Award agreement on account of your separation from service would be considered nonqualified deferred compensation under and subject to Section 409A, such payment shall be paid at the date which is the earlier of (i) six (6) months and one day after your separation from service from Piedmont and (ii) the date of your death (the "Delay Period"). Upon the expiration of the Delay Period, all payments delayed pursuant to this Section 6 shall be paid to you in a lump-sum. Piedmont makes no representation or warranty and shall have no liability to you or any other person if any payments under this LTIP Award agreement are determined to constitute deferred compensation subject to Section 409A, but do not satisfy an exemption from, or the conditions of, Section 409A.

- 7. **Forfeiture.** Except for as otherwise provided in Section 4, if you incur a Termination of Service at any time prior to the end of the Performance Cycle voluntarily or upon a termination by Piedmont or a Subsidiary for Cause (as defined in the LTIP), then you will forfeit your right to receive any cash or shares of Stock pursuant to this LTIP Award.
- 8. LTIP and Plan. The percentage of your LTIP Award earned and settlement of your earned LTIP Award (if any) are governed by this LTIP Award agreement and the LTIP. All provisions of your LTIP Award are subject to the terms and conditions set forth in the LTIP and the Plan, which are hereby incorporated into this LTIP Award agreement by this reference. To the extent the terms of this LTIP Award agreement are inconsistent with or modify, amend of supplement any provisions of the LTIP, the terms of the LTIP will have precedence over this LTIP Award agreement.
- 9. **Unfunded Promise**. The LTIP Award constitutes a contingent and unsecured promise of Piedmont and you have only the rights of a general unsecured creditor of Piedmont, including, but not limited to, any rights in respect of settlement of your LTIP Award. You will not be a stockholder with respect to the shares of Stock corresponding to your LTIP Award unless and until your LTIP Award is settled in shares of Stock.
- **10. Nontransferable**. No rights under this LTIP Award agreement shall be transferable by you, except as provided in Section 12 of the Plan.
- **11. Other Laws**. Piedmont shall have the right to refuse to transfer shares of Stock subject to this LTIP Award to you if Piedmont acting in its absolute discretion determines that the transfer of such shares is (in the opinion of the Piedmont's legal counsel) likely to violate any applicable law or regulation.

- **12. No Right to Continue Employment or Service**. Neither the Plan, the LTIP, this LTIP Award agreement, nor any related material shall give you the right to continue in the employment or other service of Piedmont or a Subsidiary or shall adversely affect the right which Piedmont or any Subsidiary has under applicable law to terminate your employment or service with or without cause at any time.
- **13. Governing Law**. This LTIP Award agreement shall be governed by the laws of the State of Maryland, applied without regard to conflicts of law principles.
- **14. Binding Effect.** This LTIP Award agreement shall be binding upon Piedmont and you and your respective heirs, executors, administrators, and successors.
- **15. Headings and Sections**. The headings contained in this LTIP Award agreement are for reference purposes only and shall not affect in any way the meaning or interpretation of this LTIP Award agreement.

If you agree to the foregoing terms a one such executed original copy to Piedmon	and conditions, please execute both copies of this LTIP Award agreement and return nt.
	Sincerely,
	Piedmont Office Realty Trust, Inc.
I hereby accept the LTIP Award dese	By: Name: C. Brent Smith Title: President & CEO Date: cribed in this LTIP Award agreement in accordance with the terms and conditions set
	Signature:
	Name: «First and Last Name»
	Date:

EXHIBIT 31.1 PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, C. Brent Smith, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2022 of Piedmont Office Realty Trust, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Dated: April 27, 2022

By: /s/ C. Brent Smith

C. Brent Smith Principal Executive Officer

EXHIBIT 31.2 PRINCIPAL FINANCIAL OFFICER CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Robert E. Bowers, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2022 of Piedmont Office Realty Trust, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions
 about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such
 evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Dated: April 27, 2022

By: /s/ Robert E. Bowers

Robert E. Bowers Principal Financial Officer

EXHIBIT 32.1 CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER PURSUANT TO

SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002 (18 U.S.C. 1350)

In connection with the Report of Piedmont Office Realty Trust, Inc. (the "Registrant") on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2022, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Report"), the undersigned, C. Brent Smith, Chief Executive Officer of the Registrant, hereby certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, as adopted pursuant to §906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to the best of my knowledge and belief:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Registrant.

By: /s/ C. Brent Smith

C. Brent Smith Chief Executive Officer April 27, 2022

EXHIBIT 32.2 CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO

SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002 (18 U.S.C. 1350)

In connection with the Report of Piedmont Office Realty Trust, Inc. (the "Registrant") on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2022, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Report"), the undersigned, Robert E. Bowers, Chief Financial Officer of the Registrant, hereby certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, as adopted pursuant to §906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to the best of my knowledge and belief:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Registrant.

By: /s/ Robert E. Bowers

Robert E. Bowers Chief Financial Officer April 27, 2022